Information Item

Educational Policy and Programs Committee

Regional Higher Education Enrollment Demand Study

This agenda responds to a concern raised by educators and legislators regarding the adequacy of California's higher education physical capacity in accommodating regional undergraduate demand. No state-level or regional planning agency has attempted previously to develop comprehensive enrollment demand and institutional capacity projections on a statewide regional basis for public colleges and universities. This report demonstrates how statewide strategic planning could be enhanced greatly by a regional higher education enrollment demand model.

Using 11 geographic planning regions, the report provides a preliminary analysis of regional undergraduate demand and physical capacity for the California Community Colleges and the California State University (CSU). The report covers the nine-yeaer period 2000 to 2010 and incorporates the most recent five-year capital outlay plans of the California State University and the California Community Colleges. A similar regional analysis for the University of California will be developed later. Staff also intend to consult with the Association of Independent California Colleges and Universities to determine how the present model could be expanded reliably to assess regional undergraduate demand and physical capacity requirements for California's independent higher education sector.

Presenter: Stacy Wilson.

REGIONAL HIGHER EDUCATION ENROLLMENT DEMAND STUDY



Executive Summary

HIS AGENDA ITEM responds to a concern raised by educators and legislators regarding the adequacy of the State's higher education physical capacity in accommodating regional undergraduate demand. At the present, no other state-level or regional planning agency has attempted to develop comprehensive enrollment demand and institutional capacity projections on a regional basis for public colleges and universities. This report demonstrates how statewide strategic planning could be enhanced greatly by a regional higher education demand model. Also discussed are factors that influence enrollment demand, such as regional demographics, economies, labor markets, local land-use policies, and K-12 schooling.

Using 11 geographic planning regions, this report provides a comprehensive, though preliminary, analysis of regional undergraduate demand and physical capacity for the California Community Colleges and the California State University (CSU). A similar regional analysis for the University of California will be developed over the next several months. The Commission intends to consult with the Association of Independent California Colleges and Universities to determine how the present model could be expanded reliably to assess regional undergraduate demand and physical capacity requirements for California's significant independent higher education sector.

The Commission's 2001 Baseline Forecast reflects modest improvements in regional college-going rates, whereas the Low Alternative Forecast holds all college-going rates constant at Fall 1999 observed levels. The current lecture and laboratory physical capacity of the California State University and the California Community Colleges was converted to Fulltime Equivalent Students (FTES) based on State adopted space and utilization standards. Staff reviewed each system's 2001 Five-Year Capital Outlay Plan to assess the capital construction projects planned over the next six years and the increase in FTES capacity supported by those plans. As revealed by the Baseline analysis in Display 1, substantial capacity deficits are anticipated in all 11 community college regions, which translate to a 315,058 FTES capacity deficit by year 2010. The space deficits result because of the 30-percent increase in undergraduate demand projected over the next 10 years. Even if current communitycollege-going rates were to remain constant, as reflected by the Commission's Low Alternative Forecast contained in Appendix A, fairly substantial capacity deficits would still remain in nine of the 11 regions, which would translate to a capacity deficit of 156,467 FTES.

DISPLAY 1 Community College Enrollment Demand and Capacity Analysis, by Region, 2004-05 and 2010-11, CPEC 2001 Baseline Forecast

| | | Fall 2 | 2004 | Fall 2010 | |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| | FTES Capacity | Projected FTES | FTES Capacity Surplus or | Projected FTES | FTESCapacity Surplus or |
| | Fall 1999 | Demand | Deficit | Demand | Deficit |
| REGION | | | | | |
| Northern California | 29,682 | 36,434 | -6,752 | 40,559 | -10,877 |
| Sacramento Area | 36,198 | 61,193 | -24,995 | 72,622 | -36,424 |
| San Francisco Bay Area | 207,589 | 228,821 | -21,232 | 256,166 | -48,577 |
| North Central Valley | 28,097 | 36,630 | -8,533 | 43,892 | -15,795 |
| South Central Valley | 44,804 | 50,939 | -6,135 | 61,089 | -16,285 |
| Central Coast | 18,397 | 26,921 | -8,524 | 33,037 | -14,640 |
| South Coast | 45,027 | 53,120 | -8,093 | 60,633 | -15,606 |
| Los Angeles County | 246,809 | 233,474 | 13,335 | 284,840 | -38,031 |
| Orange County | 102,280 | 113,448 | -11,168 | 133,557 | -31,277 |
| San Bernardino/Riverside | 57,384 | 75,044 | -17,660 | 95,858 | -38,474 |
| San Diego/Imperial | 80,890 | 111,843 | -30,953 | 129,962 | -49,072 |
| STATE TOTAL | 897,157 | 1,027,867 | -130,710 | 1,212,215 | -315,058 |

Note: FTES Capacity derived by applying State adopted space standards to the assignable square feet of classroom and laboratory space available in each region as of Fall 1999.

FTES Enrollment Projections derived by multiplying the CPEC regional headcount projections by the ratio of average weekly student contact hours (8.8) to the number of hours considered equivalent to one full-time student for budget purposes.

The California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office most recent five-year capital outlay plan, as shown in Display 2, anticipates that about 677,000 assignable square feet (ASF) of lecture space and 2.9 million ASF of laboratory space will be needed by Fall 2006 to accommodate new student demand. Based on the State's space and utilization standards, 677,000 ASF of lecture space would support about 105,160 additional full-time students. The planned 2.9 million ASF of laboratory space would support about 1.1 million additional weekly student contact hours of laboratory instruction, or 75,000 FTES. Even if all the proposed renovation and modernization projects proposed are authorized by the State, the Commission's regional forecast indicates that a 135,000 FTES capacity deficit would still remain by Fall 2010.

DISPLAY 2 Title 5 ASF Space Needs Reported in the Community College Chancellor's Office 2001 Five-Year Capital Outlay Plan

| | Total ASF Needed | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------|--|--|
| Title 5 Category | Current Defi- | ASF to Support | | | |
| | ciency | Enrollment Growth | Total | | |
| Lecture | 191,000 | 486,000 | 677,000 | | |
| Laboratory | 1,464,000 | 1,520,000 | 2,984,000 | | |
| Office | 581,000 | 415,000 | 996,000 | | |
| Library | 1,610,000 | 403,000 | 2,013,000 | | |
| AV/TV | 439,000 | 45,000 | 484,000 | | |
| Other | 2,546,000 | 2,083,000 | 4,629,000 | | |
| TOTAL | 6,831,000 | 4,952,000 | 11,783,000 | | |

For the California State University, capacity deficits are anticipated in 10 of the 11 regions by Fall 2004 if the system's current physical plant is not expanded appreciably. By year 2010, as presented in Display 3, capacity pressures would mount in all 11 regions, reflecting a net -92,117 FTES capacity deficit. The capacity strains are tied to the 37 percent increase in CSU undergraduate demand projected over the next nine years. If regional freshman and community college transfer rates were to remain constant, as depicted in by the Commission's *Low Alternative Forecast*, shown in Appendix B, substantial space deficits would still occur, due mostly to demographic growth.

The State University's 2001 Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan seeks funding to provide for, among many other purposes, an additional 40,628 FTES capacity over the next five years. The plan is very detailed and provides cost estimates for five funding categories: *acquisition*, *preliminary plans*, *working drawings*, *construction*, *and equipment*. Even if the additional capacity is funded, the Commission's analysis indicates that a –51,489 FTES capacity deficit would remain by Fall 2010.

It must be noted that the regional capacity analysis contained in this report is intended to suggest an order of *deficit/surplus* magnitude, as opposed to a definitive indication of future capital outlay needs and requirements. This is because in addition to the demographic and economic determinates of demand, the Commission's regional enrollment demand estimates are also influenced by the enrollment preferences and patterns (i.e., regional place-bound rates) presently exhibited by entering freshmen and transfer students. Such student choices will undoubtedly change somewhat over time as new campus facilities and off-campus centers are made available throughout various regions of the state, and as regional

DISPLAY 3 California State University Enrollment Demand and Capacity Analysis, by Region, 2004-05 and 2010-11, CPEC 2001 Baseline Forecast

| | Fall 2004 | | 2004 | Fall 2010 | |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| | FTES Capacity | Projected FTES | FTES Capacity Surplus or | Projected FTES | FTESCapacity Surplus or |
| | Fall 1999 | Demand | Deficit | Demand | Deficit |
| REGION | | | | | |
| N. 4. C.1'C. ' | 20.026 | 21 204 | -878 | 25,733 | -4,807 |
| Northern California | 20,926 | 21,804 | | - | 1 |
| Sacramento Area | 20,304 | 22,363 | 1 | 27,350 | 1 1 |
| San Francisco Bay Area | 60,594 | 62,417 | -1,823 | 74,929 | -14,335 |
| North Central Valley | 5,832 | 6,471 | -639 | 7,894 | -2,062 |
| South Central Valley | 20,460 | 22,006 | -1,546 | 27,062 | -6,602 |
| Central Coast | 2,449 | 2,506 | -57 | 3,017 | -568 |
| South Coast | 15,527 | 14,675 | 852 | 17,582 | -2,055 |
| Los Angeles County | 85,193 | 88,646 | -3,453 | 106,856 | -21,663 |
| Orange County | 19,711 | 25,428 | -5,717 | 31,350 | -11,639 |
| San Bernardino/Riverside | 10,535 | 12,808 | -2,273 | 16,109 | -5,574 |
| San Diego/Imperial | 28,279 | 36,243 | -7,964 | 44,045 | -15,766 |
| STATE TOTAL | 289,810 | 315,367 | -25,557 | 381,927 | -92,117 |

Note: FTES Capacity derived by applying State adopted space standards to the total assignable square feet of classroom and laboratory space projected to be available in each region.

FTES Enrollment Projections derived by multiplying the CPEC regional headcount projections by the ratio of Fall 2000 undergraduate FTES to Fall 2000 undergraduate headcount.

enrollment management practices are put in practice. Different regional enrollment preferences of students, and different CSU regional policies, will necessarily imply different capacity needs and requirements.

Finally, it must be understood that although each higher education system produces an annual five-year projection of its capital needs, which was used by the Commission in its capacity analyses, those plans often change frequently as the vagaries of funding are taken into account, and as projects get pushed back due to a lack of funding, not to mention other factors that may alter previous conceptions of reality. Aside from the inherent research limitations just referenced, staff believes that the information and analysis provided in this report will assist educational planners and public officials in making reasonably informed assertions about the adequacy of higher education facilities in accommodating regional undergraduate demand for the California Community Colleges and the California State University.

2

A Framework for Modeling Regional Enrollment Demand and Institutional Capacity

Introduction

In Providing for Progress (2000), the Commission arrived at a number of pressing conclusions, including that: (1) the State would need to prepare for approximately 714,000 additional students at its public colleges and universities by year 2010, (2) over 78,000 additional students would likely seek access to one of the 75 degree-granting institutions affiliated with the Association of Independent California Colleges and Universities, (3) without building new public higher education facilities, while also using existing ones more strategically, the State would be unable to accommodate all of the anticipated increases in student demand, and (4) California will need to seek taxpayer approval of general obligation bonds to help finance an estimated annual capital outlay budget of about \$1.5 billion for each of the next 10 years to maintain and expand the State's higher education enterprise to meet enrollment growth.

This regional study covers the nine-year period 2001 to 2010, and it is intended to complement and build on the Commission's statewide forecast of undergraduate demand. The report provides a comprehensive, though preliminary, analysis of regional undergraduate demand and physical capacity for the California Community Colleges and the California State University (CSU), based on eleven geographic planning regions. It was developed in response to a growing concern among educators and legislators to obtain projection data that could be used to assess the adequacy of the State's higher education physical capacity in accommodating the anticipated growth in undergraduate demand on a regional basis.

Both the community colleges and the CSU campuses are engaged in regional planning efforts. However, no state-level or regional planning agency has attempted to develop comprehensive enrollment demand and institutional capacity projections on a statewide regional basis for public colleges and universities. In addition to the information needs of public officials, the study was undertaken for two reasons. First, it is intended to add a degree of clarity to the Commission's statewide forecast by discussing significant regional factors that influence demand. Those factors include California's regional demographics, economies, labor and industrial markets, local land-use policies, and student academic preparation of local K-12 districts.

Second, the regional study can help shed light on what has been described in previous Commission planning reports as the *mismatch problem*.

Mismatches occur, because although the State's space standards may indicate a given capacity level, that capacity may be compromised or over estimated if facilities are not situated optimally with respect to regional demand, or if they are sized or equipped in a manner that renders them less useful than perhaps originally intended. As will be demonstrated in this report, some regional districts have considerable surplus of space, whereas other areas face considerable deficits.

It must be noted that *systemwide* regional planning (i.e., CSU System, Community College System) is not necessarily the same as *statewide* regional planning, although it is imperative that both planning frameworks complement one another. That is, systemwide regional planning tends to be more microscopic and addresses strategic issues pertinent to a particular system, or to a specific locality within a system. Statewide regional planning, however, is necessarily macroscopic in practice and is guided by a keen interest to promote cost-effective institutional arrangements across systems that best maximize student choice and access at the regional level while also furthering broader statewide undergraduate aims and purposes. Such a planning process, naturally, must embrace an open and vibrant consultative forum to ensure that important regional issues and concerns of the California Community Colleges, the State University, the University of California, and the Independent sector are made explicit in statewide planning.

To illustrate, recent CSU systemwide policy guarantees admission at a regional campus to all qualified freshmen and community-college transfer applicants residing in the region. This means that some impacted campuses, such as CSU San Diego and CSU San Luis Obispo, may need to redirect the applications of qualified out-of-region prospective students in order to manage their respective enrollment growth. From a statewide regional perspective, it would be important to alert public officials that the undergraduate demand for those two regional campuses is actually greater than that implied by each campuses' participation rate. It also would be necessary for the Commission to examine carefully the demographic characteristics of both within-region and out-of-region applicants to ensure that the systemwide policy does not adversely impact the State's broad goal of access and ethnic/socioeconomic diversity.

Purpose of the study

In addition to estimating undergraduate demand and institutional capacity, the Commission's regional planning efforts have three broad goals:

- 1. More clearly define the limitations and opportunities of expanding the State's higher education enterprise regionally to accommodate undergraduate demand.
- 2. Address key regional policy issues raised by various educational constituency groups and legislative entities.

3. Compile useful regional demographic, socioeconomic and labor market information that could be used by institutions to support their local regional planning efforts.

Commission staff intends to provide every State University and Community College Institutional Research Office with this preliminary regional report to ensure that the final report, to be submitted in December, will satisfy their information planning needs. The report will include thematic maps to accentuate relationships between regional demographic factors and regional undergraduate demand. Staff will consult with the University of California and the Association of Independent California Colleges and Universities to determine how the present model could be expanded or modified reliably to assess regional undergraduate demand and physical capacity requirements for the University and California's significant independent higher education sector.

Overview of the eleven geographic planning regions

Defining regions for statewide planning purposes is not a clear-cut process. This is because no single regional typology or county clustering schema could possibly address all relevant regional issues and concerns. One could also argue that regions should be formed below the county level in order to account for local commute and transportation patterns, local industrial composition, local demographics, and differences in local K-12 schooling outcomes. Most key educational and economic data, however, are not collected or projected at a more local level than the *county*. This situation necessitates defining educational regions as aggregations of counties, even when county boundaries do not precisely define an educational area. The regional schema adopted in this study is not without justification.

In a very general sense, California is often categorized according to six major topographical areas for various regional planning purposes: Northern California, Sacramento Valley Area, Central San Joaquin Valley, Coastal Areas, Southern California, and the Eastern Sierra Nevada Mountain Areas. In order to develop useful regional enrollment demand projections, the Commission felt that more discrimination by topographical area was needed. As shown by Display 4, the state has been subdivided into eleven rather than six geographic regions. Because the geographic boundaries are the same as those used in the Commission's *Eligibility Study of Public High School Graduates*, it was possible to relate and examine changes in regional college participation to changes in student academic preparation and college eligibility.

Notice that in the southern area, Orange County and Los Angeles County are each defined as self-encompassing regions. For the past 40 years, the U. S. Census Bureau has also treated those two counties as separate metropolitan statistical areas when collecting annual socioeconomic data for its *Current Population Surveys* (CPS). CPS data indicate that the two counties have different socioeconomic compositions. For example, Los Angeles County, the nation's largest metropolitan area, is more ethnically

diverse than Orange County, and it has a much more sizable foreign-born population. With respect to affluence, average personal income in Los Angeles County is about 22 percent lower than it is in Orange County.

The remaining southern California areas have been clustered together to form two additional regions: San Bernardino County, the area that is projected to experience the largest population growth, has been combined with neighboring Riverside county, and San Diego and Imperial counties have been combined to form the other southern region.

California's central valley has been subdivided into three primary regions. The most northern portion of the valley is referred to as the Sacramento Valley Area. It consists of Yolo and Sacramento counties to the west, and Placer and El Dorado counties to the east.

Just below the Sacramento Area is the region referred to as the Northern Central Valley. It includes San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Merced and Madera counties, as well as the Sierra Nevada mountains located to the east in Alpine and Mono counties.

The remainder of the valley area is labeled the Southern Central Valley. It consists of five counties, with Fresno and Inyo counties bordering the northwest and northeast, respectively, and Kings and Kern counties to the west and south, while Tulare county sits in the center of the region. Over the past several decades, college eligibility and participation has been substantially higher in the Sacramento Area Region than it has been throughout the rest of the central valley. Thus, to treat the entire valley as one unifying region would be to mask important differences in socioeconomic makeup and college preparation that presently exists.

The central and southern costal areas have been subdivided into three regions. One area, called the San Francisco Bay Area Region, consists of the traditional nine Bay Area counties that are often treated as a unifying region by various planning agencies, such as the Bay Area Association of Governments (ABAG). In this region, Sonoma, Marin, San Francisco, and San Mateo counties are located on the west side of the San Francisco Bay, while Napa, Solano, Contra Costa, Alameda, and Santa Clara counties border the east side of the bay. Just below this region is the area referred to as the Central Coast. It includes Santa Cruz County to the northwest, Monterey County bordering the west and south, and San Benito County to the east. The remaining costal area is referred to as the South Coast. It includes San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, and Ventura counties.

Finally, the most northern portion of the state is referred to as the Northern Region. It stretches from Del Norte County in the northwest corner of the state, to Modoc County in the northeast corner, and down to Nevada and Mendocino counties in the southeast and southwest corners, respectively. Unlike the rest of the state, the Northern Region is not expected to experience a tidal wave of high school graduates over the next

10 years. In fact, the most recent projections released by the Department of Finance indicate that the number of public high school graduates in this region will actually decline by about 5 percent by year 2010.

DISPLAY 4 Listing of CSU and UC Campuses, Community College Districts, and the 58 California Counties by Region

| Northern California California Campus University College Districts | Counties Grouped | University of | California State | California Community |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Northern California Butte Colusa Del Norte Glenn Humboldt Lake Lassen Mendocino Modoc Nevada Plumas Shasta Sierra Siskiyou Sutter Tehama Trinity Yuba El Dorado Placer Chico State U. Butte-Glenn CCD Redwoods CCD Lassen CCD Mendocino-Lake CCD Mendocino-Lake CCD Sistivo State U. Redwoods CCD Feather River CCD Shasta-Tehama-Trinity CCD Siskiyou Joint CCD Lake Tahoe CCD Sierra Joint CCD | 1 - | - | University | College Districts |
| Butte Colusa Del Norte Glenn Humboldt Lake Lassen Mendocino Modoc Nevada Plumas Shasta Sierra Siskiyou Sutter Tehama Trinity Yuba El Dorado Placer Chico State U. Butte-Glenn CCD Humboldt State U Redwoods CCD Lassen CCD Mendocino-Lake CCD Mendocino-Lake CCD State U. Butte-Glenn CCD Redwoods CCD Sata U Redwoods CCD Sata U Redwoods CCD Sata U Redwoods CCD Sata U Siskiyou Shasta CCD Siskiyou CCD Siskiyou Joint CCD Lake Tahoe CCD Sierra Joint CCD | | | | |
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| Del Norte Glenn Humboldt Lake Lassen Mendocino Modoc Nevada Plumas Shasta Sierra Siskiyou Sutter Tehama Trinity Yuba El Dorado Placer Humboldt State U Redwoods CCD Redwoods CCD Redwoods CCD Mendocino-Lake CCD Mendocino-Lake CCD Mendocino-Lake CCD Sistive CCD Siskiyou Shasta-Tehama-Trinity CCD Siskiyou Joint CCD Lake Tahoe CCD Sierra Joint CCD | | | | |
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| Sacramento Area El Dorado Placer Lake Tahoe CCD Sierra Joint CCD | 1 | | | |
| Sacramento Area El Dorado Placer Lake Tahoe CCD Sierra Joint CCD | 1 454 | | | Yuba CCD |
| El Dorado Placer Lake Tahoe CCD Sierra Joint CCD | Sacramento Area | | | |
| Placer Sierra Joint CCD | | | | |
| Placer Sierra Joint CCD | El Dorado | | | Lake Tahoe CCD |
| | I . | | | Sierra Joint CCD |
| Sacramento CSU, Sacramento Los Rios CCD | | | CSU, Sacramento | Los Rios CCD |
| Yolo UC, Davis | | UC. Davis | , | |
| San Fran. Bay Area | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Alameda UC, Berkeley CSU, Hayward Chabot-Las Positas CCD | Alameda | UC. Berkelev | CSU, Hayward | Chabot-Las Positas CCD |
| Fremont-Newark CCD | | | | Fremont-Newark CCD |
| Peralta CCD | | | | Peralta CCD |
| Contra Costa CCD | Contra Costa | | | Contra Costa CCD |
| Marin CCD | | | | Marin CCD |
| Napa Valley CCD | 1 | | | Napa Valley CCD |
| San Francisco UC, San Francisco San Fran. State U. San Francisco CCD | | UC. San Francisco | San Fran. State U. | 1 |
| San Matea County CCD | 1 | | | San Matea County CCD |
| Santa Clara San Jose State U. Foothill-De Anza CCD | 1 | | San Jose State U. | Foothill-De Anza CCD |
| Gavilan Joint CCD | | | | Gavilan Joint CCD |
| San Jose-Evergreen CCD | | | | San Jose-Evergreen CCD |
| West Valley-Mission CCD | | | | |
| Solano Calif. Mar. Acad. Solano CCD | Solano | | Calif. Mar. Acad. | 1 |
| Sonoma State U. Sonoma CCD | 1 | | Sonoma State U. | Sonoma CCD |

DISPLAY 4 Continued

| Counties Grouped By Region | University of California Campus | California State University | California Community College Districts |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| North. Central Valley | | | |
| Alpine Amador Calaveras Madera Mariposa Merced | UC, Merced | | Merced CCD |
| Mono | oc, wiched | | Wiereed CCD |
| San Joaquin Stanislaus | | CSU, Stanislaus | San Joaquin Delta CCD Yosemite CCD |
| Tuolumne | | | |
| South. Central Valley | | | |
| Fresno | | CSU, Fresno | State Center CCD West Hills CCD |
| Inyo | | | |
| Kern | | CSU, Bakerfield | Kern CCD West Kern CCD Sequoias CCD |
| Kings | | | |
| Tulare | | | |
| Central Coast | | | |
| Monterey | | CSU, Monterey Bay | Hartnell CCD Monterey Peninsula CCD |
| San Benito | | | |
| Santa Cruz | UC, Santa Cruz | | Cabrillo CCD |
| South Coast | | | Caulino CCD |
| | | | |
| San Luis Obispo | | Cal Poly, SLO | San Luis Obispo County CCD |
| Santa Barbara | UC, Santa Bar- bara | | Allan Hancock CCD Santa Barbara County |
| Ventura | | CSU, Channel Islands | CCD Ventura County CCD |

DISPLAY 4 Continued

| Counties Grouped By Region | University of California Cam- pus | California State University | California Community College Districts |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Los Angeles County | | | |
| Los Angeles | UC, Los Angeles | Cal Poly, Pomona CSU, Dominguez Hill CSU, Long Beach CSU, Los Angeles CSU, Northridge | Antelope Valley CCD Cerritos CCD Citrus CCD Compton CCD El Camino CCD Glendale CCD Long Beach CCD Los Angeles CCD Mt. San Antonio CCD Pasadena Area CCD Rio Hondo CCD Santa Clarita CCD Santa Monica CCD |
| Orange County | | | |
| Orange County | UC, Irvine | CSU, Fullerton | Coast CCD North Orange County CCD Rancho Santiago CCD South Orange County CCD |
| San Bern./Riverside | | | |
| Riverside San Bernardino | UC, Riverside | CSU, San Bernardino | Desert CCD Mt. San Jacinto CCD Palo Verde CCD Riverside CCD Barstow CCD Chaffey CCD San Bernardino CCD Victor Valley CCD |
| San Diego/Imperial | | | V |
| Imperial San Diego | UC, San Diego | San Diego State U. CSU, San Marcos | Imperial CCD Grossmont-Cuyamaca CCD Mira Costa CCD Palomar CCD San Diego CCD Southwestern CCD |
| 11 Regions/58 Counties | 10 UC Campues | 23 CSU Campuses | 71 CC Districts |

Methodology for estimating regional physical capacity

Introduction

Questions regarding the amount of physical capacity needed on a regional basis for student learning and instruction were originally thought to be answerable indirectly through State adopted standards. This was because policymakers of the post World War II era argued that enrollment capacity in higher education should be determine by the availability and usage of classrooms and teaching laboratories alone, and therefore, space standards needed to be crafted and adopted. Such thinking was guided by the assumption that virtually all instruction would take place in those facilities, and that other needs of the physical plant, such as space for administration and plant maintenance, would be built as circumstances dictated. The standards, which were last revised during the 1970s, entail certain assumptions about reasonable room size, hourly usage, and occupancy levels for classrooms, teaching laboratories, and faculty offices.

Other types of facility space, termed *non-capacity space*, include facilities such as museums, observatories, cultural centers, hospitals, theatres, student unions, auditoria, dormitories, auto shops, and childcare centers. Because those facilities are quite varied and unique, it would be difficult to apply a common capacity standard. Thus, it is possible that an institution may have adequate classrooms and teaching laboratories, yet be unable to add any additional students due to a lack of support facilities, unless of course, good prior planning has produced a balanced physical plant. Classrooms and teaching laboratories account for about 40 percent of the approximately 39.4 million square feet of total space for California's community colleges, whereas those same two types of facilities occupy a quarter of the approximately 27.8 million assignable square feet of the California State University.

In order to determine the current physical capacity of classrooms and teaching laboratories on a regional basis for the California Community Colleges and the California State University, it was necessary to adopt a standard measure of institutional space and full-time equivalent student (FTES). In *Providing for Progress*, physical capacity was expressed in terms of Weekly Student Contact Hours (WSCH). The expression measures the number of hours students are scheduled for lecture and laboratory courses and is converted easily to FTES. A similar approach was used in the present study. That is, the amount of instructional spaces available at a campus was converted to WSCH and FTES, based on the State standards, and then summed to a regional total.

Display 5 shows the space and utilization standards for lecture class-rooms. With but a few exceptions, the standards call for lecture class-rooms to be in use 53 hours per week, out of a total possible usage of 70 hours (i.e., 8 a.m. to 10 p.m., Monday through Friday), and that each student station average 15 Assignable Square Feet (ASF) and be occupied approximately 66 percent of the time. This translates to 35 weekly station hours per lecture student station (i.e., 53*.66=35). Because the standards provide for 15 ASF per station, this value can be divided by weekly station hours per station (35) to derive a lecture capacity of .429 ASF per

weekly station hour, or alternately, 2.331 WSCH per ASF. Thus, 100 ASF of lecture space, as illustrated by column 6 of Display 4, would yield a lecture capacity of 233.1 Weekly Student Contact Hours. Because a full-time equivalent student is defined as 15 WSCH for undergraduate instruction, dividing 233.1 by 15 WSCH translates to 15.54 FTES generated by 100 ASF of lecture space.

DISPLAY 5 State Adopted Space and Utilization Standards for Lecture Classrooms

| Weekly | Station | Weekly | ASF | WSCH | WSCH | FTES |
|---------|-----------|---------|---------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Room | Occupancy | Station | Per | per | per | Capacity |
| Hours | | Hrs. | Station | <u>ASF</u> | 100 ASF | Per |
| | | | | | | 100 ASF |
| 53 Hrs. | 66% | 35 Hrs. | 15 ASF | 2.331 WSCH | 233.1 WSCH | 15.54 FTES |

For teaching laboratories, the standards call for various levels of ASF per student station, depending on the discipline and the course level (lower and upper division, graduate). For example, the standards provide for 80 ASF per student station for an upper-division Fine Arts course taught at the CSU, whereas 60 ASF per station is the standard for a lower-division Fine Arts course. Display 6 shows all of the discipline-specific State space standards for laboratory instruction at the CSU, and Display 7 shows the same information for the community colleges.

DISPLAY 6 State Space Standards for Instructional Laboratories at the California State University

| | Assignable Square Feet per Station | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Discipline | Lower Division | Upper Division | |
| Agriculture | 60 | 60 | |
| Anthropology | 42.5 | 45 | |
| Architecture | 40 | 65 | |
| Area Studies | 30 | 30 | |
| Art | 65 | 65 | |
| Biological Science | 55 | 60 | |
| Broadcast Communication Art | 30 | 60 | |
| Business Admin. & Econ. | 30 | 30 | |
| Communications | 30 | 30 | |
| Computer Science | 49 | 49 | |
| Education | | 40 | |
| Engineering, Other | 90 | 110 | |
| Fine Arts | 60 | 80 | |
| Foreign Languages | 40 | 40 | |
| Geography | 42.5 | 45 | |
| Health Professions | 40 | 50 | |
| Health Science | | 50.0 | |
| Home Economics | 60 | 60 | |
| Humanities, General | 40 | 40 | |
| Industrial Arts | 68 | 82.7 | |
| Journalism | 60 | 60 | |
| Mathematics | 30 | 30 | |
| Physical Education | 40 | 50 | |
| Physical Science | 60 | 70 | |
| Psychology | 40 | 60 | |
| Public Administration | 30 | 30 | |
| Social Sciences, General | 30 | 30 | |

DISPLAY 7 State Space Standards for Instructional Laboratories at the California Community Colleges

| Discipline | Assignable Squares Feet per Station |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| The state of the s | (Lower Division) |
| Agriculture | 115 |
| Air Conditioning | 130 |
| Architecture | 60 |
| Auto-Body & Fender | 200 |
| Auto-Mechanic | 200 |
| Auto-Technology | 75 |
| Aviation Maintenance | 175 |
| Biological Science | 55 |
| Business and Management | 30 |
| Carpentry | 175 |
| Commercial Services | 50 |
| Communications | 50 |
| Computer and Information Science | 40 |
| Diesel | 200 |
| Dry-Wall | 175 |
| Education | 75 |
| Electricity | 175 |
| , | 75 |
| Engineering Fine and Applied Arts | 60 |
| 1 | 35 |
| Foreign Language | 175 |
| Glazing | 80 |
| Graphic Arts Health Services | 50 |
| | 200 |
| Heavy Equipment | 60 |
| Home Economics | 60 |
| Interdisciplinary | 35 |
| Letters Library Spigner | 35 |
| Library Science Machine Tools | 90 |
| | 175 |
| Masonry Mathematics | 35 |
| Metal Trades | 90 |
| Millwork | 90 |
| | 175 |
| Painting Physical Sciences | 60 |
| Physical Sciences | 175 |
| Plastering Plastics | 130 |
| Plumbing | 175 |
| Psychology | 35 |
| Public Affairs and Service | 50 |
| Refrigeration | 130 |
| | 175 |
| Roofing | 173 |
| Small Engine Repair Social Sciences | 35 |
| l control of the cont | 200 |
| Stationary Engine | 90 |
| Welding | <u> </u> |

Methodology for assessing regional classroom and laboratory capacity of the California Community Colleges

Every year, each community college district submits a comprehensive five-year plan to the Chancellor's Office in Sacramento that contains information about the physical plant of the campuses and off-campus centers located in the district. The Chancellor's Office evaluates, amends, and prioritizes those plans and submits a report to its Board of Governors. The Commission reviewed the Chancellor's Office 2001 Five-Year Capital Outlay Plan to determine how much classroom and laboratory space was available to conduct instructional programs, and to determine future plans for capital construction and the associated costs. The current capacity of the system was estimated by converting all identified assignable square feet of lecture and laboratory space within a district to Weekly Student Contact Hours and FTES, based on the State space standards, and then summing the figures across districts to derive regional capacity as of Fall 1999.

To assess and make informed judgments about the future capacity needs of the system, the Commission's regional enrollment demand projections were converted to FTES, based on a correction factor of .588, and compared against the current regional capacity estimates. The correction factor is based on the assumption that *student unit load* would continue to average 8.8 credit units per semester. Because a full-time equivalent is defined as a unit load of 15 credit units per semester, dividing 8.8 by 15 yields the identified correction value for converting student headcount projections to FTES projections.

Methodology for assessing regional classroom and laboratory capacity of the California State University Various sources were used to assess the future capacity needs of the State University on a regional basis; including, its 2001 five-year capital improvement plan, and data contained in its systemwide Space and Facilities Database. The Facilities Database contains projected capacity numbers through 2006-07. It includes not only FTES, but also additional FTES enrollments from on-site and off-site Other Earned Enrollment categories. The Other Earned enrollment category consists of FTES generated outside of classrooms and laboratories, either on or off campus. Such FTES credits may stem from televised courses, individual study, teacher education field work, or credits generated in self-paced computer laboratories through the use of packaged, interactive computer programs.

The current capacity of the system was estimated by converting all identified assignable square feet of lecture and laboratory space on a campus to Weekly Student Contact Hours and FTES, based on the State space standards, and then summing the figures across campuses to derive regional capacity as of Fall 1999. To assess and make informed judgments about the future capacity needs of the CSU, the Commission's regional enrollment demand projections were converted to FTES based on a correction factor of .83725, and then compared against the current regional capacity estimates. The correction factor represents the ratio of Fall 2000 undergraduate FTES to Fall 2000 undergraduate student headcount.

The Commission's regional enrollment demand model, like its statewide projection model, can be characterized best as a *bottom-up* approach to modeling. With respect to four-year public universities, the bottom-up approach is based on the premise that the majority of undergraduate students that will be enrolled in public institutions in year 2010 in various regions have not yet begun college. Because most University of California undergraduates either graduate or leave permanently within seven years, the University's regional enrollments in year 2010 would consist of all continuing students who are projected to first begin matriculating in year 2003 or later as either first-time freshmen or transfer students. As noted, regional undergraduate demand estimates for the University of California will be developed in the near future.

Methodology for estimating undergraduate regional enrollment demand

Overview of the Commission's model

The Commission's regional enrollment demand model, like its statewide projection model, can be characterized best as a *bottom-up* approach to modeling. With respect to four-year public universities, the bottom-up approach is based on the premise that the majority of undergraduate students that will be enrolled in public institutions in year 2010 in various regions have not yet begun college. Because most University of California undergraduates either graduate or leave permanently within seven years, the University's regional enrollments in year 2010 would consist of all continuing students who are projected to first begin matriculating in year 2003 or later as either first-time freshmen or transfer students. As noted, regional undergraduate demand estimates for the University of California will be developed in the near future.

Because the California State University enrolls significant numbers of part-time students, many of whom are working adults, and because the majority of State University students usually graduate or leave permanently within eight years, its regional enrollments in 2010 will consist mainly of all continuing students who are projected to first begin matriculating in 2002 or later as either first-time freshmen or first-time transfer students. After the CSU first-time freshman and transfer headcounts were projected, the numbers were used in a series of regional life tables to simulate the likely enrollment life span of freshman and transfer students from entry to final departure. The life tables reflect the most current continuation, attrition, and graduation data available.

Estimating CSU first-time freshmen by region As a first step in the regional projection process, it was necessary to derive and examine three specific types of freshman participation rates. One rate, called the *mean regional participation rate*, represents the proportion of public high school graduates from a particular region that enrolled subsequently at any CSU campus as a first-time freshman. Another rate, called the *within-region participation rate*, represents the percentage of first-time freshmen of a particular region that enrolled at a CSU campus located in the same region as their high school. The rate is sometimes referred to as a *place-bound* rate. The place-bound rate, though, does not necessarily mean that students live at home while en-

rolled in college. Rather, it has been used to signify the proportion of entering college students that tend to enroll at a CSU within reasonable proximity of their home.

The third rate tracked by the Commission is referred to as the *out-of-region* participation rate. It represents the proportion of public high school graduates that have historically enrolled at a CSU campus in a region different from their high school location. Once the three types of participation rates were projected, as discussed in Chapter 4, they were applied to the Department of Finances projections of public high school graduates to derive numerical headcounts. It was assumed that students from private California High Schools, out-of-state high schools, and foreign secondary schools, would continue to account for about 16 percent of total CSU first-time freshman. The freshman projections were used in series of regional *life tables* to simulate the likely enrollment life span of CSU freshman from entry to final departure, based on current continuation, graduation, and attritions rates.

Estimating CSU community college transfer by region

To estimate CSU community college transfer demand, staff first examined historical within-region and out-region transfer participation rates by age-group. The within-region rate represents the proportion of community college students of a particular region and age group that transferred to CSU campus in the same region as their community college. The out-region rate represents the proportion of community college students of a particular region and age-group that transferred to a CSU campus in a region different from their community college.

To derive a *Baseline Forecast*, analytic judgments were made concerning the rate of improvement in student transfer that various regions can reasonably expect to experience over the projection period. Those judgments were based in part on recent trends in CSU transfer enrollments and the anticipated effects of outreach programs that have been established in certain regions to improve transfer readiness. Once projected, the transfer rates were applied to the Commission's baseline forecast of regional community college demand to obtain numerical headcount projections of CSU first-time transfer students. As a final step, those numerical projections were used in series of regional *life tables* to simulate the likely enrollment life span of CSU community college transfers from entry to final departure

Estimating community college enrollment demand by region

Because most community college students attend an institution in the same region as their home, it was not necessary to calculate within region and out-region participation rates. Instead, staff analyzed regional community college enrollments by five primary age groups (18-19, 20-24, 25-29, 30-49, 50-59) and derived a mean regional participation rate for each age group. The rate represents the proportion of Californians of a particular region and age group that were enrolled at a community college during a given Fall Semester. To derive the Baseline Forecast, analytic judgments were made concerning the rate of improvement in age-specific

participation that various community college regions could reasonably expect to experience over the projection period. The Low Alternative Forecast held all enrollment rates constant at the Fall 1999 observed levels. Once, the baseline and low alternative rates were derived, they were applied to the Department of Finance's California population projections by county, which were then summed by the Commission to the regional level.

A Preliminary Analysis of Regional Institutional Capacity

The California Community Colleges

The need for capital outlay resources will remain great over the nine years for the California Community College system, as its regional campuses struggle and strain to accommodate an anticipated 30 percent increase in enrollment demand. As shown by Display 8 (same as Display 1 in Executive Summary), substantial capacity deficits are anticipated in all eleven community college regions, which translate to a -315,058 FTES capacity deficit by year 2010. The space deficits result because of the projected 30 percent increase in enrollment demand over the next nine years. Even if current community college-going rates were to remain constant, as reflected by the Commission's *Low Alternative Forecast* contained in Appendix A, a -156,467 FTES capacity deficit would still remain.

DISPLAY 8 Community Colleges Enrollment Demand and Capacity Analysis, by Region, 2004-05 and 2010-11, CPEC 2001 Baseline Forecast

| | Fall 2004 | | 2004 | Fall 2010 | |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| | FTES Capacity | Projected FTES | FTES Capacity Surplus or | Projected FTES | FTESCapacity Surplus or |
| | Fall 1999 | Demand | Deficit | Demand | Deficit |
| REGION | | | | | |
| Northern California | 29,682 | 36,434 | -6,752 | 40,559 | -10,877 |
| Sacramento Area | 36,198 | 61,193 | -24,995 | 72,622 | -36,424 |
| San Francisco Bay Area | 207,589 | 228,821 | -21,232 | 256,166 | -48,577 |
| North Central Valley | 28,097 | 36,630 | -8,533 | 43,892 | -15,795 |
| South Central Valley | 44,804 | 50,939 | -6,135 | 61,089 | -16,285 |
| Central Coast | 18,397 | 26,921 | -8,524 | 33,037 | -14,640 |
| South Coast | 45,027 | 53,120 | -8,093 | 60,633 | -15,606 |
| Los Angeles County | 246,809 | 233,474 | 13,335 | 284,840 | -38,031 |
| Orange County | 102,280 | 113,448 | -11,168 | 133,557 | -31,277 |
| San Bernardino/Riverside | 57,384 | 75,044 | -17,660 | 95,858 | -38,474 |
| San Diego/Imperial | 80,890 | 111,843 | -30,953 | 129,962 | -49,072 |
| STATE TOTAL | 897,157 | 1,027,867 | -130,710 | 1,212,215 | -315,058 |

Note: FTES Capacity derived by applying State adopted space standards to the total square feet of classroom and laboratory space projected to be available in each region.

FTES Enrollment Projections derived by multiplying the CPEC regional headcount projections by the ratio of average weekly student contact hours (8.8) to the number of hours considered equivalent to one full-time student for budget purposes.

Recent legislation, Assembly Bill 1473 (Chapter 606, Statutes of 1999), requires the Governor, as part of the Budget process, to submit an annual five-year capital infrastructure plan. To support the budget process, the legislation requires every state agency to provide the Department of Finance with information related to its capital infrastructure needs and associated costs for a five-year period, beginning fiscal year 2002-03. The California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office most recent five-year capital outlay plan, as shown in Display 9 (same as Display 2 in the Executive Summary), anticipates that about 677,000 assignable square feet (ASF) of lecture space and 2.9 million ASF of laboratory space will be needed by Fall 2006 to accommodate new student enrollment demand.

DISPLAY 9 Title 5 ASF Space Needs Reported in the Community College Chancellor's Office 2001 Five-Year Capital Outlay Plan

| | Total ASF Needed | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------|--|--|
| Title 5 Category | Current Defi- | ASF to Support | | | |
| | ciency | Enrollment Growth | Total | | |
| Lecture | 191,000 | 486,000 | 677,000 | | |
| Laboratory | 1,464,000 | 1,520,000 | 2,984,000 | | |
| Office | 581,000 | 415,000 | 996,000 | | |
| Library | 1,610,000 | 403,000 | 2,013,000 | | |
| AV/TV | 439,000 | 45,000 | 484,000 | | |
| Other | 2,546,000 | 2,083,000 | 4,629,000 | | |
| TOTAL | 6,831,000 | 4,952,000 | 11,783,000 | | |

Based on the State's space and utilization standards, 677,000 ASF of lecture space would support about 105,160 additional full-time students. The planned 2.9 million ASF of laboratory space would support about 1.1 million additional weekly student contact hours of laboratory instruction, or 75,000 FTES. Even if all the proposed renovation and modernization projects proposed are authorized by the State, the Commission's regional forecast indicates that a 135,000 FTES capacity deficit would still remain by Fall 2010.

Although staff did not attempt to derive capacity estimates for community college districts within each region, Display 10 is included here to highlight the troublesome mismatch problem discussed previously in this report. The display represents actual capacity and enrollment data for the 1998-99 academic year. As revealed, some districts have significant excess enrollment capacity, while other districts have tremendous need for additional classroom and laboratory space. To take one of many examples, the San Francisco Bay Area region has excess capacity sufficient for

an additional 475 FTES as of 1998-99. However, when examined in depth within the region, it will be noticed that the Peralta District has a surplus of 6,800, whereas the San Francisco Community College District had a 4,159 FTES capacity deficit. Similarly, the San Mateo District a capacity surplus equivalent to 2,618 FTES, whereas the Foothill-De Anza District (Silicon Valley) appears to have a huge need for space to support an additional 4,484 FTES.

It is certain that, in a system of 106 community colleges that serve a state population of over 35 million, there will always be a degree of mismatch between population density and the availability of learning facilities. There are, however, at least two planning measures that can be taken to lessen the degree of mismatches. Foremost, is the need to prevent so-called *end-runs* in the community college system, wherein some districts may prevail upon their local legislators to circumvent the Community Colleges Chancellor's Office and attempt to secure funding ahead of priority projects. Funding those local projects could very well worsen the mismatch problem. Second, district-wide regional planning teams should be formed and encouraged to work closely with the Commission and the Demographic Research Unit of the Department of Finance to ensure that capital resource planning is based on the most comprehensive set of relevant data available.

DISPLAY 10 California Community College Institutional Capacity, 1998-99 by Region and District

| Dogion | District | Real FTES Capacity, CPEC Stan- dards | | Capacity Surplus or Deficit |
|------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| Region | | 9,437 | 10,960 | -1,523 |
| Northern California | Butte-Glenn CCD | | 969 | 396 |
| | Feather River CCD | 1,365 | 2,621 | |
| | Lassen CCD | 2,139 2,151 | 2,553 | |
| | Mendocino-Lake CCD | 2,131 N/A | 2,333 N/A | N/A |
| , | Redwoods CCD | 1 | | 1 |
| | Shasta-Tehama-Trinity CCD | 6,530 | 6,730 | ı |
| | Siskiyou Joint CCD | 1,885 | 2,050 | 1 . |
| | Yuba CCD | 6,175 | 7,236 | |
| Subtotal | 1 | 29,682 | 33,119 | |
| Sacramento Area | Lake Tahoe CCD | 1,469 | 1,486 | l I |
| | Los Rios CCD | 28,212 | 35,993 | 1 |
| | Sierra Joint CCD | 6,517 | 10,595 | - |
| Subtotal | | 36,198 | | |
| San Fran. Bay Area | Chabot-Las Positas CCD | 13,012 | | 1 |
| | Contra Costa CCD | 23,966 | | 1 1 |
| | Foothill-De Anza CCD | 23,585 | 28,069 | 1 1 |
| | Fremont-Newark CCD | 6,854 | 6,459 | 395 |
| | Gavilan Joint CCD | 3,876 | 3,263 | 613 |
| | Marin CCD | 9,782 | 7,267 | 2,515 |
| | Napa Valley CCD | 5,890 | 4,873 | 1,017 |
| | Peralta CCD | 21,642 | 14,842 | 6,800 |
| | San Francisco CCD | 31,367 | 35,526 | -4,159 |
| | San Jose-Evergreen CCD | 12,595 | 10,988 | 1,607 |
| | San Mateo County CCD | 19,276 | 16,658 | 2,618 |
| | Solano CCD | 7,212 | 6,933 | 279 |
| | Sonoma CCD | 15,840 | 18,123 | -2,283 |
| | West Valley-Mission CCD | 12,692 | 14,648 | -1,956 |
| Subtotal | | 207,589 | 207,114 | 475 |
| North. Central Valley | Merced CCD | 5,954 | | |
| Troinin Commun variety | San Joaquin Delta CCD | 11,719 | | |
| | Yosemite CCD | 10,424 | 1 | |
| South. Central Valley | Kern CCD | 17,807 | <u> </u> | |
| Bouth. Central valley | Sequoias CCD | 5,605 | 1 | |
| | State Center CCD | 18,937 | l . | |
| | West Hills CCD | 2,455 | i · | 1 |
| | West Kern CCD | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Subtotal | West Rein CCD | 21,392 | | |
| Central Coast | Cabrillo CCD | 9,707 | 9,243 | 3 464 |
| | Hartnell CCD | 3,900 | 1 | 1 |
| | Monterey Peninsula CCD | 4,790 | 1 | |
| Subtotal | , , | 18,397 | | |

DISPLAY 10 Continued

| | | Real FTES | | Capacity |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|----------|------------|
| | | Capacity, CPEC | FTES En- | Surplus or |
| Region | District | Standards | rollment | Deficit |
| South Coast | Allan Hancock CCD | 5,407 | 6,758 | -1,351 |
| South Coust | San Luis Obispo County CCD | 6,132 | , | 1 1 |
| | Santa Barbara County CCD | 10,685 | | 1 1 |
| | Ventura County CCD | 22,803 | 23,442 | -639 |
| Subtotal | · | 45,027 | 49,467 | -4,440 |
| Los Angeles County | Antelope Valley CCD | 6,046 | 7,006 | -960 |
| | Cerritos CCD | 14,854 | 13,770 | 1,084 |
| • | Citrus CCD | 9,161 | 8,453 | 708 |
| | Compton CCD | 3,233 | 4,015 | -782 |
| | El Camino CCD | 22,443 | 16,276 | 6,167 |
| | Glendale CCD | 11,035 | 11,815 | -780 |
| | Long Beach CCD | 15,043 | 16,559 | -1,516 |
| | Los Angeles CCD | 90,698 | 70,644 | 20,054 |
| | Mt. San Antonio CCD | 20,342 | 20,344 | -2 |
| | Pasadena Area CCD | 18,542 | 17,534 | 1,008 |
| | Rio Hondo CCD | 11,046 | 8,347 | 2,699 |
| | Santa Clarita CCD | 5,339 | 5,223 | 116 |
| | Santa Monica CCD | 19,027 | 20,134 | -1,107 |
| Subtotal | | 246,809 | 220,120 | 26,689 |
| Orange County | Coast CCD | 35,175 | 27,656 | 7,519 |
| | North Orange County CCD | 30,945 | 25,918 | 5,027 |
| | Rancho Santiago CCD | 19,091 | 25,914 | -6,823 |
| | South Orange County CCD | 17,069 | 20,619 | -3,550 |
| Subtotal | | 102,280 | 100,107 | 7 2,173 |
| San Bern./Riverside | Barstow CCD | 1,025 | 1,595 | 5 -570 |
| | Chaffey CCD | 10,487 | 12,103 | -1,616 |
| | Desert CCD | 6,254 | 6,268 | -14 |
| | Mt. San Jacinto CCD | 4,672 | 5,320 | -648 |
| | Palo Verde CCD | 566 | 622 | 1 |
| | Riverside CCD | 12,526 | 16,320 | -3,800 |
| | San Bernardino CCD | 16,126 | 1 | 1 |
| | Victor Valley CCD | 5,728 | 6,359 | -631 |
| Subtotal | | 57,384 | 61,124 | 4 -3,740 |
| San Diego/Imperial | Grossmont-Cuyamaca CCD | 11,508 | 15,52 | -4,019 |
| | Imperial CCD | 4,611 | 4,62 | 7 -16 |
| | Mira Costa CCD | 6,579 | 6,392 | 2 187 |
| | Palomar CCD | 13,932 | 17,739 | -3,807 |
| | San Diego CCD | 34,177 | 37,59 | 7 -3,420 |
| | Southwestern CCD | 10,083 | 10,99 | -915 |
| Subtotal | | 80,890 | 92,880 | -11,990 |
| Grand Total | | 897,157 | 913,937 | |
| Same Chancellaria Office | - California Community Callagas | | | |

Source: Chancellor's Office, California Community Colleges, February 1999 District Five-Year Plans.

California State University

Capacity deficits in CSU classroom and laboratory facilities are anticipated in 10 of the 11 regions by Fall 2004 if the system's current physical plant is not expanded appreciably, or if CSU planners do not continue to discover creative ways to use existing facilities more strategically. In this latter regard, the system is currently expanding year-around operations and evening, weekend, and short-term intensive courses in an effort to maximize use of instructional classrooms. The system also is working diligently to reach more students through distance education and off-campus instructional sites.

DISPLAY 11 California State University Enrollment Demand and Capacity Analysis, by Region, 2004-05 and 2010-11, CPEC 2001 Baseline Forecast

| | Fall 2004 | | Fall 2010 | | |
|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| | FTES Capacity | Projected FTES | FTES Capacity Surplus or | Projected FTES | FTESCapacity Surplus or |
| · . | Fall 1999 | Demand | Deficit | Demand | Deficit |
| REGION | | | | | |
| Northern California | 20,926 | 21,804 | -878 | 25,733 | -4,807 |
| Sacramento Area | 20,304 | 22,363 | l | 27,350 | |
| San Francisco Bay Area | 60,594 | 62,417 | | - | |
| North Central Valley | 5,832 | 6,471 | | 7,894 | -2,062 |
| South Central Valley | 20,460 | 22,006 | | 27,062 | -6,602 |
| Central Coast | 2,449 | 2,506 | -57 | 3,017 | -568 |
| South Coast | 15,527 | 14,675 | 852 | 17,582 | -2,055 |
| Los Angeles County | 85,193 | 88,646 | -3,453 | 106,856 | -21,663 |
| Orange County | 19,711 | 25,428 | -5,717 | 31,350 | -11,639 |
| San Bernardino/Riverside | 10,535 | 12,808 | -2,273 | 16,109 | -5,574 |
| San Diego/Imperial | 28,279 | 36,243 | -7,964 | 44,045 | -15,766 |
| STATE TOTAL | 289,810 | 315,367 | -25,557 | 381,927 | -92,117 |

Note: FTES Capacity derived by applying State adopted space standards to the total assignable square feet of classroom and laboratory space projected to be available in each region.

FTES Enrollment Projections derived by multiplying the CPEC regional headcount projections by the ratio of Fall 2000 undergraduate FTES to Fall 2000 undergraduate headcount.

By year 2010, as shown in Display 11, capacity pressures are expected to mount in all regions, reflecting a projected net –92,117 FTES capacity deficit. The capacity strains are tied to the projected 37 percent increase in CSU undergraduate demand over the next nine years. If regional freshman and community college transfer rates were to remain constant, as depicted in the Commission's Low Alternative Forecast (Appendix B), substantial space deficits would still occur due to regional demographic growth.

The State University's 2001 Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan seeks State funding through general obligation bonds to provide for, among many other purposes, an additional 40,628 FTES capacity over the next five years. The plan is very detailed and provides cost estimates for five funding categories: acquisition, preliminary plans, working drawings, construction, and equipment. The cost estimates are based on the Engineering News-Record California Building Construction Cost Index. Display 12 reveals that the proposed new capacity, if fully funded and realized, would bring the system's annual space capacity to 330,438 FTES by year 2006. Even with this additional capacity on hand, the Commission's Baseline Forecast indicates that a net -51,489 FTES capacity deficit would remain by 2010.

Display 13 provides a graphical representation of projected FTES demand in relation to the proposed classroom capacity that may be available regionally as of 2005-06. There appear to be four areas of the state that will face exceptional capacity pressures, in that FTES demand is projected to be more than 116 percent of capacity. Those areas are the Orange County Region (142.0%), Sacramento Area Region (127.0), San Diego/ Imperial Region (119.4%), and the Los Angeles County Region (116.5%).

Over the past decade, Orange County has posted one of the highest CSU freshman eligibility and college-going rates, which has contributed to high enrollment demand within the region. Naturally, the region's physical capacity is somewhat restricted because only one state university (CSU Fullerton) is located within its boundaries. The Sacramento Area Region also is served by one state university (CSU Sacramento) is graphically depicted to have a tremendous need for additional capacity. Orange County's capacity problem is not as severe as that facing the Sacramento Area, because the county is situated within the greater Los Ange-Typically, about 36 les Basin that has a number of regional campuses. percent of the Orange County public high school graduates that pursue a CSU campus do so at a CSU campus located in Los Angeles County. Similarly, about 30 percent of the public high school graduates from the San Bernardino-Riverside Region who pursue a CSU education also begin their baccalaureate careers at one of the four Los Angeles County CSU campuses

To address important access and capacity issues, CSU planners often use highway patterns and freeway traffic flow to define geographic regions. At a very microscopic planning level, this makes sense. For example, Orange County high school graduates who live northwest of Interstate 5 will have a less hectic commute if they travel north to attend CSU Long Beach (Los Angeles County), as opposed to traveling east during heavy commute hours to attend Orange County's CSU Fullerton. This example illustrates that the distinction between within-region college participation and out-region college participation can become blurred in some instances when county boundaries are used to form regions. As note previously, educational and economic data are often not collected or projected

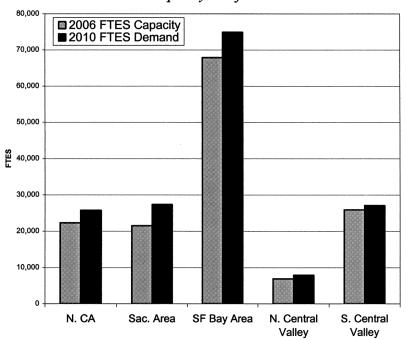
at a more local level than the *county*, which necessitates defining educational regions as aggregations of counties, even when county boundaries do not precisely define an educational area.

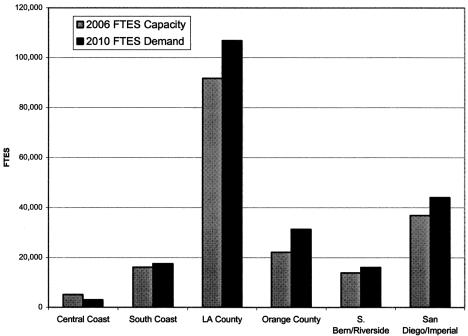
DISPLAY 12 Proposed Increase in Lecture and Laboratory FTES
Capacity Report in the CSU 2001 Capital Improvement
Plan

| Region | CSU Campus | FTES Capacity Added by 2005-06 | Current Capacity + Proposed New Capacity |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| | | | New Capacity |
| Northern CA. | Chico Humboldt | 833 | |
| Region Total | Humboldt | 1376 | 22,302 |
| Sacramento Area | Sacramento | 1224 | 21,528 |
| SF Bay Area Region | Hayward Maritime Acad. San Francisco San Jose Sonoma | 500 237 2002 3,375 1,198 | |
| Region Total | | 7,312 | 67,906 |
| No. Central Valley | Stanislaus | 1,054 | 6,886 |
| South Central Valley | Bakersfield Fresno | 3,769 1,670 | |
| Region Total | Tresho | 5,439 | 25,899 |
| Central Coast | Monterey Bay | 2,690 | 5,139 |
| South Coast Region Total | Channel Island San Luis Obispo | 516 141 657 | 16,184 |
| LA County | Dominguez Hills Long Beach Los Angels Northridge Pomona | 1,725 233 1,121 1,225 2,231 | |
| Region Total | | 6,535 | 91,728 |
| Orange County | Fullerton | 2,375 | 22,086 |
| San Bern./Riverside | San Bernardino | 3,364 | 13,899 |
| San Diego/Imperial | San Diego San Marcos | 795 7,807 | |
| Region Total | | 8,602 | 36,881 |
| Statewide Total | | 40,628 | 330,438 |

Perhaps the ultimate capacity challenge will emerge later in this decade, as several CSU regional campuses edge up ever so close to their Master Plan FTE enrollment ceilings in an era of Tidal Wave II demographic growth and increased college participation. The Commission's analysis indicates that CSU Sacramento and CSU Fullerton will each reach their respective enrollment ceiling within the next three years or so. For certain, increasing physical capacity through year-around operations and distance/distributed learning technological arrangements will be play a prominent role in helping the CSU to meet new student enrollment demand.

DISPLAY 13 CSU Fall 2001 FTES Demand in Comparison to Proposed FTES Capacity as of 2005-06





4

A Preliminary Analysis of Regional Undergraduate Demand

Estimating regional enrollment demand for the California Community Colleges

Introduction

The California Community Colleges system is the largest postsecondary system in the nation that currently serves approximately 1.6 million adults and recent high school graduates. Since shortly after World War II, the community college mission has continued to evolve to meet the State's changing workforce and economic needs. Presently, the system is responsible statutorily for lower-division academic instruction, occupational and vocational education, adult education, remedial and basic education, and community service and avocation programs. In 1996, the California Community College's Board of Governors, and the system's Chancellor's Office, convened a task force to help guide the system in supporting both statewide and regional needs in the 21st century. The task force began work by reviewing several important technical papers prepared by the Chancellor's staff. Those papers included Funding Scenarios and Trends Important to the California Community Colleges, and Stu-Also of concern were several planning recommendations addressed in the CPEC Commission report, The Challenge of the Century (CPEC, 1995).

Among the major findings of the task force was that the community college system undertake immediate and deliberate measures to ensure educational opportunity and access to California residents at rates similar to those recorded during the middle 1970s. It was noted that beginning in the latter half of the 1950s community college participation had increased steadily from approximately 40 students per 1,000 California adults to nearly 88 students per 1,000 adults in 1975. By Fall 1995, however, the peak participation rate of the 70s had plummeted to 57.5 students per 1,000 adults.

The Commission's 1995 enrollment study pointed out that the enrollment declines that occurred during the first half of the 1990s appeared to have resulted from legislative actions undertaken by the system to manage growth in a time of fiscal uncertainty. For example, the nine percent decline in community college enrollments that occurred between Fall 1992 and Fall 1993 coincided with the implementation of Senate Bill 766 (1992). That bill raised community college fees for students with a baccalaureate degree from \$6.00 per unit to \$50.00 per unit, increased fees for non-baccalaureate students from \$6.00 per unit to \$10.00 per unit, and removed the 10-unit limit on courses for which students would be charged. Subsequent legislative action in 1993 raised the enrollment fee for students without a bachelor's degree from \$10 per unit to \$13 per unit.

With the sunset of Senate Bill 766 in 1996, and a return of student fees to \$12 per unit, community college enrollments have been on the upswing again. Between Fall 1996 and Fall 2000, systemwide enrollments increased 190,719 students. This translates to a hefty 13.6 percent increase, or an average annual compounded change of 3.3 percent. Barring another severe economic recession and downturn in the State's treasury, the Commission expects community college participation rates to continue to improve, especially in those regions that historically have had lower than average participation.

Regional demand estimates for the California Community Colleges Display 14 shows Fall 1999 participation rates by region and age-group. The rates represent the percentage of residents of a particular age-group and region who were enrolled in a community college for Fall 1999. Notice that among the 20-24 age category, the geographic areas with the highest rates were Orange County, the South Coast Region, and the San Francisco Bay Area Region, while the two central valley regions and the San Bernardino-Riverside region had the lowest percentage of adults participating in the community colleges. Among the 25-29 age category, geographic areas with the highest participation rates were the regions just mentioned plus the Sacramento Region, while again, rates for the two central valley regions and the San Bernardino-Riverside Region are clustered at the bottom. For the 30-49 age-group, the Los Angeles County Region ranks at the lower end. If the observed Fall 1999 regional rates remained constant over the projection, as shown by the Commission's Low Alternative Forecast presented in Display 15, community college demand would increase by 20.8 percent, or by an additional 329,563 students.

DISPLAY 14 Community College Participation Rates by Region and Age-Group, Fall 1999

| Region | 18-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-49 | 50+ |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------|-------|
| | Age-group | Age-group | Age-group | Age- | Age- |
| | | | | group | group |
| Northern California | 39.0 | 15.0 | 7.2 | 4.6 | 5.3 |
| Sacramento Valley | 37.5 | 17.6 | 9.6 | 5.0 | 3.9 |
| Area | 38.1 | 19.5 | 9.9 | 4.6 | 6.8 |
| San Francisco Bay | 30.2 | 11.8 | 5.3 | 3.2 | 3.6 |
| Area | 30.8 | 13.2 | 6.1 | 3.7 | 2.7 |
| Northern Central Val- | 35.1 | 16.6 | 9.2 | 5.5 | 8.1 |
| ley | 41.3 | 20.6 | 8.5 | 5.0 | 7.4 |
| Southern Central Val- | 36.1 | 17.2 | 7.0 | 3.0 | 2.8 |
| ley | 48.7 | 27.9 | 11.6 | 5.2 | 9.0 |
| Central Coast | 27.9 | 12.3 | 5.6 | 3.1 | 2.2 |
| South Coast | 33.8 | 17.0 | 8.1 | 5.1 | 9.4 |
| Los Angeles County | | | | | |
| Orange County | | | | | |
| San Bernar- | | | | | |
| dino/Riverside | | | | | |
| San Diego Imperial | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

It is interesting to note that the three regions with below average community college participation—the North Central Valley, the South Central Valley, and the San Bernardino-Riverside Region—are expected to have the largest increase in enrollment demand, due to significant demographic growth projected for those areas. As revealed by Appendix C, the number of residents of age 15 to 59 residing in the San Bernardino-Riverside Region is expected to increase by 39 percent between 1998 and 2010. Comparable figures for the North Central Valley and the South Central Valley are 33 percent and 28 percent, respectively.

In deriving the *Baseline Forecast*, analytic judgments were made concerning the rate of improvement in age-specific participation that various community college regions could reasonably expect to experience over the projection period. For the urban and suburban regions, factors that are presumed to fuel continued increases in community college participation include: 1) a favorable California labor market for jobs in which the community colleges are a major provider of training and preparation; (2) a continuing shift in the State's economy from industrial jobs to service-oriented jobs that will require educational experience beyond high school; (3) the community college's expanded role in remedial education; and (4) strategic planning initiatives that are intended to improve student access, transfer readiness, certificate and licensure completion rates, basic skills acquisition, and welfare to work transition.

The Commission's *Baseline Forecast*, presented in Display 16, indicates that enrollment demand will increase by 30 percent, which translates to 474,227 students by year 2010. Based on the *Low Alternative Forecast*, approximately 73 percent of the community college enrollment demand would be expected to result from regional demographic growth alone, while the remainder would result from the collective effects of the factors noted above. In some regions, though, demographic growth is projected to represent a higher proportion of enrollment demand, whereas in other regions it is projected to represent less. More specifically, for Orange County, the South Coast, and the San Francisco Bay Area, approximately 80 percent of the increase in community college demand is expected to result from demographic growth. This is because participation rates for those regions are already well above the statewide mean.

Further improvements in age-specific rates for those three regions were capped, so that the increase in demand resulting from such improvements did not account for more than 20 percent of the overall respective regional growth. This was done even though the past seven-year upward tends in community college participation for those regions implied higher demand than indicated by the Commission's *Baseline Forecast*.

Demographic growth also is projected to account for about 80 percent of the increase in enrollment demand for the San Diego-Imperial Region, but for a different reason. Over the past seven years, age-specific participation rates for the region have increased just slightly. When the calculated age-specific trend lines were extended over the projection period, the net result was less substantial growth effect attributable to increased participation.

Over the past seven years, age-specific participation rates increased appreciably in the Central Coast Region, the Sacramento Region, and the Los Angles County Region. However, the increases were more pronounced during the middle 1990s, as California began its economic recovery, than they were towards the end of the decade, when the State's economy had fully recovered. Thus, in computing age-specific trend lines to extend forward for those regions, the Commission weighted the latter growth years more heavily. This was done because the changes in participation that occurred during the latter period provide a better indication of the average annual improvement in participation that might be expected when regional economies are more stable.

For the remaining regions, observed declines in age-specific participation rates were gradually returned to their peak levels observed between 1993 and 1999. The peak level was used, rather than the calculated seven-year average rate, because those remaining regions (e.g., central valley area, San Bernardino) have comparatively lower community college participation and are being especially targeted for outreach programs. Also, the opening of the University of California Merced campus is expected to attract students to the Merced and San Joaquin Delta community college districts for eventual transfer to the University. Appendix D lists the age-specific participation rates used to derive the Commission's *Baseline Forecast*.

DISPLAY 15 Higher Education Regional Enrollment Demand Projections, California Community Colleges, Fall 2000 to Fall 2010 *CPEC 2001 Low Alternative Forecast

| | | Northern | Sacramento | SF Bay | N Central | So. Central | Central | South | LA | | San Bern/ | San Diego/ |
|---------------|-----------|------------|------------|---------|-----------|-------------|---------|--------|---------|---------|-----------|------------|
| | Total | California | Area | Area | Valley | Valley | Coast | Coast | County | Orange | Riverside | Imperial |
| Fall Term | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2000 | 1,587,119 | 54,902 | 90,208 | 358,254 | 54,016 | 76,115 | 39,260 | 82,975 | 372,554 | 180,068 | 106,485 | 172,282 |
| 2001 | 1,597,745 | 56,215 | 91,860 | 359,483 | 55,241 | 77,577 | 39,825 | 84,367 | 366,270 | 181,819 | 109,122 | 175,965 |
| 2002 | 1,628,205 | 57,799 | 94,430 | 366,295 | 57,014 | 79,557 | 40,872 | 85,906 | 368,975 | 184,261 | 113,142 | 179,953 |
| 2003 | 1,655,059 | 59,051 | 96,800 | 372,226 | 58,573 | 81,224 | 41,887 | 87,200 | 371,515 | 186,305 | 117,038 | 183,240 |
| 2004 | 1,687,139 | 60,261 | 99,189 | 378,538 | 60,105 | 83,049 | 42,937 | 88,851 | 377,051 | 189,286 | 121,128 | 186,745 |
| 2005 | 1,711,455 | 61,109 | 101,027 | 383,199 | 61,331 | 84,325 | 43,788 | 89,973 | 380,697 | 191,833 | 124,454 | 189,719 |
| 2006 | 1,737,825 | 61,812 | 102,784 | 388,352 | 62,637 | 85,594 | 44,672 | 91,296 | 385,409 | 194,270 | 127,999 | 193,000 |
| 2007 | 1,770,289 | 62,558 | 104,724 | 394,080 | 64,013 | 87,093 | 45,524 | 92,802 | 392,832 | 197,694 | 132,041 | 196,926 |
| 2008 | 1,809,981 | 63,325 | 106,833 | 400,694 | 65,515 | 89,026 | 46,514 | 94,748 | 403,102 | 202,653 | 136,369 | 201,201 |
| 2009 | 1,868,343 | 64,046 | 109,355 | 408,743 | 67,515 | 92,112 | 47,939 | 97,143 | 422,527 | 210,645 | 141,498 | 206,822 |
| 2010 | 1,916,682 | 64,490 | 111,397 | 414,826 | 69,075 | 94,785 | 49,153 | 99,074 | 438,393 | 218,032 | 145,798 | 211,660 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PCT Change | 20.8% | 17.5% | 23.5% | 15.8% | 27.9% | 24.5% | 25.2% | 19.4% | 17.7% | 21.1% | 36.9% | 22.9% |
| Actual Change | 329,563 | 9,588 | 21,189 | 56,572 | 15,059 | 18,670 | 9,893 | 16,099 | 65,839 | 37,964 | 39,313 | 39,378 |

^{*} Low Alternative Forecast holds age-specific participation rates constant at Fall 1999 observed levels. Under this forecast, the increased in enrollment demand is due solely to demographic growth.

DISPLAY 16 Higher Education Regional Enrollment Demand, Community Colleges, CPEC 2001 Baseline Forecast, Fall 2000 to 2010

| r | Ι | l | | | | So. | | | | | Ι | r |
|--------|-----------|------------|-------------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|------------|
| | Total | Northern | Sacreamento | SF Bay | N Central | Central | Central | South | LA | Orange | San Bern/ | San Diego/ |
| | 1000 | California | Area | Area | Valley | Valley | Coast | Coast | County | County | Riverside | Imperial |
| Fall | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2000 | 1,587,119 | 54,903 | 90,208 | 358,254 | 54,016 | 76,115 | 39,260 | 82,975 | 372,554 | 180,068 | 106,485 | 172,282 |
| 2001 | 1,623,942 | 56,673 | 93,513 | 365,753 | 56,025 | 78,766 | 40,797 | 84,787 | 376,508 | 182,765 | 111,476 | 176,881 |
| 2002 | 1,665,498 | 58,655 | 97,120 | 373,954 | 58,241 | 81,498 | 42,450 | 86,661 | 382,366 | 186,089 | 116,785 | 181,679 |
| 2003 | 1,703,813 | 60,319 | 100,561 | 381,305 | 60,267 | 83,960 | 44,086 | 88,308 | 388,109 | 189,035 | 122,053 | 185,810 |
| 2004 | 1,747,862 | 61,956 | 104,058 | 389,105 | 62,289 | 86,616 | 45,778 | 90,330 | 397,018 | 192,916 | 127,610 | 190,186 |
| 2005 | 1,784,344 | 63,242 | 107,034 | 395,320 | 64,017 | 88,742 | 47,282 | 91,822 | 404,054 | 196,349 | 132,440 | 194,042 |
| 2006 | 1,823,348 | 64,394 | 109,953 | 402,109 | 65,847 | 90,884 | 48,828 | 93,532 | 412,337 | 199,660 | 137,574 | 198,230 |
| 2007 | 1,869,092 | 65,599 | 113,075 | 409,475 | 67,766 | 93,282 | 50,360 | 95,444 | 423,667 | 203,977 | 143,335 | 203,111 |
| 2008 | 1,922,861 | 66,842 | 116,399 | 417,834 | 69,835 | 96,139 | 52,050 | 97,820 | 438,254 | 209,817 | 149,499 | 208,371 |
| 2009 | 1,996,865 | 68,050 | 120,175 | 427,687 | 72,455 | 100,191 | 54,207 | 100,685 | 462,973 | 218,726 | 156,660 | 215,056 |
| 2010 | 2,061,346 | 68,969 | 123,492 | 435,606 | 74,638 | 103,881 | 56,178 | 103,105 | 484,365 | 227,111 | 163,005 | 220,998 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PCT | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Change | 29.9% | 25.6% | 36.9% | 21.6% | 38.2% | 36.5% | 43.1% | 24.3% | 30.0% | 26.1% | 53.1% | 28.3% |
| Actual | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Change | 474,227 | 14,065 | 33,284 | 77,352 | 20,622 | 27,766 | 16,918 | 20,130 | 111,811 | 47,043 | 56,520 | 48,716 |

Estimating regional enrollment demand for the California State University

Introduction

The California State University is the largest public university system in the nation. It consists of 22 regional campuses that served 291,460 undergraduates in Fall 2000 through program offerings in over 200 academic disciplines and fields. Just prior to the Commission's 1995 enrollment study, the CSU had been hard hit by the recession of the early 1990s that coincided with a dramatic loss of 50,000 students and several consecutive years of declines in first-time freshman enrollments. In 1995, the Commission had predicted that the State University would grow again beginning in 1996 and reach approximately 335,000 undergraduates by Fall 2005.

Although those projections have proven quite reliable, students have been retuning to the CSU in numbers slightly greater than predicted in 1995. In February 2000, the Commission released its updated enrollment demand forecast indicating that CSU undergraduate demand would top 395,554 by 2010. The present study incorporates the most current information available on CSU freshman and community college transfer enrollments to derive regional undergraduate estimates through 2010.

CSU regional undergraduate demand estimates

Undergraduate demand for the California State University is projected to increase by 37.3 percent between Fall 2000 and Fall 2010. As shown in Display 17, the percentage change translates to a numerical growth of 108, 585 additional undergraduates. If participation rates remain constant at Fall 1999 levels, as revealed by the Commission's *Low Alternative Forecast* presented in Display 18, the CSU would need to prepare for a 23.6 percent increase in demand, or 68,922 additional undergraduates.

Approximately 64 percent of the increase in enrollment demand is expected to result from regional population growth, and the remainder due to improvements in freshmen and community college transfer participation rates. Factors presumed to be associated with improvements in undergraduate participation include: (1) an enhanced systemwide *Memorandum of Understanding* that aims to significantly increase the flow of community college transfers to the CSU, (2) a favorable labor and industry market outlook, (3) high demand for new K-12 teachers, (4) high demand for health service professionals, (5) enhanced distributed/distance learning opportunities intended to make learning more flexible and student centered, and (6) the CSU Cornerstones Strategic Planning Initiative, which, among other aims, is intended to link the CSU more effectively with changing economic and labor market needs of the State.

On a regional basis, three areas are projected to experience exceptionally high percentage increases in undergraduate demand. These are the North Central Valley Region (56.2%), the San Bernardino-Riverside Region (55.6%), and the San Diego-Imperial Region (54.7%). The geographic areas that are expected to have the largest numerical increase in demand are the Los Angeles Region (+23,132), the San Francisco Bay Area Region (+19,152), the San Diego-Imperial Region (+16,778), and the Orange County Region (+10,523). The next two sections examine and discuss anticipated changes in freshman and transfer demand that drive the regional forecast.

Regional freshman demand estimates for the California State University

In Providing for Progress, the Commission highlighted the gains in CSU freshman enrollments that coincided with the State's recovery from the economic recession of the early 1990s. As noted in that report, declining state support for higher education during the recession contributed to consecutive years of declines in freshmen enrollments. However, substantial enrollment gains were experienced during California's economic recovery. Between 1994 and 1998, the total annual enrollment of freshmen that had met all CSU requirements increased from 18,472 to 29,024, which represented a 57 percent change. The corresponding annual public high school participation rate of regularly admissible students (excludes special action admits) jumped two percentage points, from approximately 6.5 percent in 1993 to 8.5 percent in 1998. The most underrepresented ethnic-racial groups recorded the most impressive gains. For example, the annual enrollment of regularly admissible African American freshmen nearly doubled from 825 in Fall 1993 to 1,473 in Fall 1998, while the enrollment of Latino regular admits increased by 40.5 percent, from 4,143 in Fall 1993 to 5,819 in Fall 1998.

DISPLAY 17 Undergraduate Regional Enrollment Demand, California State University, CPEC 2001 Baseline Forecast, Fall 2000 to Fall 2010

| | | | | | | So. | | | | | | |
|---------------|---------|------------|------------|-------------|-----------|---------|---------|--------|-------------|--------|-----------|------------|
| | Total | Northern | Sacramento | SF Bay | N Central | Central | Central | South | LA | Orange | San Bern/ | San Diego/ |
| | | California | Area | Area | Valley | Valley | Coast | Coast | County | County | Riverside | Imperial |
| Fall | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2000 | 291,460 | 20,376 | 20,342 | 57,261 | 5,353 | 20,222 | 2,367 | 15,867 | 85,351 | 23,385 | 10,273 | 30,663 |
| 2001 | 299,273 | 21,241 | 20,990 | 58,504 | 5,670 | 20,824 | 2,469 | 16,095 | 86,029 | 24,259 | 10,740 | 32,455 |
| 2002 | 307,379 | 22,142 | 21,658 | 59,774 | 6,005 | 21,443 | 2,574 | 16,326 | 86,712 | 25,165 | 11,229 | 34,351 |
| 2003 | 315,790 | 23,082 | 22,348 | 61,072 | 6,360 | 22,081 | 2,685 | 16,560 | 87,401 | 26,105 | 11,739 | 36,358 |
| 2004 | 324,537 | 24,061 | 23,060 | 62,400 | 6,737 | 22,738 | 2,800 | 16,798 | 88,095 | 27,085 | 12,273 | 38,490 |
| 2005 | 335,989 | 24,832 | 24,026 | 64,658 | 7,008 | 23,700 | 2,902 | 17,286 | 90,754 | 28,094 | 12,857 | 39,872 |
| 2006 | 348,262 | 25,610 | 24,988 | 686,99 | 7,283 | 24,655 | 3,004 | 17,831 | 93,848 | 29,243 | 13,483 | 41,328 |
| 2007 | 360,603 | 26,385 | 25,959 | 69,313 | 7,554 | 25,590 | 3,106 | 18,404 | 97,130 | 30,226 | 14,112 | 42,824 |
| 2008 | 371,682 | 27,043 | 26,705 | 71,286 | 7,777 | 26,390 | 3,202 | 18,955 | 100,288 | 31,234 | 14,651 | 44,151 |
| 2009 | 385,859 | 27,837 | 27,728 | 73,831 | 8,072 | 27,450 | 3,308 | 19,610 | 104,365 | 32,546 | 15,319 | 45,793 |
| 2010 | 400,046 | 28,602 | 28,737 | 76,413 | 8,362 | 28,505 | 3,396 | 20,214 | 108,483 | 33,908 | 15,985 | 47,441 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PCT Change | 37.3% | 40.4% | 41.3% | 33.4% | 56.2% | 41.0% | 43.5% | 27.4% | 27.1% | 45.0% | 55.6% | 54.7% |
| Actual Change | 108,586 | 8,226 | 8,395 | 19,152 | 3,009 | 8,283 | 1,029 | 4,347 | 23,132 | 10,523 | 5,712 | 16,778 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Regional CSU | | | | 4, 5, 6, 7, | | | | | 15, 16, 17, | | | |
| Campuses | | 1, 2 | 3 | 8 | 6 | 10, 11 | 12 | 13, 14 | 18, 19 | 20 | 21 | 22, 23 |

Note, Fall 2000 Headcounts are actual enrollments, as reported by the CSU.

| | CSU Northridge | CSU Fullerton | CSU San Bernardino | San Diego State | CSU San Marcos | |
|------|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| | 19 | 70 | 21 | 22 | 23 | |
| | Cal Poly SLO | CSU Channel Island | Cal Poly Pomona | CSU Dominguez Hill | CSU Long Beach | CSU Los Angeles |
| | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
| | Calif. Maritime Academy | Sonoma State | CSU Stanislaus | CSU Fresno | CSU Bakersfield | CSU Monterey Bay |
| | 7 | ∞ | 6 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| | Chico State | Humboldt State | CSU Sacramento | CSU Hayward | San Francisco State | San Jose State |
| Key: | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | v | 9 |

Undergraduate Regional Enrollment Demand, California State University, CPEC 2001 Low Alternative Forecast, Fall 2000 to Fall 2010 DISPLAY 18

| | | | 1 | | | So. | | | | | | |
|---------------|---------|------------|------------|-------------|-----------|---------|---------|--------|-------------|--------|-----------|------------------------|
| | Total | Northern | Sacramento | SF Bay | N Central | Central | Central | South | LA | Orange | San Bern/ | San Bern/ San Diego/ |
| | | California | Area | Area | Valley | Valley | Coast | Coast | County | County | Riverside | Imperial |
| Fall | | | | | | | | | | 7000 | 10.072 | 22701 |
| 2000 | 291,460 | 20,376 | 20,342 | 57,261 | 5,353 | 20,222 | 2,367 | 15,867 | 85,351 | 73,385 | 10,7/3 | 50,000 |
| 2001 | 296,684 | 21,019 | 20,718 | 57,717 | 5,593 | 20,544 | 2,425 | 15,935 | 86,010 | 24,014 | 10,617 | 32,093 |
| 2002 | 302,056 | 21,682 | 21,101 | 58,176 | 5,843 | 20,872 | 2,485 | 16,004 | 86,673 | 24,660 | 10,972 | 33,590 |
| 2003 | 307,582 | 22,366 | 21,491 | 58,639 | 6,105 | 21,204 | 2,546 | 16,072 | 87,342 | 25,323 | 11,339 | 35,156 |
| 2004 | 313,288 | 23,071 | 21,903 | 59,105 | 6,378 | 21,542 | 2,609 | 16,142 | 88,016 | 26,009 | 11,718 | 36,796 |
| 2005 | 320,854 | 23,588 | 22,595 | 60,472 | 6,568 | 22,163 | 2,673 | 16,486 | 89,713 | 26,729 | 12,158 | 37,709 |
| 2006 | 328,664 | 24,107 | 23,267 | 61,912 | 6,756 | 22,773 | 2,738 | 16,860 | 91,443 | 27,497 | 12,632 | 38,678 |
| 2007 | 336,468 | 24,613 | 23,935 | 63,331 | 6,936 | 23,354 | 2,806 | 17,246 | 93,207 | 28,269 | 13,101 | 39,671 |
| 2008 | 343,729 | 25,057 | 24,446 | 64,602 | 7,088 | 23,881 | 2,875 | 17,638 | 95,004 | 29,031 | 13,513 | 40,594 |
| 2009 | 352,403 | 25.552 | 25,395 | 66,140 | 7,276 | 24,535 | 2,945 | 18,075 | 96,836 | 29,986 | 13,995 | 41,667 |
| 2010 | 360,382 | 26,010 | 25,771 | 67,667 | 7,454 | 25,156 | 3,018 | 18,459 | 98,708 | 30,961 | 14,462 | 42,716 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PCT Change | 23.6% | 27.7% | 26.7% | 18.2% | 39.2% | 24.4% | 27.5% | 16.3% | 15.6% | 32.4% | 40.8% | 39.3% |
| Actual Change | 68.922 | 5.634 | 5.429 | 10,406 | 2,101 | 4,934 | 651 | 2,592 | 13,357 | 7,576 | 4,189 | 12,053 |
| | 1000 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Regional CSU | | - | 7 | 4, 5, 6, 7, | o | 10 11 | 12 | 13, 14 | 15, 16, 17, | 20 | 21 | 22, 23 |
| Campuses | | 1, 2 | 5 | 0 | | 10, 11 | 21 | | 22 62 | | | 1 |

Note, Fall 2000 Headcounts are actual enrollments, as reported by the CSU.

| CSU Northridae | L | CSU Fullerton | CSU San Bernardino | San Diego State | CSU San Marcos | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10 | ` ' | 70 | 21 | 22 | 23 | |
| Cal Polv SI O | ייין פון | CSU Channel Island | Cal Poly Pomona | CSU Dominguez Hill | CSU Long Beach | CSU Los Angeles |
| 7 | CT | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
| Colle Moritimo Academy | Calli. Maliulia Acadelly | Sonoma State | CSU Stanislaus | CSU Fresno | CSU Bakersfield | CSU Monterey Bay |
| t | • | ∞ | 6 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| 7 7 7 7 | Cnico State | Humboldt State | CSU Sacramento | CSU Havward | San Francisco State | San Jose State |
| Key: | _ | 7 | - 67 | 4 | · w | 9 |

Display 19 provides a regional look at the improvement in CSU freshmen participation for the period, 1990 to 1999. The participation rate represents the proportion of public high school graduates that enroll at a CSU campus upon graduation. Public high school graduates typically account for about 84 percent of total freshmen enrollments. Notice that the mean public high school participation rate (includes special action admits) increased by just over two percentage points between 1993 and 1999. The improvement in participation paralleled California's economic recovery At the outset of the reporting period in 1990, the Los of that period. Angeles County Region (11.9), the San Francisco Bay Area Region (11.5), and the Orange County Region (10.7) had recorded the highest participation rates. By 1999, the highest freshman participation rates were recorded by the San Francisco Bay Area Region (11.4), the San Diego-Imperial Region (10.4), and the Los Angeles County Region (9.9). The gain in participation for the San Diego area was tied to the opening of CSU San Marcos, which began admitting freshmen in 1995.

DISPLAY 19 Public High School Participation Rates by Region for the California State University, 1990 to 1999

| | Statewide Mean | Northern CA. | Sac Area | SF Bay Area | North Central V. | South Central V. | Central Coast | South Coast | LA County | Orange | San Bern/ Riverside | San Diego/ Imperial |
|--------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------|--------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1990 | 9.9 | 9.0 | 8.3 | 11.5 | 6.3 | 8.9 | 7.5 | 5.7 | 11.9 | 10.7 | 7.2 | 8.7 |
| 1991 | 9.3 | 8.5 | 6.8 | 10.9 | 7.1 | 9.8 | 7.6 | 6.9 | 11.4 | 9.5 | 6.7 | 7.4 |
| 1992 | 7.6 | 6.5 | 5.9 | 9.2 | 6.4 | 7.7 | 7.0 | 4.8 | 9.1 | 7.0 | 5.2 | 6.0 |
| 1993 | 7.4 | 6.0 | 7.1 | 8.5 | 6.2 | 7.5 | 7.9 | 4.5 | 8.5 | 6.5 | 5.5 | 6.1 |
| 1994 | 8.1 | 7.0 | 8.4 | 9.6 | 7.0 | 8.4 | 8.4 | 5.0 | 9.2 | 7.5 | 5.8 | 7.9 |
| 1995 | 8.7 | 8.0 | 8.8 | 9.9 | 7.5 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 5.6 | 9.7 | 7.9 | 6.8 | 9.8 |
| 1996 | 9.4 | 8.1 | 9.3 | 10.6 | 7.7 | 9.5 | 9.1 | 6.1 | 10.6 | 9.0 | 7.4 | 9.9 |
| 1997 | 9.3 | 8.2 | 8.7 | 10.8 | 7.4 | 9.4 | 9.1 | 6.3 | 10.2 | 8.8 | 7.2 | 10.3 |
| 1998 | 9.2 | 9.1 | 9.3 | 10.9 | 7.5 | 9.2 | 8.3 | 6.4 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 7.7 | 10.7 |
| 1999 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 9.6 | 11.4 | 8.2 | 9.7 | 8.7 | 6.9 | 9.9 | 9.4 | 7.7 | 10.4 |
| <u>Total</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Change | -0.3 | 0.4 | 1.3 | -0.1 | 1.9 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 1.2 | -2 | -1.3 | 0.5 | 1.7 |
| Change | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 99/93* | 2.2 | 3.4 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 2 | 2.2 | 0.8 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 4.3 |

*Note: The change between 1993 and 1999 represents the improvement in CSU freshmen participation that coincided with the State's economic recovery from the early 1990's recession.

Display 20 shows rankings based on regional college eligibility rates and the projected change in the size of each region's public high school graduating class. Class size rankings are expressed in both numerical and percentage terms and cover the period 1999 to 2010. The college eligibility rate represents the percentage of public high school graduates from a region that were estimated to have met all CSU admission requirements, based on the CPEC 1996 College Eligibility Study. Eligibility rankings

reflect statistically significant differences in regional freshman eligibility; that is, differences greater than 1 percentage point. The San Francisco Bay Area Region, the Orange County Region, the San Diego-Imperial Region, and the South Coast Region are shown to have high college eligibility rankings combined with large anticipated changes the size of their respective public high school graduating classes, either in absolute terms or percentage-wise. Such correlated rankings are a major reason why those regions are projected to face significant increases in undergraduate demand.

DISPLAY 20 Regional Rankings by Size of Public High School Graduating Class and College Eligibility

| | | ool Graduate Ranking | CSU Hig Eligibili | h School ty Rate |
|--------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | Num Grw | PCT Change | Percent | Rank |
| Northern California | 11 | 11 | 28.1 | 5 |
| Sacramento Area | 7 | 5 | 30.8 | 3 |
| San Francisco Bay Area | 3 | 10 | 35.1 | 1 |
| Northern Central Valley | 9 | 6 | 21.3 | 8 |
| Southern Central Valley | 6 | 8 | 24.6 | 6 |
| Central Coast | 10 | 9 | 29.2 | 4 |
| South Coast | 8 | 4 | 31.7 | 2 |
| Los Angeles County | 1 | 3 | 27.6 | 5 |
| Orange County | 4 | 1 | 34.2 | 1 |
| San Bernardino/Riverside | 2 | 2 | 22.8 | 7 |
| San Diego/Imperial | 5 | 7 | 34.3 | 1 |
| | | | | |

The Commission's 2000 statewide projections, reported in *Providing for Progress*, were based on the assumption that the CSU freshman participation rate would continue to increase moderately at an annual rate just under a tenth of a percentage point per year. Because the actual CSU freshman enrollments for the past two years have been slightly higher than the Commission's statewide forecast, a *full* tenth (0.1) of a percentage point annual increase in the freshman participation rate has been forecasted for the six public high regions that have posted above average growth in participation since 1993. The remaining regions are forecast to realize a more modest annual improvement rate (0.05) in freshmen participation.

It is evident form Display 21 that most high school graduates who pursue a State University education tend to enroll at a CSU campus located in the same region as their high school or home. Excluding the Central Coast

Region, the 1999 within-region participation percentages (read diagonally on Display 21) ranged from a high of approximately 70 percent for the Southern Central Valley, Los Angeles County, and San Diego/Imperial regions, to a moderate 34.1 percent for the San Bernardino-Riverside Region. Because the within-region and out-region participation percentages have been quite stable over the past ten years, both rates were held constant throughout the projection period. As mentioned previously, however, student enrollment choices will undoubtedly change somewhat over time as new campus facilities and off-campus centers are made available throughout various regions of California, and as regional enrollment management practices are put in practice.

When the projected regional participation rates are applied to the Department of Finances' 1999 Projections Series of Public High School Graduates, and after the projected numerical figures are distributed across regions based on the within-region and out-region percentage figures, CSU freshman enrollment demand of public high school graduates is projected to increase from 28,478 in 1999 to 39,314 by year 2010. When the Fall projections are converted to annual totals, and adjustments made for students from private California high schools, out-of-state high schools, and foreign secondary schools, CSU freshmen demand is projected to increase from 35,664 in 1999 to 49,235 by year 2010. As revealed in Display 22, this represents a 38.1 percent change in freshmen participation, or 13,571 additional students. If the regional public high school participation rates were held constant, as shown by the Commission's Low Alternative Forecast presented in Display 23, CSU freshmen demand would total 45,403. This means that approximately 72 percent of the change in CSU freshmen demand is expected to result from the anticipated growth in the number of public high school graduates across regions.

Appendix E shows within-region and out-region numerical headcounts that have not been summed together. The data are provided for institutional research officers and other planners who might desire more detailed projection data to support their regional planning efforts. For instances, Appendix E makes it possible for a CSU Institutional Research Director (IR) to compare the inflow of freshman to one's own campus against the projected inflow of freshman to the region in which the campus is situated. Because the projections are reported separately for both within-region and out-region freshman demand, it also is possible for the IR Director to assess the potential impact of particular regional recruitment strategies that may be under consideration.

DISPLAY 21 Public High School Participation Rates and Within-Region and Out-Region Enrollment Percentages for the California State University, 1993 and 1999

| | | | | S | 3U Region | CSU Region Where the High School Graduates Enrolled (sums to 100%) | High School | Graduates | Elironea | on crims) | 100/01 | | |
|--------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|----------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|----------|-----------|--------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| High School Region | <u> </u> | e. | Northern | Sac. | SF Bay | Northern Central | Southern Central | Central | South | L.A. | Orange | San Bern/ Riverside | San Diego/ Imperial |
| | | Mean Kate CA | CA | | Arca | v aliey | v aliey | Coast | COASI | County | County | INIVEISIDE | miporia |
| Northern CA | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| • | 1993 | %0.9 | 61.5% | 7.7% | 11.3% | %8.0 | 1.7% | 0.0% | 10.3% | 2.3% | 0.4% | %0.0 | 4.0% |
| _ | 1999 | 9.4% | %7.40 | %5./ | 11./% | 0.0% | 0.5% | 1.1% | 10.9% | 4.0% | 0.3% | 0.070 | 0.7.0 |
| Sacramento Area | 1003 | 7 10% | 10 10/ | 21.00 | 7 30% | %\$ O | 2 0% | %00 | 10 6% | 4 7% | %2.0 | 0 1% | %9 \$ |
| | 1999 | %9·6 | 13.1% | 53.4% | 8.7% | 0.3% | 1.5% | 1.3% | 10.3% | 4.1% | 0.2% | 0.2% | 7.0% |
| SF Bay Area | | ò | 70,71 | ************************************** | Ş | 70 | , oo, c | \00 O | 12 40/ | 70% | 700 | 0 1% | 4 3% |
| | 1999 | 8.3% 11.4% | 14.0% 12.1% | 7.3% 4.6% | 58.6% | 0.3% | 3.8% 1.0% | %6.0 0.9% | 9.9% | 5.1% | 0.1% | 0.0% | 7.4% |
| N. Central Valley | | | , | | | | 7 | ò | ,5 | 600 | ò | ò | 1 00/ |
| | 1993 | 6.2% | 11.1% | 4.8% | 10.5% | 55.2% | 18./% | 0.0% | 13.0% | 2.7% | 0.3% | 0.0% | 1.970 |
| | 1999 | 8.2% | 10.0% | 12.8% | 14.9% | 27.2% | 15.2% | 0.5% | 10.2% | 4.4% | 0.5% | 0.3% | 4.4% |
| So. Central Valley | . | | | | | | | 8 | | | | | |
| | 1993 | 7.5% | 3.5% | %9 :0 | 3.0% | %8.0 | 73.1% | %0:0 | 10.9% | 3.9% | 0.7% | 0.1% | 3.5% |
| | 1999 | %2.6 | 3.4% | 1.1% | 3.7% | %9.0 | 70.4% | 0.7% | 9.2% | %0.9 | 0.3% | 0.2% | 4.5% |
| Central Coast | | | | | , | | | | i c | | ò | ò | 000 |
| e e | 1993 | 7.9% | 16.2% | 4.9% | 26.9% | 5.8% | 15.3% | 0.0% | 18.7% | 4.0% | 0.3% | 0.0% | 8.0% |
| | 1999 | %/.8 | 0.71 | /·I% | 7.1.8% | 1.2% | 7.4% | 2 | 10.070 | 0.7.0 | 0.5.0 | 0.0.0 | 0.0.0 |
| South Coast | | | | | | ; | | 0 | Š | 100 | | ò | 700 |
| • | 1993 | 4.5% | 14.5% | 4.5% | 10.0% | 1.6% | 2.9% | %0.0 | 35.9% | | | 0.0% | 4.7% |
| | 1999 | %6.9 | %0.6 | 1.1% | 10.6% | 0.5% | 4.0% | %6.0 | 34.6% | 24.7% | %9.0 | %0:0 | 13.9% |
| LA. County | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1993 | 8.5% | 7.6% | 0.4% | 3.7% | 0.1% | 1.9% | %0.0 | 3.2% | 69.3% | | 0.7% | 8.4% |
| | 1999 | %6.6 | 2.1% | 0.5% | 3.6% | 0.1% | 1.0% | 0.5% | 2.7% | 70.2% | 12.6% | 0.8% | 6.2% |

California State University First-Time Freshman Enrollment Demand by CSU Region, Baseline Forecast, Academic Year 1999-00 to 2010-11 (includes out-of-state students, foreign students, and students from private high schools) DISPLAY 22

| | | Northern | Sacramento | SF Bav | N Central | So. | Central | South | | | San Bern/ | San Bern/ San Diego/ |
|--------------------------|---------------------|------------|------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------|--------------------|-------------|------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| Year | Total | California | Area | Area | Valley | Central | Coast | Coast | LA County | Orange | Riverside | Imperial |
| 1999-00 | 35,664 | 2,915 | 1,917 | 6,030 | 545 | 2,523 | 320 | 2,744 | 6,862 | 2,906 | 1,202 | 4,700 |
| 2000-01 | 36,728 | 2,957 | 1,996 | 6,222 | 995 | 2,590 | 326 | 2,844 | 10,101 | 2,995 | 1,247 | 4,880 |
| 2001-02 | 37,766 | 3,047 | 2,057 | 6,392 | 589 | 2,629 | 336 | 2,938 | 10,351 | 3,112 | 1,307 | 5,009 |
| 2002-03 | 38,829 | 3,126 | 2,114 | 6,562 | 604 | 2,744 | 350 | 3,017 | 10,637 | 3,214 | 1,326 | 5,134 |
| 2003-04 | 40,267 | 3,215 | 2,200 | 6,762 | 615 | 2,813 | 361 | 3,126 | 11,113 | 3,349 | 1,405 | 5,309 |
| 2004-05 | 40,991 | 3,239 | 2,237 | 6,860 | 625 | 2,879 | 367 | 3,172 | 11,345 | 3,416 | 1,445 | 5,407 |
| 2005-06 | 42,027 | 3,277 | 2,286 | 6,985 | 632 | 2,890 | 374 | 3,236 | 11,749 | 3,546 | 1,498 | 5,554 |
| 2006-07 | 44,110 | 3,408 | 2,391 | 7,330 | 099 | 2,987 | 389 | 3,381 | 12,376 | 3,752 | 1,595 | 5,841 |
| 2007-08 | 45,607 | 3,506 | 2,486 | 7,535 | 629 | 3,066 | 404 | 3,504 | 12,815 | 3,898 | 1,649 | 6,064 |
| 2008-09 | 48,633 | 3,681 | 2,598 | 7,968 | 720 | 3,255 | 428 | 3,730 | 13,823 | 4,215 | 1,763 | 6,453 |
| 2009-10 | 48,915 | 3,653 | 2,629 | 7,952 | 717 | 3,298 | 430 | 3,745 | 13,998 | 4,281 | 1,754 | 6,458 |
| 2010-11 | 49,235 | 3,649 | 2,634 | 7,994 | 710 | 3,294 | 434 | 3,757 | 14,108 | 4,351 | 1,764 | 6,539 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PCT Change | 38.1% | 25.2% | 37.4% | 32.6% | 30.3% | 30.5% | 35.6% | 36.9% | 43.1% | 49.7% | 46.8% | 39.1% |
| Actual Change | 13.571 | 734 | 717 | 1,964 | 165 | 771 | 114 | 1,014 | 4,246 | 1,445 | 562 | 1,839 |
| D | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 7 5 6 7 | | | | | 15. 16. 17. | | | |
| Regional CSC Campuses | | 1, 2 | 3 | , , , , , , 8 8 | 6 | 10, 11 | 12 | 13, 14 | 18, 19 | 20 | 21 | 22, 23 |
| Kev: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Chico State | ø | 7 | Calif. Marit | Calif. Maritime Academy | λι | 13 | Cal Poly SLO | 임 | 19 | CSU Northridge | ridge |
| 2 | Humboldt State | State | ∞ | Sonoma State | tate | | 14 | CSU Channel Island | nel Island | 5 0 | CSU Fullerton | ton |
| က | CSU Sacramento | amento | 6 | CSU Stanislaus | slaus | | 15 | Cal Poly Pomona | omona | 77 | CSU San Bernardino | Sernardino |
| 4 | CSU Hayward | /ard | 10 | CSU Fresno | o e | | 16 | CSU Dominguez Hill | nguez HIII | 77 | San Diego State | State |
| ĸ | San Francisco State | isco State | 11 | CSU Bakersfield | rsfield | | 17 | CSU Long Beach | Beach | 23 | CSU san Marcos | narcos |
| 9 | San Jose State | State | 12 | CSU Monterey Bay | erey Bay | | 18 | CSU Los Angeles | vngeles | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

DISPLAY 23 California State University First-Time Freshman Enrollment Demand by Region, Academic Year 1999-00 to 2010-11 (includes out-of-state students, foreign students, and students from private high schools) Low Alternative Forecast

| | T.0401 | Northern | Sacramento | SF Bay | N Central | So. | Central | South | | | San Bern/ | San |
|-------------|--------|------------|------------|-------------|-----------|---------|---------|------------------------|-------------|--------|-----------|--------|
| Fall | 10121 | California | Area | Area | Valley | Central | Coast | Coast | LA County | Orange | Riverside | Diego/ |
| 1999 | 35,664 | 2,915 | 1,917 | 6,030 | 545 | 2,523 | 320 | 2,744 | 9,862 | 2,906 | 1,202 | 4,700 |
| 2000 | 36,446 | 2,931 | 1,977 | 6,169 | 265 | 2,575 | | 2,819 | 10,036 | | | |
| 2001 | 37,190 | 2,993 | 2,019 | | 582 | 2,599 | 331 | 2,886 | 10,218 | | | |
| 2002 | 37,948 | 3,044 | 2,056 | | 592 | 2,698 | 343 | 2,938 | 10,434 | | - | |
| 2003 | 39,060 | 3,104 | 2,120 | | 009 | 2,750 | | 3,018 | 10,832 | | 1,370 | |
| 2004 | 39,469 | 3,102 | 2,136 | | 909 | 2,799 | | 3,037 | 10,990 | | | |
| 2005 | 40,171 | 3,111 | 2,164 | | 609 | 2,795 | 358 | 3,072 | 11,311 | | | |
| 2006 | 41,855 | 3,210 | 2,243 | 6,916 | 632 | 2,872 | | 3,183 | 11,842 | | | |
| 2007 | 42,961 | 3,274 | 2,312 | | 646 | 2,932 | 381 | 3,271 | 12,186 | | | |
| 2008 | 45,487 | 3,410 | 2,396 | | 681 | 3,095 | | 3,452 | 13,066 | | | |
| 2009 | 45,429 | 3,357 | 2,403 | • | 674 | 3,120 | 400 | 3,438 | 13,151 | 3,974 | 1,647 | 5,938 |
| 2010 | 45,403 | 3,328 | 2,387 | | 693 | 3,099 | 400 | 3,422 | 13,174 | | 1,647 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PCT Change | 27.3% | 14.1% | 24.5% | 21.2% | 21.7% | 22.8% | 25.2% | 24.7% | 33.6% | 37.9% | 37.0% | 26.9% |
| Num. Change | 9,739 | 412 | 470 | 1,279 | 118 | 576 | 81 | 829 | 3,312 | 1,103 | 445 | 1,264 |
| | | | | | | | | oogo sygnated a server | | | | |
| Regional | | | | 1 | | | | ikuji angalo ipo 640 | | | | |
| CSU | | , | , | 4, 5, 6, 7, | • | | | 7 | 15, 16, 17, | ć | 5 | 22 72 |
| Campuses | | 1, 2 | 3 | × | 9 | 10, 11 | 17 | 13, 14 | 18, 19 | 70 | | ┙ |

| | CSU Northridge | CSU Fullerton | CSU San Bernardino | San Diego State | CSU San Marcos | |
|------|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | |
| | Cal Poly SLO | CSU Channel Island | Cal Poly Pomona | CSU Dominguez Hill | CSU Long Beach | CSU Los Angeles |
| | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
| | Calif. Maritime Academy | Sonoma State | CSU Stanislaus | CSU Fresno | CSU Bakersfield | CSU Monterey Bay |
| | 7 | ∞ | 6 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| | Chico State | Humboldt State | CSU Sacramento | CSU Hayward | San Francisco State | San Jose State |
| Key: | 1 | 7 | က | 4 | ĸ | 9 |

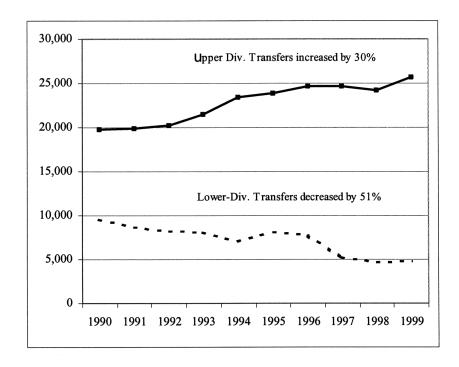
Regional community college transfer demand to the CSU The State University regards the community college transfer function as an important facet of providing a baccalaureate education for California's diverse population of learners, many of whom are working adults with established families. Because of the enormous complexities associated with student transfer, it is helpful to advance a general theoretical perspective to help guide the process of projecting annual community college transfers to the State University.

It is generally acknowledged that optimal transfer rates are a function of (1) clearly defined course articulation procedures, (2) effective local community college centers to disseminate and explain articulation procedures and CSU lower-division breadth requirements, (3) an appropriate evaluation process so that students can monitor their progress in meeting requirements for their intended major, (4) special outreach activities to assist underrepresented ethnic-racial groups, and (5) evaluative information collected and used by institutions to monitor their success in helping students achieve personal transfer goals. A plausible transfer hypothesis can be stated as follows:

... if significant numbers of entering community college students enroll with CSU transfer as their ultimate goal, and if the five aforementioned strategic planning initiatives are in fact essential to successful student transfer, and if they are being implemented successfully across all regions of the state, then the number of annual transfers to the CSU should, at the very minimum, keep pace with regional demographic growth or increase moderately.

Many educators and legislators have been pointing to recent declines in the number of transfers to the CSU as evidence that the transfer initiatives are not being implemented appropriately. Between 1995 and 1998, community college transfers to the CSU declined by about 10 percent. It appears from Display 24, however, that the declines may be associated with CSU policy adopted in 1995 to restrict the number of lower-division transfers. As graphically depicted, upper-division transfers increased by 30 percent, while lower-division transfers plummeted by 51 percent. Thus, it appears that the strategic transfer initiatives have been effective in promoting upper-division transfer.

DISPLAY 24 California Community College Transfers to the CSU, by Class Level, Fall 1990 to Fall 1999



Somewhat puzzling is that the transfer goals adopted by the CSU seem to be based on the total pool of lower and upper division students. By 2005, the university had anticipated enrolling approximately 64,000 community college transfer students annually. This goal does not seem plausible, given the enrollment restrictions placed on lower-division students. Because transfer rates generally peaked in 1996 across all age-groups and geographic regions, perhaps a more realistic goal would be to set annual regional targets based on age-specific transfer rates gradually returning to 1996 peak levels. The Commission's *Baseline Forecast* is based on that premise. The challenge will be for the regional community colleges and the regional CSU campuses to achieve 1996 rates again, while focusing primarily on upper-division, transfer-ready students.

As shown by the Commission's *Baseline Forecast* presented in Display 25, annual community college transfer demand would total 58,711 by 2005 and top 71,000 by 2010. If community college transfer rates were held constant, as reflected by the Commission's *Low Alternative Forecast* presented in Display 26, transfer demand would increase by 31.4 percent, reflecting an annual transfer demand of 60,458 by 2010. It is assumed that community college students will continue to account for about 86.5 percent of the total entering transfer population. The remaining 13.5 percent is expected to include students from other California colleges and universities (4.0%), students from out-of-state institutions (7.5 percent), and students from foreign countries (2%). When community college transfers are combined with the other transfer populations noted above,

Display 27 indicates that total annual transfer demand is expected to increase by 55 percent over the projection period, or 28,749 additional students by 2010. This represents an annual compounded change rate of 4.1 percent. Under the Commission's Low Alternative Forecast presented in Display 28, total undergraduate annual transfers would increase by 33.7 percent, or an annual compounded change of 2.7 percent.

In deriving the transfer forecast, it was necessary for the Commission to calculate *within-region* and *out-region* transfer percentages separately for five age groups. Displays 29, 30, and 31 show those percentages for the 20-24 age group, the 25-29 age group, and the 30-49 age group, respectively. In general, students tend to transfer to a CSU campus located in the same region as their community college of last attendance. There does, however, appear to be a moderate correlation between age-group and the *within-region* transfer percentages. Take the Sacramento Area Region for instances, of the students ages 20 to 24 who transfer to a CSU in Fall 1999, about 68 percent enrolled at CSU Sacramento. For the 25 to 29 age group the within region transfer percentage was 85 percent, and for the 30 to 49 age group it was 88 percent.

As another example, of the Fall 1999 transfers age 20 to 24 who attended a community college in the North Central Valley Region, about 40 percent enrolled at CSU Stanislaus.

For the 25 to 29 age group, the *within-region* transfer percentage was 55 percent, and for the 30 to 49 age group it was 75 percent. A similar linear relation between age-group and the *within-region* transfer rate exits for many of the other regions.

Potential effect of institutional support programs on student transfer Given the Commission's community college transfer estimates, some public officials may wish to know the anticipated annual increase in transfer flow to the CSU that is expected to result from each percentage point increase in mean regional transfer rates? Because *region* is the primary unit of analysis, the answer depends on the size of each region's community college enrollments projected between 2000 and 2010. Naturally, a large region with, let us say over 300,000 students enrolled in its community colleges, would yield a higher number of annual CSU transfers for each percentage point increase in its mean transfer rate, than would result from a comparatively smaller region achieving the same percentage point change in its mean transfer rate.

Appendix E-1 to E-4 shows each region's overall mean and selected agespecific CSU community college transfer rates for the years 1993, 1996, and 1999. The data are organized by size of region, as reflected by its community college enrollments. By arraying the data in this fashion, it is possible to provide a general estimate of the incremental flow of transfers to the CSU that would result from each tenth (0.1) of a percentage point improvement in mean transfer rates. As revealed by the footnotes accompanying the displays, each tenth of a percentage point improvement in the mean transfer rate for the Los Angeles County Region and the San Francisco Bay Area Region would represent an annual average of 393 additional transfers to the CSU over the projection period. The same tenth of a percentage point improvement in the mean transfer rate for the Northern California Region, the Northern Central Valley Region, and the Central Coast Region would represent an annual average of 63 additional transfers to the CSU over the projection period.

The incremental improvement in student transfer is often referred to as *Effect Size*, or simply *ES*. Theoretically, *ES*, within the context of this study, reflects the collective effect of collaborative transfer support programs on transfer student flow. The Commission intends to monitor transfer flow to determine if the projected regional effect sizes implied in its Baseline Forecast prove reliable. Reasonable adjustments will be made if necessary. Ultimately, quantitative data, such as that provided in this study, will need to be combined with a wide body of qualitative data to truly begin to discern the complexities of student transfer on a regional basis.

DISPLAY 25 Annual Community College Transfers to the California State University '1999-00 to 2010-11, by Region, CPEC 2001 Baseline Forecast

| | | | | | CS | U Region | CSU Region of Transfer | er | | | | |
|---------|--------|------------|--------|--------|-----------|----------|------------------------|-------|--------|--------|-----------|------------|
| | | | | | | So. | | | | | | |
| | Total | Northern | Sacra- | SF Bay | N Central | Central | Central | South | LA | | San Bern/ | San Diego/ |
| | | California | mento | Area | Valley | Valley | Coast | Coast | County | Orange | Riverside | Imperial |
| Year | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1999-00 | 46,010 | 3,091 | 3,883 | 688,6 | 1,134 | 3,020 | 448 | 1,186 | 12,608 | 4,116 | 1,794 | 4,841 |
| 2000-01 | 47,995 | 3,246 | 4,096 | 10,328 | 1,201 | 3,212 | 475 | 1,242 | 13,034 | 4,220 | 1,896 | 5,046 |
| 2001-02 | 50,119 | 3,419 | 4,330 | 10,797 | 1,276 | 3,434 | 504 | 1,309 | 13,416 | 4,334 | 2,011 | 5,289 |
| 2002-03 | 52,145 | 3,572 | 4,547 | 11,242 | 1,345 | 3,648 | 532 | 1,367 | 13,803 | 4,453 | 2,126 | 5,510 |
| 2003-04 | 54,426 | 3,734 | 4,778 | 11,743 | 1,418 | 3,874 | 563 | 1,433 | 14,275 | 4,603 | 2,249 | 5,756 |
| 2004-05 | 56,669 | 3,889 | 5,000 | 12,230 | 1,489 | 4,092 | 595 | 1,494 | 14,761 | 4,755 | 2,370 | 5,992 |
| 2005-06 | 58,711 | 4,021 | 5,201 | 12,678 | 1,553 | 4,290 | 625 | 1,547 | 15,211 | 4,894 | 2,485 | 6,206 |
| 2006-07 | 60,802 | 4,147 | 5,395 | 13,129 | 1,613 | 4,481 | 655 | 1,601 | 15,709 | 5,042 | 2,604 | 6,426 |
| 2007-08 | 63,135 | 4,286 | 5,603 | 13,627 | 1,679 | 4,686 | 289 | 1,661 | 16,286 | 5,220 | 2,729 | 0/9/9 |
| 2008-09 | 62,509 | 4,420 | 5,808 | 14,125 | 1,744 | 4,889 | 721 | 1,719 | 16,905 | 5,406 | 2,858 | 6,913 |
| 2009-10 | 68,233 | 4,569 | 6,027 | 14,688 | 1,814 | 5,113 | 757 | 1,787 | 17,644 | 5,642 | 3,000 | 7,192 |
| 2010-11 | 71,309 | 4,729 | 6,256 | 15,289 | 1,886 | 5,364 | 797 | 1,866 | 18,528 | 5,936 | 3,150 | 7,506 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PCT | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Change | 55.0% | 53.0% | 61.1% | 54.6% | %8:99 | 77.6% | 77.7% | 57.4% | 47.0% | 44.2% | 75.6% | 55.1% |
| Actual | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | , |
| Change | 25,299 | 1,638 | 2,374 | 5,399 | 752 | 2,344 | 349 | 681 | 5,920 | 1,820 | 1,356 | 2,665 |

DISPLAY 26 Annual Community College Transfers to the California State University 1999-00 to 2010-11, by Region, CPEC 2001 Low Alternative Forecast

| | | | | | CSU Region Where Transfers Enrolled | n Where 1 | [ransfers] | Enrolled | | | | |
|---------|--------|------------|--------|--------|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------|----------|--------|--------|-----------|------------|
| | | | | | | So. | | | | | | |
| | Total | Northern | Sacra- | SF Bay | N Central | Central | Central | South | LA | | San Bern/ | San Diego/ |
| | | California | mento | Area | Valley | Valley | Coast | Coast | County | Orange | Riverside | Imperial |
| Year | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1999-00 | 46,010 | 3,091 | 3,883 | 688'6 | 1,134 | 3,020 | 448 | 1,186 | 12,608 | 4,116 | 1,794 | 4,841 |
| 2000-01 | 45,928 | 3,116 | 3,928 | 9,858 | 1,149 | 3,053 | 450 | 1,189 | 12,487 | 4,053 | 1,816 | 4,830 |
| 2001-02 | 47,331 | 3,250 | 4,107 | 10,145 | 1,204 | 3,201 | 467 | 1,238 | 12,697 | 4,123 | 1,903 | 4,997 |
| 2002-03 | 48,610 | 3,363 | 4,266 | 10,404 | 1,252 | 3,336 | 482 | 1,277 | 12,908 | 4,196 | 1,988 | 5,139 |
| 2003-04 | 50,098 | 3,481 | 4,436 | 10,710 | 1,303 | 3,478 | 200 | 1,323 | 13,193 | 4,296 | 2,078 | 5,301 |
| 2004-05 | 51,520 | 3,591 | 4,593 | 10,998 | 1,351 | 3,608 | 518 | 1,363 | 13,485 | 4,397 | 2,165 | 5,450 |
| 2005-06 | 52,727 | 3,677 | 4,728 | 11,245 | 1,391 | 3,718 | 533 | 1,395 | 13,737 | 4,483 | 2,244 | 5,576 |
| 2006-07 | 53,954 | 3,756 | 4,854 | 11,492 | 1,427 | 3,818 | 548 | 1,427 | 14,028 | 4,575 | 2,325 | 5,703 |
| 2007-08 | 55,369 | 3,846 | 4,991 | 11,775 | 1,468 | 3,927 | 564 | 1,465 | 14,381 | 4,692 | 2,410 | 5,851 |
| 2008-09 | 56,790 | 3,928 | 5,121 | 12,055 | 1,506 | 4,032 | 580 | 1,500 | 14,764 | 4,814 | 2,497 | 5,994 |
| 2009-10 | 58,492 | 4,023 | 5,262 | 12,386 | 1,547 | 4,150 | 599 | 1,542 | 15,244 | 4,979 | 2,593 | 6,165 |
| 2010-11 | 60,458 | 4,125 | 5,409 | 12,746 | 1,591 | 4,288 | 619 | 1,594 | 15,839 | 5,190 | 2,695 | 6,363 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PCT | | | | | | | | | | , | | |
| Change | 31.4% | 33.5% | 39.3% | 28.9% | 40.3% | 42.0% | 38.2% | 34.4% | 25.6% | 26.1% | 50.2% | 31.4% |
| Actual | | | | | | | į | 908 | , 221 | 1 074 | 100 | 1 577 |
| Change | 14,448 | 1,034 | 1,526 | 7,857 | /64 | 1,268 | 1/1 | 408 | 167,6 | 1,0/4 | 301 | 1,726 |

DISPLAY 27 Annual Undergraduate Transfers to the California State Universit,y 1999-00 to 2010-11, by Region, CPEC Baseline Forecast (Includes Transfers from Out-of-State, Foregin, and other CA Postsecondary Institutions)

| | | | | | CSI | J Region | CSU Region of Transfer | Ľ | - | | | |
|---------|--------|------------|--------|--------|-----------|----------|------------------------|-------|--------|--------|-----------|------------|
| | | | | | | So. | | | | | | |
| | Total | Northern | Sacra- | SF Bay | N Central | Central | Central | South | LA | | San Bern/ | San Diego/ |
| | | California | mento | Area | Valley | Valley | Coast | Coast | County | Orange | Riverside | Imperial |
| Year | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1999-00 | 52,284 | 3,513 | 4,412 | 11,238 | 1,289 | 3,432 | 510 | 1,347 | 14,328 | 4,677 | 2,039 | 5,501 |
| 2000-01 | 54,540 | 3,688 | 4,655 | 11,737 | 1,365 | 3,650 | 539 | 1,412 | 14,811 | 4,795 | 2,154 | 5,734 |
| 2001-02 | 56,953 | 3,885 | 4,920 | 12,269 | 1,450 | 3,903 | 572 | 1,487 | 15,245 | 4,925 | 2,286 | 6,011 |
| 2002-03 | 59,256 | 4,059 | 5,167 | 12,775 | 1,528 | 4,146 | 909 | 1,553 | 15,685 | 2,060 | 2,416 | 6,262 |
| 2003-04 | 61,848 | 4,243 | 5,430 | 13,344 | 1,612 | 4,402 | 640 | 1,628 | 16,222 | 5,230 | 2,556 | 6,541 |
| 2004-05 | 64,397 | 4,419 | 5,682 | 13,898 | 1,693 | 4,650 | 929 | 1,698 | 16,774 | 5,404 | 2,693 | 6,810 |
| 2005-06 | 66,717 | 4,570 | 5,911 | 14,406 | 1,765 | 4,875 | 710 | 1,758 | 17,285 | 5,561 | 2,824 | 7,053 |
| 2006-07 | 69,094 | 4,712 | 6,131 | 14,920 | 1,833 | 5,092 | 744 | 1,819 | 17,852 | 5,730 | 2,959 | 7,302 |
| 2007-08 | 71,745 | 4,871 | 6,367 | 15,485 | 1,908 | 5,325 | 781 | 1,887 | 18,507 | 5,931 | 3,101 | 7,580 |
| 2008-09 | 74,442 | 5,023 | 6,600 | 16,051 | 1,982 | 5,556 | 819 | 1,954 | 19,210 | 6,143 | 3,247 | 7,856 |
| 2009-10 | 77,538 | 5,192 | 6,849 | 16,690 | 2,061 | 5,810 | 098 | 2,030 | 20,050 | 6,412 | 3,409 | 8,173 |
| 2010-11 | 81,033 | 5,374 | 7,110 | 17,374 | 2,144 | 960'9 | 906 | 2,121 | 21,055 | 6,746 | 3,580 | 8,529 |
| | | 2 | | 2 | | | | | | | | |
| PCT | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Change | 55.0% | 53.0% | 61.1% | 54.6% | %8'99 | 77.6% | 77.7% | 57.4% | 47.0% | 44.2% | 75.6% | 55.1% |
| Actual | | • | | 751 | 0.56 | | 200 | 7.1.1 | 2023 | 090 6 | 1 541 | 3 038 |
| Change | 28,749 | 1,861 | 7,098 | 0,130 | 833 | 7,004 | 390 | 1/4 | 0,121 | 7,009 | 1,741 | 2,020 |

DISPLAY 28 Annual Undergraduate Transfers to the California State University, 1999-00 to 2010-11, by Region, CPEC 2001 Low Alternative Forecast (Includes Transfers from Out-of-State, Foreign, and other CA Postsecondary Institutions)

| | | | | | CSU Region Where Transfers Enrolled | n Where | [ransfers] | Enrolled | | | | |
|---------|--------|------------|--------|--------|-------------------------------------|---------|------------|----------|--------|--------|-----------|------------|
| | | | | | | So. | | | | | | |
| | Total | Northern | Sacra- | SF Bay | N Central | Central | Central | South | LA | | San Bern/ | San Diego/ |
| | | California | mento | Area | Valley | Valley | Coast | Coast | County | Orange | Riverside | Imperial |
| Year | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1999-00 | 52,286 | 3,513 | 4,412 | 11,238 | 1,289 | 3,432 | 510 | 1,347 | 14,328 | 4,677 | 2,039 | 5,501 |
| 2000-01 | 53,096 | 3,603 | 4,542 | 11,396 | 1,328 | 3,529 | 520 | 1,375 | 14,435 | 4,685 | 2,099 | 5,583 |
| 2001-02 | 54,718 | 3,757 | 4,748 | 11,728 | 1,392 | 3,700 | 540 | 1,431 | 14,679 | 4,767 | 2,200 | 5,777 |
| 2002-03 | 56,197 | 3,888 | 4,932 | 12,028 | 1,448 | 3,856 | 558 | 1,476 | 14,922 | 4,851 | 2,298 | 5,941 |
| 2003-04 | 57,917 | 4,024 | 5,128 | 12,381 | 1,507 | 4,020 | 578 | 1,529 | 15,252 | 4,967 | 2,403 | 6,128 |
| 2004-05 | 59,560 | 4,151 | 5,310 | 12,715 | 1,562 | 4,172 | 298 | 1,576 | 15,590 | 5,083 | 2,502 | 6,301 |
| 2005-06 | 956'09 | 4,251 | 5,466 | 13,000 | 1,608 | 4,298 | 616 | 1,612 | 15,881 | 5,182 | 2,594 | 6,446 |
| 2006-07 | 62,374 | 4,342 | 5,612 | 13,286 | 1,650 | 4,414 | 633 | 1,650 | 16,217 | 5,289 | 2,688 | 6,594 |
| 2007-08 | 64,010 | 4,446 | 5,769 | 13,613 | 1,697 | 4,540 | 652 | 1,693 | 16,626 | 5,424 | 2,786 | 6,764 |
| 2008-09 | 65,653 | 4,541 | 5,920 | 13,936 | 1,741 | 4,661 | 671 | 1,734 | 17,068 | 5,566 | 2,886 | 6,929 |
| 2009-10 | 67,620 | 4,651 | 6,084 | 14,319 | 1,789 | 4,798 | 692 | 1,783 | 17,623 | 5,756 | 2,998 | 7,128 |
| 2010-11 | 69,894 | 4,769 | 6,254 | 14,735 | 1,839 | 4,957 | 716 | 1,843 | 18,311 | 6,000 | 3,115 | 7,356 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PCT | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Change | 33.7% | 35.7% | 41.7% | 31.1% | 42.7% | 44.4% | 40.4% | 36.8% | 27.8% | 28.3% | 52.8% | 33.7% |
| Actual | | | | i d | i i | , |) | 707 | , , | 1 222 | 1 076 | 1 055 |
| Change | 17,608 | 1,256 | 1,842 | 3,497 | 000 | 1,525 | 907 | 490 | 2,965 | 1,525 | 1,0/0 | 1,000 |

DISPLAY 29 With-in Region and Out-Region Community College Transfers to the California State University, Fall 1993 & 1999, 20-24 Age Group

| | | | | | | CSU Re | CSU Region of Transfer (sums to 100%) | seter (sums | to 100%) | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Community College Region of Last Attendance | | Number | Northern CA | Sac. Area | SF Bay Area | Northern Central Valley | Southern Central Valley | Central Coast | South Coast | L.A. County | Orange County | San Bern/ Riverside | San Diego/ Imperial |
| Northern CA | 1993 1999 | 699 | 66.8% 64.8% | 13.7% 14.9% | 9.4% 10.2% | 1.4% | 1.3% | %9 [°] 000 | 2.9% | 1.3% | 0.7% | 0.6% | 1.9% 3.0% |
| Sacramento Area 1 | 1993 1999 1999 | 1,203 1,295 | 13.0% | 64.6% 67.7% | 10.3% | 0.3% | 1.8% | 0.0% | 3.3% | 3.1% | %9·0 0.6% | 0.3% | 2.4% |
| SF Bay Area | 1993 | 4,724 4,225 | 8.0% | 9.2% 7.4% | 69.4% | 0.7% | 2.2% | %6.0 0.9% | 4.1% 2.9% | 3.4% | 0.4% | 0.2% | 2.6% |
| N. Central Valley 1 | 1993 1999 1999 | 799 914 | 10.3% | 13.6% 16.8% | 15.6% 12.3% | 36.3% 39.7% | 11.3% | 0.0% | 5.9% 3.4% | 3.1% | 0.4% | 0.4% | 3.1% |
| So. Central Valley 15 | <i>ley</i> 1993 1999 | 1,154 1,302 | 4.9% | 2.7% | 5.3% | 1.2% | 71.8% | 0.0% | 5.3% | 4.7% 5.7% | 1.1% | 0.4% | 2.5% |
| Central Coast | 1993 1999 | 436 375 | 10.6% | 8.9% 10.9% | 47.2% 36.3% | 3.4% 3.2% | 9.9% | 0.0% | 9.9% | 5.0% | 0.2% | 0.5% | 4.4% 9.3% |
| South Coast | 1993 1999 | 1,132 | 13.7% | 3.4% | 14.7% 12.4% | 0.7% 0.7% | 8.1% | 0.0% | 21.1% | 28.7% | 1.2% | 0.4% | 7.9% |
| LA. County | 1993 1999 | 3,680 3,610 | 2.3% | 0.7% | 4.9% | 0.3% | 1.4% | 0.0% | 1.8% | 74.1% 76.5% | 8.4% | 2.3% | 3.8% |

DISPLAY 29 Continued

Note: Approximately 67% of CSU Community College Transfers enter in the Fall term. The remainder enter in the Winter, Spring, and Summer.

DISPLAY 30 Within-Region and Out-Region Community College Transfers to the California State University, Fall 1993 & 1999, 25-29 Age Group

| | | | | | | CSU Re | CSU Region of Transfer (sums to 100%) | sums) sign | to 100%) | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Community College Region of Last Attendance | | Number | Northern CA | Sac. Area | SF Bay Area | Northern Central Valley | Southern Central Valley | Central Coast | South Coast | L.A. County | Orange County | San Bern/ Riverside | San Diego/ Imperial |
| Northern CA 19 | 1993 1999 | 143 214 | 68.5% 72.4% | 12.6% 13.6% | 14.7% 9.3% | 1.4% 0.5% | 1.4% 0.5% | 0.0% 0.5% | 0.0% 0.5% | 0.7% 0.0% | 0.0% | %0:0 0:0% | 0.7% |
| Sacramento Area | r 1993 1999 | 337 380 | 3.6% | 84.9% 85.0% | 5.0% | 0.3% | 1.2% | %0.0 0.8% | 1.5% | 0.9% | %0.0 | %0.0 0.0% | 2.7% |
| SF Bay Area | 1993 | 1,286 | 2.9% 1.9% | 3.7% | 85.9% 85.3% | 0.4% | 0.7% 0.7% | 0.0% | 3.5% | 1.8% | 0.0% | 0.1% | 1.1% |
| N. Central Valley 15 | y 1993 1999 | 157 183 | 7.0% | 15.3% 12.6% | 14.6% 13.1% | 43.9% 55.2% | %9'2 %9'9 | 0.0% 0.5% | 6.4% | 2.5% | 1.3% | %0.0 0.0% | 1.3% |
| So. Central Valley 15 | 1993 1999 | 234 343 | 3.0% | 1.7% 0.3% | 3.8% 5.2% | %6.0 0.9% | 80.3% 82.8% | %0.0 %0.0 | 2.6% | 6.0% | %6.0 %6.0 | 0.4% | 1.3% |
| Central Coast | 1993 | 103 | 4.9% 7.8% | 10.7% 1.0% | 64.1% 54.4% | 1.9% | 4.9% 1.9% | 0.0% | 4.9% | 1.9% | %0:0 %0:0 | %0.0 0.0% | 6.8% |
| South Coast | 1993 | 237 252 | 7.6% | 2.1% | 16.0% 13.1% | %0:0 0:0% | 7.6% | 0.0% 0.8% | 19.8% | 38.0% | 2.5% | 0.4% | 5.9% 7.5% |
| LA. County 15 | 1993 1999 | 1,261 | 1.0% | 0.6% | 3.5% 2.5% | 0.2% | 1.1% | 0.0% | 1.0% | 80.7% | 6.1% | 3.4% | 2.5% |

DISPLAY 30 Continued

| Orange County 1993 1999 | 571 750 | 1.2% | 0.2% | 4.9% | 0.7% | 1.1% 0.5% | 0.0% | 1.1% 0.5% | 40.5% | 45.0% 53.2% | 1.1% | 4.4% |
|------------------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------|
| San Bern/Riverside 1993 1999 | 236 287 | 2.5% | %0.0 0.0% | 5.1% 2.1% | 0.4% | 0.4% | %0.0 0.0% | 1.7% 0.3% | 20.3% 19.5% | 5.1% | 59.7% 66.2% | 3.5% |
| San Diego/Imperial 1993 1999 | 482 | 3.1% | %6.0 %6.0 | 5.4% | 0.4% | 0.6% | %0.0 | 1.5% 0.4% | 5.6% 8.0% | 1.0% | 1.7% | 80.1% |
| State Total 1993 1999 | 5,047 | 4.5% 4.8% | 8.1% | 27.5% 22.6% | 1.7% | 5.2% 6.0% | 0.0% 0.8% | 2.9% | 28.9% | 7.2% | 4.0% | 9.9% |

Note: Approximately 67% of CSU Community College Transfers enter in the Fall term. The remainder enter in the Winter, Spring, and Summer.

DISPLAY 31 Within-Region and Out-Region Community College Transfers to the California State University, Fall 1993 & 1999, 30-49 Age Group

| | \[\] | | | | | CSU Re | CSU Region of Transfer (sums to 100%) | ster (sums | to 100%) | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|------------|--------------|------------------|--------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Community College Region of Last | ollege ast | | Northern | S ₂ S | CF Bay | Northern Central | Southern | Central | South | V | Orange | San Bern/ | San Diego/ |
| Attendance | ē | Mean Rate | CA | | Area | Valley | Valley | Coast | Coast | County | County | Riverside | Imperial |
| Northern CA | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1993 | 220 227 | 75.5% | 7.7% | 13.2% | %0:0 0:0% | 0.9% | 0.0% | %0:0 0:0% | 0.9% | 0.0% | 0.5% 0.4% | 1.4% 0.0% |
| Sacramento Area | ea | | | | | | Č | ò | ò | ò | ò | ò | ò |
| | 1993 | 353 351 | 5.4% 6.3% | 85.3% | 4.8% | 0.3% | 2.3% 0.6% | %0.0 0.0% | 0.8% | 0.6% 2.0% | %0.0 0.0% | 0.0% | %9.0 0.6% |
| SF Bay Area | 1003 | | 1 0% | 3 5% | %c 08 | 1 3% | %8 U | %0 0 | 1 2% | 11% | 0.1% | %0 0 | %6.0 |
| | 1999 | 986 | 1.3% | | 86.9% | 1.5% | %6.0 | 1.1% | 0.8% | 2.0% | 0.0% | 0.4% | 0.7% |
| N. Central Valley | ley 1993 | 215 | 1.4% | %8.6 | 7.4% | 73.0% | 6.5% | 0.0% | 0.9% | 0.5% | 0.0% | %0.0 | 0.5% |
| | 1999 | | 2.1% | 12.3% | | 74.9% | 2.7% | 0.5% | 0.5% | 1.1% | %0.0 | 0.5% | 1.1% |
| So. Central Valley | <i>lley</i> | 3/10 | %0 U | %0 U | 3 7% | 1 1% | 80.1% | %0 0 | 1 7% | 1 1% | 0 3% | %6.0 | 0.3% |
| | 1999 | | 2.2% | %9·0 | 3.5% | 1.3% | 88.4% | %9·0 | 0.6% | 1.6% | 0.0% | 0.3% | %6.0 |
| Central Coast | 1993 | 119 | 4.2% | 2.5% | 85.7% | 0.8% | 0.8% | 0.0% | 2.5% | 0.8% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 2.5% |
| | 1999 | | 5.4% | | 34.3% | %6.0 | 1.8% | 49.5% | 2.7% | %6.0 | %0.0 | %6.0 | 1.8% |
| South Coast | 1993 | 180 | %b t | 1.7% | %95 | %9 ⁰ 0 | 2.0% | 0.0% | 29.4% | 51.1% | 0.0% | 1.7% | 1.1% |
| | 1999 | | 3.7% | 1.6% | 6.3% | 1.1% | 0.5% | 0.5% | 23.8% | | %0.0 | 2.1% | 2.1% |
| LA. County | 1003 | | 1 70% | 0 3% | 4 1% | 0 3% | 1 4% | %0 O | 0.4% | %0 G& | %2.9 | 3.7% | 1.4% |
| | 1999 | 1,386 | 0.8% | 0.1% | 1.4% | 0.1% | 3.2% | 0.0% | 0.2% | 86.0% | | 2.7% | %9.0 |

DISPLAY 31 Continued

| Orange County | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|------------|------|--------------|-------|------|--------------|------|------|-------|-----------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| | | 0.4% | %9 .0 | 3.1% | %0.0 | 0.4% | %0.0 | 1.6% | 36.9% | 48.0% | 3.5% | 5.5% |
| 19 | 1999 530 | 1.3% | 0.2% | 1.5% | 0.2% | 0.4% | %0.0 | 0.4% | 34.9% | 56.6% | 2.5% | 2.1% |
| San Bern/Riverside | | | | | | | | | | *************************************** | | |
| 19 | 1993 373 | 0.3% | %8.0 | 1.9% | %0.0 | 1.1% | %0.0 | 0.5% | 12.4% | 5.4% | 74.2% | 3.5% |
| 19 | | %6:0 | %0.0 | 1.2% | %9.0 | %9 .0 | %0.0 | %0.0 | 16.9% | 3.6% | 72.9% | 3.3% |
| San Diego/Imperial | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 91 | | 1.6% | 0.5% | 3.4% | 0.5% | 0.7% | %0.0 | 0.7% | 2.7% | 0.5% | 1.4% | 88.3% |
| 19 | 1999 462 | 1.5% | %0.0 | 3.5% | %0.0 | 0.4% | %0.0 | 0.4% | 4.3% | %0.0 | %6.0 | 89.0% |
| State Total 1993 | | 4.9% | 7.9% | 26.8% | 3.6% | 7.4% | 0.0% | 2.0% | 25.2% | 6.4% | %8.9 | 9.1% |
| 19 | 1999 5,082 | 5.1% | 7.9% | 19.8% | 3.3% | %6.9 | 1.4% | 1.3% | 31.5% | 7.5% | 6.1% | 9.1% |
| | | | | - | | | | | | | | |

Note: Approximately 67% of CSU Community College Transfers enter in the Fall term. The remainder enter in the Winter, Spring, and Summer.

Appendices

Appendix A California Community College Institutional Capacity Analysis by Region, 2004-05 & 2010-11, CPEC Low Alternative Forecast

| | | Fall 2 | 004 | Fall 2 | 010 |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|-----------|--------------|
| · | FTES | Projected | FTES Capacity | Projected | FTESCapacity |
| | Capacity | FTES | Surplus or | FTES | Surplus or |
| | Fall 1999 | Demand | Deficit | Demand | Deficit |
| REGION | | | 12 T | | |
| Northern California | 29,682 | 35,438 | -5,756 | 31,548 | -1,866 |
| Sacramento Area | 36,198 | 58,330 | -22,132 | 50,825 | -14,627 |
| San Francisco Bay Area | 207,589 | 222,609 | -15,020 | 231,778 | -24,189 |
| North Central Valley | 28,097 | 35,346 | -7,249 | 38,643 | -10,546 |
| South Central Valley | 44,804 | 48,839 | -4,035 | 50,731 | -5,927 |
| Central Coast | 18,397 | 25,250 | -6,853 | 20,583 | -2,186 |
| South Coast | 45,027 | 52,252 | -7,225 | 62,574 | -17,547 |
| Los Angeles County | 246,809 | 221,736 | 25,073 | 281,604 | -34,795 |
| Orange County | 102,280 | 111,315 | -9,035 | 114,273 | -11,993 |
| San Bernardino/Riverside | 57,384 | 71,232 | -13,848 | 76,884 | -19,500 |
| San Diego/Imperial | 80,890 | 109,821 | -28,931 | 94,181 | -13,291 |
| STATE TOTAL | 897,157 | 992,168 | -95,011 | 1,053,624 | -156,467 |

Note: FTES Capacity derived by applying the CPEC adopted space standards to the total square footage of of classroom and lab. space available for community college instruction in each region as of Fall 1999.

FTES Enrollment Projections derived by multiplying regional headcount projections by the ratio of Average Weekly Student Contact Hours (8.8) to the number of contact hours (15) considered equivalent to one full-time student for budget purposes.

Appendix B California State University Institutional Capacity Analysis by Region, 2004-05 & 2010-11, CPEC Low Alternative Forecast Holding Regional College-Going Rates Constant at Fall 1999 Levels

| | 4. | Fall 2 | 004 | Fall 2 | 010 |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|-----------|--------------|
| | FTES | Projected | FTES Capacity | Projected | FTESCapacity |
| | Capacity | FTES | Surplus or | FTES | Surplus or |
| | Fall 1999 | Demand | Deficit | Demand | Deficit |
| REGION | | | | | |
| Northern California | 20,926 | 20,975 | -49 | 23,436 | -2,510 |
| Sacramento Area | 20,304 | 21,394 | -1,090 | 24,633 | -4,329 |
| San Francisco Bay Area | 60,594 | 56,659 | 3,935 | 66,827 | -6,233 |
| North Central Valley | 5,832 | 6,170 | -338 | 7,071 | -1,239 |
| South Central Valley | 20,460 | 21,005 | -545 | 24,031 | -3,571 |
| Central Coast | 2,449 | 2,346 | 103 | 2,689 | -240 |
| South Coast | 15,527 | 14,126 | 1,401 | 16,066 | -539 |
| Los Angeles County | 85,193 | 88,579 | -3,386 | 97,531 | -12,338 |
| Orange County | 19,711 | 21,527 | -1,816 | 28,673 | -8,962 |
| San Bernardino/Riverside | 10,535 | 12,343 | -1,808 | 14,640 | -4,105 |
| San Diego/Imperial | 28,279 | 34,824 | -6,545 | 39,781 | -11,502 |
| STATE TOTAL | 289,810 | 299,948 | -10,138 | 345,378 | -55,568 |

Note: FTES Capacity derived by applying State adopted space standards to the total square feete of classroom and laboratory space projected to be available in each region.

FTES Enrollment Projections derived by multiplying the CPEC regional headcount projections by the ratio of Fall 2000 FTES to Fall student headcount.

Appendix C Projections of California Population Growth by Region for Selected Age-Groups, 1998 and 2010

| 1,362,894 51,607 74,085 248,451 71,579 96,920 28,120 56,536 372,840 2,117,739 75,721 111,493 379,742 101,178 137,901 43,451 97,933 573,904 2,117,739 75,721 111,493 379,742 101,178 137,901 43,451 97,933 573,904 2,117,739 75,721 111,493 379,742 101,178 137,901 43,451 97,933 573,904 3,293,885 120,887 173,091 44,625 98,603 188,639 50,238 10,678 73,331 3,293,884 170,877 1,056,015 4,295,062 876,909 1,150,115 47,770 862,777 5,956,692 4,345,996 38,694 70,853 318,204 89,269 1,150,115 47,770 862,777 5,956,692 5,655,402 102,760 151,945 444,509 194,109 189,469 60,694 11,257 621,748 9,105,520 181,177 286,023 144,109 189,469 60,694 11,237 621,390 1,346,996 38,694 70,853 226,483 10,250 244,115 256,400 1,005,893 6,21,390 1,346,996 38,694 70,853 220,944 1,165,068 1,467,151 526,400 1,005,893 6,21,390 1,346,996 38,694 70,853 20,294 1,165,068 1,467,151 526,400 1,005,893 6,21,390 2,4413,122 825,766 1,332,760 4,792,964 1,165,068 1,467,151 526,400 1,005,893 6,21,390 4,413,122 824,140 19,897 66,564 1,165,068 1,467,151 526,400 1,005,893 6,21,390 4,413,122 824,140 1,224 1,146,906 50,830 10,456 6,697 112,534 4,413,122 825,766 1,332,760 4,536 8,933 1,469 1,005,893 1,4845 1,42,994 4,413,122 8,4140 1,224 4,518 1,009 20,130 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,43,10 1,003,893 1,44,10 1,003,893 1,44,10 1,003,893 1,44,10 | Age | State Total | Northern California | Sac Area S | SF Bay Area | N. Central .! Valley | So. Central Valley | Central S | South Coast | LA County | Orange | San Bern/ Riverside | San Diego/ Imperial |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-------------|------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 5-17 1,562,894 31,607 74,085 248,451 71,579 66,920 28,120 56,256 372,840 6-24 893,349 334,693 74,605 16,949 44,625 60,287 19,584 43,996 236,048 6-25 2,463,902 71,091 107,427 46,256 98,603 18,639 50,238 10,2678 734,381 0-49 10,2181 31,678 538,873 2,207,775 422,981 64,256 98,603 19,346,90 44,359 73,438 0-49 10,2181 31,4678 538,873 2,207,775 422,981 64,366 30,238 73,428 71,244 30,438 71,244 30,438 71,244 30,438 71,244 30,438 71,244 30,438 71,244 30,438 71,244 30,438 71,244 30,439 31,436 30,438 31,436 30,438 30,438 31,436 30,438 31,436 30,438 31,436 30,438 31,436 30,438 31,436 30,438 | 8661 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 883.349 33.493 51.046 159.919 44.652 60.387 19.884 43.996 236.048 2.177.739 75.721 1114.93 379.742 101.178 137.901 43.451 97.933 575.904 2.177.739 75.721 1114.93 379.742 101.178 137.901 43.451 97.933 575.904 2.265.90 3.2298.883 120.887 173.091 744.919 137.916 166.766 66.380 140.389 905.012 8.20.719.584 670.477 1.056.015 4.295.062 876.909 1.150.115 42.7702 862.777 5.956.692 1 2.88.937 99.881 162.747 211.194 44.95 82.90 2.265.40 2.88.937 99.881 162.747 211.104 165.068 124.012 38.845 71.254 525.319 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2.265.40 2 | 15-17 | 1,362,894 | 51,607 | 74,085 | 248,451 | 71,579 | 96,920 | 28,120 | 56,536 | 372,840 | 101,197 | 146,109 | 115,450 |
| 0-24 2,117,739 75,721 111,493 379,742 101,178 13,451 97,33 57,204 2-29 2,463,902 7,101 10,477 46,256 98,603 138,639 50,248 13,43,91 0-49 1,621,815 317,678 338,873 24,225 98,633 13,62,938 10,02,678 73,438 0-59 1,1021,815 317,678 318,791 744,919 137,916 16,766 66,380 140,389 905,012 s. 20,719,584 670,477 1,056,015 4,295,062 87,209 1,150,115 47,770 86,177 5,956,692 5-17 1,850,267 53,693 94,728 318,204 80,269 1,4101 10,438 905,012 5-20 2,665,402 10,2760 151,945 484,503 144,109 189,469 60,594 11,234 40,333 5-20 10,555,000 349,581 36,644 2,124,141 429,093 11,617,111 427,170 86,177 36,43,340 <t< th=""><th>18-19</th><th>893,349</th><th>33,493</th><th>51,046</th><th>159,919</th><th>44,652</th><th>60,287</th><th>19,584</th><th>43,996</th><th>236,048</th><th>64,139</th><th>90,360</th><th>89,825</th></t<> | 18-19 | 893,349 | 33,493 | 51,046 | 159,919 | 44,652 | 60,287 | 19,584 | 43,996 | 236,048 | 64,139 | 90,360 | 89,825 |
| 5-29 2,463,902 71,091 107,427 464,256 98,603 138,639 50.238 102,688 734,381 0-49 1,021,183 21,03,887 1,297,775 422,916 66,766 6,380 40,1245 3,134,507 8- 20,719,584 670,477 1,056,015 4,295,062 876,909 1,150,115 427,702 862,777 5,956,692 5-17 1,346,996 38,694 70,833 226,483 62,902 85,972 30,182 884,133 2,956,682 5-24 2,888,937 99,861 162,747 511,210 146,725 191,469 65,560 112,375 617,48 6-24 2,888,937 99,861 162,747 511,214 484,705 191,467 191,89 65,560 11,234 62,500 19,89 6-24 2,888,937 99,861 162,747 511,244 220,024 11,69 65,500 11,337 62,174 30,500 11,234 526,31 65,717 47,328 47,329 47,417 </th <th>20-24</th> <th>2,117,739</th> <th>75,721</th> <th>111,493</th> <th>379,742</th> <th>101,178</th> <th>137,901</th> <th>43,451</th> <th>97,933</th> <th>573,904</th> <th>158,860</th> <th>198,616</th> <th>238,940</th> | 20-24 | 2,117,739 | 75,721 | 111,493 | 379,742 | 101,178 | 137,901 | 43,451 | 97,933 | 573,904 | 158,860 | 198,616 | 238,940 |
| 0.621,815 317,678 538,873 2.297,775 422,981 549,602 219,929 421,245 3134,507 0.529 3,259,885 120,887 173,091 744,919 137,916 166,766 66,380 140,389 906,012 2.07,19,584 670,477 1,056,015 4,295,062 876,909 1,150,115 477,702 862,777 5,956,692 2.18,50,267 38,694 70,853 2.26,483 62,902 85,972 30,182 88,841 383,340 0.24 2,888,937 99,861 162,747 511,210 146,725 191,469 65,650 129,402 727,208 2.565,402 102,760 151,945 484,503 144,109 189,469 60,694 11,237 621,748 0.29 10,555,000 349,581 566,464 2,127,418 493,093 606,573 220,107 428,313 2,835,264 2.413,112 825,766 1,332,760 4,792,964 1,165,068 1467,151 526,400 1,005,893 6,521,590 2.4140 1,332,760 4,792,964 1,165,068 1,467,151 526,400 1,005,893 6,521,590 2.413,112 825,766 1,332,760 4,792,964 1,165,068 1,467,151 526,400 1,005,893 6,521,590 2.413,112 825,766 1,332,760 4,792,964 1,165,068 1,467,151 526,400 1,005,893 6,521,590 2.413,112 825,766 1,332,760 4,792,964 1,165,068 1,467,151 526,400 1,005,893 1,4845 147,292 2.413,112 825,766 1,332,760 4,792,964 1,165,068 1,467,151 526,400 1,005,893 1,4845 1,47,292 2.413 1,983 2,1440 51,254 131,468 45,547 53,688 1,4845 1,47,292 2.4140 1,52,289 2,7591 1,7036 5,688 1,4845 1,47,292 2.4140 1,52,289 2,7591 1,7036 5,888 5,917 4,748 5,5498 3.693,538 155,289 2,76,745 497,902 288,159 31,703 98,698 143,116 564,898 3.693,538 155,289 2,76,745 497,902 288,159 31,703 98,698 143,116 5,64,898 3.693,538 1,993 2,76,745 497,902 288,159 31,703 98,698 143,116 5,5498 3.693,538 1,993 2,76,745 497,902 288,159 31,703 36,703 31,703 36,703 31,703 36,703 31,703 36,703 31,703 36,703 31,703 31,703 31,703 31,703 31,703 31,703 31,703 31,703 31 | 25-29 | 2,463,902 | 71,091 | 107,427 | 464,256 | 98,603 | 138,639 | 50,238 | 102,678 | 734,381 | 211,809 | 207,312 | 277,468 |
| 6.59 3,259,885 120,887 173,091 744,919 137,916 166,766 66,380 140,389 995,012 s 20,719,584 670,477 1,056,015 4,295,062 876,909 1,150,115 427,702 86,2777 5,956,692 5-17 1,850,267 53,693 94,728 318,204 89,269 124,012 38,845 71,254 5,956,922 8-19 1,346,996 38,694 70,853 226,492 85,972 30,182 58,841 38,340 8-29 1,346,996 38,694 70,853 226,492 124,012 38,845 71,254 526,319 8-29 1,346,996 38,694 70,853 226,483 62,902 18,974 30,884 33,340 8-19 1,346,996 38,694 1,125,146 229,024 270,656 112,375 621,777 10-24 2,887 3,327,66 1,125,146 229,024 270,656 110,922 205,708 1,427,711 10-24 2,837 | 30-49 | 10,621,815 | 317,678 | 538,873 | 2,297,775 | 422,981 | 549,602 | 219,929 | 421,245 | 3,134,507 | 897,981 | 942,665 | 878,579 |
| s 20,719,584 670,477 1,056,015 4,295,062 876,909 1,130,115 427,702 862,777 5,956,692 5-17 1,850,267 53,693 94,728 318,204 89,269 1,4012 38,845 71,224 550,519 8-19 1,346,996 38,694 70,853 226,483 62,902 85,972 30,182 58,841 383,340 6-24 2,888,937 99,861 162,747 511,210 146,725 191,469 65,650 129,402 777,208 5-29 2,665,402 102,760 151,945 484,503 144,109 189,469 60,664 112,345 621,773 6-49 10,556,000 349,581 566,464 2,127,418 493,094 10,656 10,949 65,669 129,402 777,208 5-10 340,881 566,464 2,127,418 229,024 270,656 110,252 205,109 110,05,893 6,51,590 4100 51,224 13,1468 45,547 53,686 10,456< | 50-59 | 3,259,885 | 120,887 | 173,091 | 744,919 | 137,916 | 166,766 | 66,380 | 140,389 | 905,012 | 287,315 | 268,903 | 248,307 |
| 1,850,267 53,693 94,728 318,204 89,269 124,012 38,845 71,254 526,319 1,346,996 38,694 70,853 226,483 62,902 85,972 30,182 58,841 383,340 2,248,8937 99,861 162,747 511,210 146,725 191,469 65,650 129,402 777,208 2,565,402 102,760 151,945 484,503 144,109 189,469 60,694 112,313 561,748 2,556,000 349,581 566,464 2,127,418 493,039 60,565 110,922 205,708 1,427,711 3,105,520 181,177 286,023 1,125,446 229,024 27,056 110,922 205,708 1,427,711 487,373 2,086 20,643 69,753 17,690 27,092 10,756 10,05,893 6,521,590 487,373 2,086 20,643 69,753 17,690 27,092 10,725 14,718 153,479 487,373 2,086 24,140 51,254 131,468 45,547 53,568 22,199 31,469 153,304 5,29 201,500 31,669 44,518 20,247 45,506 50,883 10,456 9,697 112,633 6,5815 31,903 27,591 170,357 70,058 55,971 178 7,068 229,243 6,5815 31,903 27,591 170,357 70,058 55,971 178 33,693,538 6,588 15,5289 27,6745 497,902 288,159 31,703 98,698 143,116 564,898 6,588 15,5289 27,6745 497,902 288,159 317,036 94,68 143,116 564,898 6,588 15,5289 27,6745 497,902 288,159 317,036 94,68 113,36 6,58 2,59 2,59 26,59 26,59 26,59 26,59 26,59 6,58 2,59 26,59 26,59 26,59 26,59 26,59 26,59 6,58 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 7,08 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 8,58 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 8,79 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 2,59 | Totals | 20,719,584 | 670,477 | 1,056,015 | 4,295,062 | 876,909 | 1,150,115 | 427,702 | 862,777 | 5,956,692 | 1,721,301 | 1,853,965 | 1,848,569 |
| 1,850,267 53,693 94,728 318,204 89,269 124,012 38,845 71,254 526,319 1,346,996 38,694 70,853 226,483 62,902 85,972 30,182 58,841 383,340 2,888,937 99,861 162,747 511,210 146,725 191,469 65,650 129,402 777,208 2,665,402 10,2760 31,951 56,644 2,127,418 493,039 605,573 200,107 428,313 2,835,264 3,655,600 349,581 56,644 2,127,418 493,039 605,573 200,107 428,313 2,835,264 3,655,600 349,581 56,644 2,127,418 493,039 605,570 110,376 1,005,893 6,521,590 4,413,122 825,766 1,332,760 4,792,964 1,165,068 1,467,151 526,400 1,005,893 6,521,590 4,873,73 2,086 20,643 6,564 18,250 25,683 10,598 14,845 147,292 4,873,61 2,241,108 24,140 51,254 45,547 53,568 22,199 31,469 153,304 4,53,647 5,201 19,807 66,564 18,250 25,683 10,486 9,677 112,633 4,53,647 5,201 19,807 66,564 18,250 25,683 10,458 14,845 147,292 4,53,647 5,105 31,669 44,518 20,247 45,506 50,890 10,456 50,890 4,54,635 60,290 112,932 380,227 91,108 13,890 44,542 65,319 522,699 4,56,88 15,589 276,745 497,902 288,159 317,036 98,698 143,116 56,488 4,698 14,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 44,698 | 2010 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 119 1,346,996 38,694 70,853 226,483 62,902 85,972 30,182 58,841 383,340 2,888,937 99,861 162,747 511,210 146,725 191,469 65,650 129,402 777,208 2,665,402 102,760 151,945 484,503 144,109 189,469 60,694 112,375 621,748 2,988,937 99,861 162,747 511,210 146,725 191,469 65,650 129,402 777,208 2,105,5600 349,581 56,644 2,127,418 493,039 60,5573 200,107 428,313 2,835,264 2,105,5600 349,581 5,664,44 2,127,418 493,039 60,5573 200,107 428,313 2,835,264 2,105,560 1,332,760 4,792,964 1,165,068 1,467,151 526,400 1,005,893 6,521,590 1,105 487,373 2,086 20,643 69,753 17,690 27,092 10,725 14,718 153,479 1,108 24,140 51,254 18,250 25,683 10,598 14,845 147,292 1,108 201,500 31,669 44,518 20,524 1,108,502 20,830 1,469 153,304 1,292 201,303 27,591 112,932 380,227 91,108 103,890 44,526 60,290 112,932 380,227 91,108 103,890 44,516 56,489 143,116 564,898 143,116 56,489 15,589 15,589 46,09% 42,69% 45,09% 42,69% 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51,109 51, | 15-17 | 1,850,267 | 53,693 | 94,728 | 318,204 | 89,269 | 124,012 | 38,845 | 71,254 | 526,319 | 157,311 | 209,623 | 167,009 |
| 2.4 2,888,937 99,861 162,747 511,210 146,725 191,469 65,650 129,402 727,208 2.9 2,665,402 102,760 151,945 484,503 144,109 189,469 60,694 112,375 621,748 49 10,556,000 349,581 56,464 2,127,418 493,039 605,573 220,107 428,313 2,835,564 59 5,105,520 181,177 286,023 1,125,146 229,024 270,656 110,922 205,708 1,427,711 45 1,05,500 181,177 286,023 1,155,068 1,467,151 526,400 1,005,893 6,515,50 19 24,413,122 825,766 1,332,760 4,792,964 1,165,068 1,467,151 526,400 1,005,893 6,521,590 19 487,373 2,086 20,643 1,155,064 1,155,068 1,467,151 526,400 1,005,893 6,521,590 24 11,198 20,414 51,254 111,468 45,547 53,688 | 18-19 | 1,346,996 | 38,694 | 70,853 | 226,483 | 62,902 | 85,972 | 30,182 | 58,841 | 383,340 | 108,487 | 146,544 | 134,698 |
| 29 2,665,402 102,760 151,945 484,503 144,109 189,469 60,694 112,375 621,748 49,103 10,556,000 349,581 566,464 2,127,418 493,039 605,573 200,107 428,313 2,835,264 5,105,520 181,177 286,023 1,125,146 229,024 27,056 110,922 205,708 1,427,711 24,413,122 825,766 1,332,760 4,792,964 1,165,068 1,467,151 5.26,400 1,005,893 6,521,590 1,987 66,564 18,250 25,685 10,598 14,845 147,292 1,433,647 5,201 19,807 66,564 18,250 25,685 10,598 14,845 147,292 1,1198 24,140 51,254 131,468 45,547 53,568 22,199 31,469 153,304 1,205,815 131,903 27,591 -170,357 70,058 55,971 178 7,068 -299,243 1,845,635 60,290 112,932 380,227 91,108 103,890 44,542 65,319 522,699 1,845,635 60,290 112,932 380,227 91,108 103,890 44,542 65,319 522,699 1,845,635 60,290 112,932 380,227 91,108 103,890 44,542 65,319 522,699 1,845,635 60,290 112,932 380,227 91,108 103,890 44,542 65,319 522,699 1,845,635 15,588 155,289 276,745 497,902 288,159 317,036 98,698 143,116 564,898 143,116 564,898 155,898 155,289 44,598 14,498 46,0% 34,6% 45,0% 38,8% 51,1% 32,1% 32,1% 56,0% 51,% 56,0% 51,% 51,% 51,0% 51,% 51,% 51,0% 51,% 51,0% 51,% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0% 51,0 | 20-24 | 2,888,937 | 99,861 | 162,747 | 511,210 | 146,725 | 191,469 | 65,650 | 129,402 | 727,208 | 207,690 | 329,670 | 317,305 |
| 49 10,556,000 349,581 566,464 2,127,418 493,039 605,573 220,107 428,313 2,835,264 59 5,105,520 181,177 286,023 1,125,146 229,024 270,656 110,922 205,708 1,427,711 ution Change -17 487,373 2,086 20,643 69,753 17,690 27,092 10,725 14,718 153,479 -19 487,373 2,086 20,643 69,753 17,690 27,092 10,725 14,718 153,479 -19 487,373 2,086 20,643 69,754 18,250 25,685 10,598 14,475 147,292 -19 487,373 2,086 20,643 69,754 18,250 25,685 10,598 14,4729 147,292 -19 487,373 20,109 21,096 20,247 45,506 50,830 10,456 9,697 -112,633 -20 1,845,635 60,290 1112,932 380,227 91,108 | 25-29 | 2,665,402 | 102,760 | 151,945 | 484,503 | 144,109 | 189,469 | 60,694 | 112,375 | 621,748 | 182,533 | 309,009 | 306,257 |
| 559 \$,105,520 181,177 286,023 1,125,146 229,024 270,656 110,922 205,708 1,427,711 tition Change 170 487,331 2,086 20,643 69,753 17,690 27,092 10,725 14,718 153,479 19 487,373 2,086 20,643 69,564 18,250 25,685 10,598 14,845 147,292 19 487,373 2,086 20,643 69,564 18,250 25,688 10,598 14,718 153,479 19 487,374 5,201 19,807 66,564 18,250 25,688 10,598 14,718 153,479 20 487,364 5,201 13,468 45,547 53,568 22,199 31,469 153,304 20 487,635 60,290 112,932 380,227 91,108 103,890 44,542 65,319 522,699 3,693,538 155,289 27,745 457,902 288,159 317,036 98,698 <t< th=""><th>30-49</th><th>10,556,000</th><th>349,581</th><th>566,464</th><th>2,127,418</th><th>493,039</th><th>605,573</th><th>220,107</th><th>428,313</th><th>2,835,264</th><th>851,146</th><th>1,084,075</th><th>995,020</th></t<> | 30-49 | 10,556,000 | 349,581 | 566,464 | 2,127,418 | 493,039 | 605,573 | 220,107 | 428,313 | 2,835,264 | 851,146 | 1,084,075 | 995,020 |
| tion Change 1,467,151 526,400 1,005,893 6,521,590 tion Change 1.06,804 1,165,068 1,467,151 526,400 1,005,893 6,521,590 1.00 487,373 2,086 20,643 69,753 17,690 27,092 10,725 14,718 153,479 1.0 487,373 2,086 20,643 69,753 17,690 27,092 10,725 14,718 153,479 1.0 453,647 5,201 19,807 66,564 18,250 25,685 10,598 14,4845 147,292 2.0 201,500 31,669 44,518 20,247 45,568 22,199 31,469 153,304 2.0 201,500 31,669 44,518 20,247 45,566 50,830 10,456 9,697 -112,633 4.9 (65,815) 31,903 27,591 -170,357 70,058 55,971 178 7,068 -299,243 4.9 (65,815) 31,903 27,545 | 50-59 | 5,105,520 | 181,177 | 286,023 | 1,125,146 | 229,024 | 270,656 | 110,922 | 205,708 | 1,427,711 | 417,518 | 505,509 | 346,126 |
| 7,373 2,086 20,643 69,753 17,690 27,092 10,725 14,718 11 8,647 5,201 19,807 66,564 18,250 25,685 10,598 14,845 1- 1,198 24,140 51,254 131,468 45,547 53,568 22,199 31,469 1- 1,500 31,669 44,518 20,247 45,506 50,830 10,456 9,697 -1 5,515 31,903 27,591 -170,357 70,058 55,971 178 7,068 -2 5,635 60,290 112,932 380,227 91,108 103,890 44,542 65,319 5 3,538 155,289 276,745 497,902 288,159 317,036 98,698 143,116 5 36,8% 41.6% 40.9% 24.7% 28.0% 38.1% 26.0% 50,8% 15.5% 38.8% 41.6% 44.6% 45.0% 38.8% 51.1% 32.1% 56,6% 10.0% 5.1% 46.2% 51.0% 66.1% 66.3% 67.1% <th>Totals</th> <th>24,413,122</th> <th>825,766</th> <th>1,332,760</th> <th>4,792,964</th> <th>1,165,068</th> <th>1,467,151</th> <th>526,400</th> <th>1,005,893</th> <th>6,521,590</th> <th>1,924,685</th> <th>2,584,430</th> <th>2,266,415</th> | Totals | 24,413,122 | 825,766 | 1,332,760 | 4,792,964 | 1,165,068 | 1,467,151 | 526,400 | 1,005,893 | 6,521,590 | 1,924,685 | 2,584,430 | 2,266,415 |
| 17 487,373 2,086 20,643 69,753 17,690 27,092 10,725 14,718 115 453,647 5,201 19,807 66,564 18,250 25,685 10,598 14,845 14 24 771,198 24,140 51,254 131,468 45,547 53,568 22,199 31,469 115 25 201,500 31,669 44,518 20,247 45,506 50,830 10,456 9,697 -1. 26 (65,815) 31,903 27,591 -170,357 70,058 55,971 178 7,068 -22,199 112,932 380,227 91,108 103,890 44,542 65,319 55,319 55,318 155,289 276,745 497,902 288,159 317,036 98,698 143,116 55,319 50,88% 15.5% 38.8% 41.6% 40.9% 42.6% 54.1% 33.7% 46.0% 34.6% 46.0% 34.6% 36.7% 20.8% 51.1% 32.1% -0.6% 10.0% 51.9% 51.0% 66.1% 66.2% 67.3% 67.1% 46.5% 56.6% 65.2% 65.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.3% 67.1% 46.5% 65.2% 67.1% 67.2% 67.3% 67.1% 46.5% 67.2% 67.1% 67.2% 67.2% 67.1% 46.5% 67.2% 67.2% 67.1% 46.5% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2% 67.2 | Population | Change | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 453,647 5,201 19,807 66,564 18,250 25,685 10,598 14,845 1-71,198 14,845 1-1 24 771,198 24,140 51,254 131,468 45,547 53,568 22,199 31,469 11 29 201,500 31,669 44,518 20,247 45,506 50,830 10,456 9,697 -1 49 (65,815) 31,903 27,591 -170,357 70,058 55,971 178 7,068 -2 59 1,845,635 60,290 112,932 380,227 91,108 103,890 44,542 65,319 5 59 1,845,635 60,290 112,932 380,227 91,108 103,890 44,542 65,319 5 50 1,845,635 60,290 112,932 380,227 91,108 103,890 44,542 65,319 5 50 3,693,538 15,5289 276,745 497,902 288,159 317,036 98,698 14 | 15-17 | 487,373 | 2,086 | | 69,753 | 17,690 | 27,092 | 10,725 | 14,718 | 153,479 | 56,114 | 63,514 | 51,559 |
| 24 771,198 24,140 51,254 131,468 45,547 53,568 22,199 31,469 11 29 201,500 31,669 44,518 20,247 45,506 50,830 10,456 9,697 -1 49 (65,815) 31,903 27,591 -170,357 70,058 55,971 178 7,068 -2 59 1,845,635 60,290 112,932 380,227 91,108 103,890 44,542 65,319 57 59 1,845,635 60,290 112,932 380,227 91,108 103,890 44,542 65,319 55 400 27,745 497,902 288,159 317,036 98,698 143,116 50 41 35.8% 41.6% 497,902 288,159 317,036 98,698 143,116 50 42 50.8% 15.5% 38.8% 41.6% 40.9% 42.6% 54.1% 32.1% 44 8.2% 36.4% 46.0% 34.6%< | 18-19 | 453,647 | 5,201 | | 66,564 | 18,250 | 25,685 | | 14,845 | 147,292 | 44,348 | 56,184 | 44,873 |
| 29 201,500 31,669 44,518 20,247 45,506 50,830 10,456 9,697 -1 49 (65,815) 31,903 27,591 -170,357 70,058 55,971 178 7,068 -29 59 1,845,635 60,290 112,932 380,227 91,108 103,890 44,542 65,319 55 59 1,845,635 60,290 112,932 380,227 91,108 103,890 44,542 65,319 55 400 1,693,538 155,289 276,745 497,902 288,159 317,036 98,698 143,116 50 410 35.8% 4.0% 27.9% 28.1% 24.7% 28.0% 38.1% 26.0% 50.8% 15.5% 38.8% 41.6% 45.0% 38.1% 26.0% 50.8% 15.5% 34.6% 34.6% 45.0% 38.8% 51.1% 32.1% 50.8% 10.0% 51.9% 44.4% 46.2% 36.7% 2 | 20-24 | 771,198 | 24,140 | 51,254 | 131,468 | 45,547 | 53,568 | 22,199 | 31,469 | 153,304 | 48,830 | 131,054 | 78,365 |
| 49 (65,815) 31,903 27,591 -170,357 70,058 55,971 178 7,068 -2 59 1,845,635 60,290 112,932 380,227 91,108 103,890 44,542 65,319 55 4503,538 155,289 276,745 497,902 288,159 317,036 98,698 143,116 51 450 27.9% 27.9% 28.1% 24.7% 28.0% 38.1% 26.0% 17 35.8% 45.0% 27.9% 44.6% 40.9% 42.6% 54.1% 33.7% 24 36.4% 31.9% 46.0% 34.6% 45.0% 38.8% 51.1% 32.1% 29 6.6% 10.0% 51.% 44.4% 46.2% 36.7% 9.4% 49 66 66.1% 66.1% 62.3% 67.1% 46.5% 50 49.9% 65.2% 51.0% 66.1% 62.3% 67.1% 46.5% | 25-29 | 201,500 | 31,669 | 44,518 | 20,247 | 45,506 | 50,830 | | 6,697 | -112,633 | -29,276 | 101,697 | 28,789 |
| 59 1,845,635 60,290 112,932 380,227 91,108 103,890 44,542 65,319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 5:319 | 30-49 | (65,815) | 31,903 | 27,591 | -170,357 | 70,058 | 55,971 | 178 | 7,068 | -299,243 | -46,835 | 141,410 | 116,441 |
| tion Change 4.0% 27.5745 497,902 288,159 317,036 98,698 143,116 56.0% 4.0 27.9% 28.1% 24.7% 28.0% 38.1% 26.0% 19 50.8% 15.5% 38.8% 41.6% 40.9% 42.6% 54.1% 33.7% 24 50.8% 15.5% 38.8% 41.6% 40.9% 42.6% 54.1% 33.7% 29 8.2% 44.5% 41.4% 4.4% 46.2% 36.7% 9.4% 49 -0.6% 10.0% 5.1% -7.4% 16.6% 10.2% 0.1% 1.7% 50 66.1% 66.1% 62.3% 67.1% 46.5% | 50-59 | 1,845,635 | 60,290 | 112,932 | 380,227 | 91,108 | 103,890 | 44,542 | 65,319 | 522,699 | 130,203 | 236,606 | 97,819 |
| tion Change 17 35.8% 4.0% 27.9% 28.1% 24.7% 28.0% 38.1% 26.0% -19 50.8% 15.5% 38.8% 41.6% 40.9% 42.6% 54.1% 33.7% -24 36.4% 31.9% 46.0% 34.6% 45.0% 38.8% 51.1% 32.1% -29 8.2% 44.5% 41.4% 4.4% 46.2% 9.4% -7.4% 16.6% 10.2% 0.1% 1.7% -9 -0.6% 49.9% 65.2% 51.0% 66.1% 62.3% 67.1% 46.5% | Totals | 3,693,538 | 155,289 | 276,745 | 497,902 | 288,159 | 317,036 | 869'86 | 143,116 | 564,898 | 203,384 | 730,465 | 417,846 |
| 17 35.8% 4.0% 27.9% 28.1% 24.7% 28.0% 38.1% 26.0% 19 50.8% 15.5% 38.8% 41.6% 40.9% 42.6% 54.1% 33.7% 24 36.4% 31.9% 46.0% 34.6% 45.0% 38.8% 51.1% 32.1% 29 8.2% 44.5% 41.4% 4.4% 46.2% 36.7% 9.4% 49 -0.6% 10.0% 5.1% -7.4% 16.6% 10.2% 0.1% 1.7% 59 56.6% 49.9% 65.2% 51.0% 66.1% 62.3% 67.1% 46.5% | Population | Change | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 50.8% 15.5% 38.8% 41.6% 40.9% 42.6% 54.1% 33.7% 24 36.4% 31.9% 46.0% 34.6% 45.0% 38.8% 51.1% 32.1% 29 8.2% 44.5% 41.4% 4.4% 46.2% 36.7% 20.8% 9.4% 49 -0.6% 10.0% 5.1% -7.4% 16.6% 10.2% 0.1% 1.7% 59 56.6% 49.9% 65.2% 51.0% 66.1% 62.3% 67.1% 46.5% | 15-17 | 35.8% | 4.0% | 27.9% | 28.1% | 24.7% | 28.0% | | 26.0% | 41.2% | 55.5% | | 44.7% |
| 24 36.4% 31.9% 46.0% 34.6% 45.0% 38.8% 51.1% 32.1% 32.1% 29 8.2% 44.5% 41.4% 4.4% 46.2% 36.7% 20.8% 9.4% -0.6% 10.0% 5.1% -7.4% 16.6% 10.2% 0.1% 1.7% 56.6% 49.9% 65.2% 51.0% 66.1% 62.3% 67.1% 46.5% 16.6% 10.0% 5.1% 16.6% 10.0% 5.1% 16.6% 10.0% 5.1% 16.6% 10.0% 5.1% 16.6% 10.0% 5.1% 16.6% 10.0% 5.1% 16.6% 10.0% 5.1% 16.6% 10.0% 5.1% 16.6% 10.0% 5.1% 16.6% 10.0% 5.1% 16.6% 10.0% 5.1% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 10.0% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% 16.6% | 18-19 | 20.8% | 15.5% | | 41.6% | 40.9% | 42.6% | | 33.7% | 62.4% | | 62.2% | 50.0% |
| 29 8.2% 44.5% 41.4% 4.4% 46.2% 36.7% 20.8% 9.4% 49 -0.6% 10.0% 5.1% -7.4% 16.6% 10.2% 0.1% 1.7% -59 56.6% 49.9% 65.2% 51.0% 66.1% 62.3% 67.1% 46.5% | 20-24 | 36.4% | 31.9% | | 34.6% | 45.0% | 38.8% | | 32.1% | 26.7% | | %0.99 | |
| -49 -0.6% 10.0% 5.1% -7.4% 16.6% 10.2% 0.1% 1.7% -59 56.6% 49.9% 65.2% 51.0% 66.1% 62.3% 67.1% 46.5% | 25-29 | 8.2% | 44.5% | | 4.4% | 46.2% | 36.7% | 7 | 9.4% | -15.3% | • | 49.1% | |
| 59 56.6% 49.9% 65.2% 51.0% 66.1% 62.3% 67.1% 46.5% | 30-49 | %9:0- | 10.0% | | -7.4% | 16.6% | 10.2% | | 1.7% | -9.5% | | 15.0% | |
| /07 71 /01 60 /07 60 /07 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 64 /08 | 50-59 | %9'95 | 49.9% | | 51.0% | 66.1% | 62.3% | | 46.5% | 57.8% | | 88.0% | |
| 17.8% 23.2% 26.2% 11.6% 32.9% 27.0% 25.1% 10.0% | Totals | 17.8% | 23.2% | 26.2% | 11.6% | 32.9% | 27.6% | 23.1% | 16.6% | 9.5% | 11.8% | 39.4% | 77.0% |

Source: Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit; CPEC Staff Analysis

Appendix D
Community College Transfer Rates for the California State University
CPEC 2001 Baseline Forecast

| | | | Age-group | | |
|------------------------|------------|-------|--------------|-------|-------|
| | 19 or less | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-49 | 50+ |
| Northern California | | | | | |
| 1999 | 0.3% | 6.8% | 4.0% | 1.5% | 0.2% |
| 2000 | 0.3% | 6.8% | 4.1% | 1.5% | 0.2% |
| 2001 | 0.3% | 6.9% | 4.2% | 1.6% | 0.2% |
| 2002 | 0.3% | 6.9% | 4.3% | 1.6% | 0.2% |
| 2003 | 0.3% | 6.9% | 4.4% | 1.6% | 0.2% |
| 2004 | 0.3% | 7.0% | 4.5% | 1.6% | 0.2% |
| 2005 | 0.3% | 7.0% | 4.5% | 1.7% | 0.2% |
| 2006 | 0.3% | 7.1% | 4.6% | 1.7% | 0.2% |
| 2007 | 0.3% | 7.1% | 4.7% | 1.7% | 0.2% |
| 2008 | 0.3% | 7.1% | 4.8% | 1.7% | 0.2% |
| 2009 | 0.3% | 7.2% | 4.9% | 1.8% | 0.2% |
| 2009 | 0.3% | 7.2% | 5.0% | 1.8% | 0.2% |
| | | _ | Age-group | | |
| | 19 or less | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-49 | 50+ |
| Sacramento Area | | | | 4.00/ | 0.50/ |
| 1999 | 0.3% | 6.2% | 3.6% | 1.3% | 0.5% |
| 2000 | 0.3% | 6.2% | 3.7% | 1.3% | 0.5% |
| 2001 | 0.3% | 6.3% | 3.8% | 1.4% | 0.5% |
| 2002 | 0.3% | 6.3% | 3.9% | 1.4% | 0.5% |
| 2003 | 0.3% | 6.4% | 4.0% | 1.4% | 0.5% |
| 2004 | 0.3% | 6.4% | 4.1% | 1.4% | 0.5% |
| 2005 | 0.3% | 6.5% | 4.1% | 1.5% | 0.5% |
| 2006 | 0.3% | 6.5% | 4.2% | 1.5% | 0.5% |
| 2007 | 0.3% | 6.6% | 4.3% | 1.5% | 0.5% |
| 2008 | 0.3% | 6.6% | 4.4% | 1.5% | 0.5% |
| 2009 | 0.3% | 6.7% | 4.5% | 1.6% | 0.5% |
| 2010 | 0.3% | 6.7% | 4.6% | 1.6% | 0.5% |
| | | | Age-group | | |
| | 19 or less | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-49 | 50+ |
| San Francisco Bay Area | 0.20/ | £ £0/ | 2.70/ | 0.9% | 0.1% |
| 1999 | 0.3% | 5.5% | 2.7% 2.7% | 1.0% | 0.1% |
| 2000 | 0.3% | 5.6% | | 1.0% | 0.1% |
| 2001 | 0.3% | 5.6% | 2.8% | | |
| 2002 | 0.3% | 5.7% | 2.8% | 1.1% | 0.1% |
| 2003 | 0.3% | 5.7% | 2.8% | 1.2% | 0.1% |
| 2004 | 0.3% | 5.8% | 2.9% | 1.3% | 0.1% |
| 2005 | 0.3% | 5.8% | 2.9% | 1.3% | 0.1% |
| 2006 | 0.3% | 5.9% | 3.0% | 1.4% | 0.1% |
| 2007 | 0.3% | 5.9% | 3.0% | 1.5% | 0.1% |
| 2008 | 0.3% | 6.0% | 3.0% | 1.6% | 0.1% |
| 2009 | 0.3% | 6.0% | 3.1% | 1.6% | 0.1% |
| 2010 | 0.3% | 6.1% | 3.1% | 1.7% | 0.1% |

Appendix D (continued)
Community College Transfer Rates for the California State University
CPEC 2001 Baseline Forecast

| | | | Age-group | | |
|----------------------|------------|-------|-----------|-------|-------|
| | 19 or less | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-49 | 50+ |
| North Central Valley | | | | | |
| 1999 | 0.3% | 7.2% | 3.4% | 1.3% | 0.2% |
| 2000 | 0.3% | 7.3% | 3.5% | 1.3% | 0.2% |
| 2001 | 0.3% | 7.3% | 3.5% | 1.4% | 0.2% |
| 2002 | 0.3% | 7.4% | 3.6% | 1.4% | 0.2% |
| 2003 | 0.3% | 7.5% | 3.7% | 1.4% | 0.2% |
| 2004 | 0.3% | 7.5% | 3.8% | 1.4% | 0.2% |
| 2005 | 0.3% | 7.6% | 3.8% | 1.5% | 0.2% |
| 2006 | 0.3% | 7.6% | 3.9% | 1.5% | 0.2% |
| 2007 | 0.3% | 7.7% | 4.0% | 1.5% | 0.2% |
| 2008 | 0.3% | 7.8% | 4.1% | 1.5% | 0.2% |
| 2009 | 0.3% | 7.8% | 4.1% | 1.6% | 0.2% |
| 2010 | 0.3% | 7.9% | 4.2% | 1.6% | 0.2% |
| | | _ | Age-group | | |
| | 19 or less | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-49 | 50+ |
| So. Central Valley | | c 10/ | 4.00/ | 1.50/ | 0.407 |
| 1999 | 0.3% | 6.4% | 4.0% | 1.5% | 0.4% |
| 2000 | 0.3% | 6.5% | 4.0% | 1.6% | 0.4% |
| 2001 | 0.3% | 6.6% | 4.1% | 1.7% | 0.4% |
| 2002 | 0.3% | 6.7% | 4.1% | 1.8% | 0.4% |
| 2003 | 0.3% | 6.8% | 4.2% | 1.9% | 0.4% |
| 2004 | 0.3% | 6.9% | 4.2% | 2.0% | 0.4% |
| 2005 | 0.3% | 7.1% | 4.3% | 2.0% | 0.4% |
| 2006 | 0.3% | 7.2% | 4.3% | 2.1% | 0.4% |
| 2007 | 0.3% | 7.3% | 4.4% | 2.2% | 0.4% |
| 2008 | 0.3% | 7.4% | 4.4% | 2.3% | 0.4% |
| 2009 | 0.3% | 7.5% | 4.5% | 2.4% | 0.4% |
| 2010 | 0.3% | 7.6% | 4.5% | 2.5% | 0.4% |
| • | | | Age-group | | |
| | 19 or less | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-49 | 50+ |
| Central Coast | | | | 0.007 | 0.10/ |
| 1999 | 0.3% | 4.9% | 2.3% | 0.9% | 0.1% |
| 2000 | 0.3% | 5.0% | 2.4% | 0.9% | 0.1% |
| 2001 | 0.3% | 5.1% | 2.4% | 1.0% | 0.1% |
| 2002 | 0.3% | 5.2% | 2.5% | 1.0% | 0.1% |
| 2003 | 0.3% | 5.3% | 2.6% | 1.1% | 0.1% |
| 2004 | 0.3% | 5.4% | 2.7% | 1.1% | 0.1% |
| 2005 | 0.3% | 5.6% | 2.7% | 1.2% | 0.1% |
| 2006 | 0.3% | 5.7% | 2.8% | 1.2% | 0.1% |
| 2007 | 0.3% | 5.8% | 2.9% | 1.3% | 0.1% |
| 2008 | 0.3% | 5.9% | 3.0% | 1.3% | 0.1% |
| 2009 | 0.3% | 6.0% | 3.0% | 1.4% | 0.1% |
| 2010 | 0.3% | 6.1% | 3.1% | 1.4% | 0.1% |

Appendix D (continued)
Community College Transfer Rates for the California State University
CPEC 2001 Baseline Forecast

| | | | Age-group | | |
|---------------|------------|-------|-----------|-------|------|
| | 19 or less | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-49 | 50+ |
| South Coast | | | | | |
| 1999 | 0.2% | 6.4% | 2.9% | 0.9% | 0.1% |
| 2000 | 0.2% | 6.4% | 3.0% | 0.9% | 0.1% |
| 2001 | 0.2% | 6.5% | 3.1% | 1.0% | 0.1% |
| 2002 | 0.2% | 6.5% | 3.2% | 1.0% | 0.1% |
| 2003 | 0.2% | 6.6% | 3.3% | 1.1% | 0.1% |
| 2004 | 0.2% | 6.6% | 3.4% | 1.1% | 0.1% |
| 2005 | 0.2% | 6.7% | 3.4% | 1.2% | 0.1% |
| 2006 | 0.2% | 6.7% | 3.5% | 1.2% | 0.1% |
| 2007 | 0.2% | 6.8% | 3.6% | 1.3% | 0.1% |
| 2008 | 0.2% | 6.8% | 3.7% | 1.3% | 0.1% |
| 2009 | 0.2% | 6.9% | 3.8% | 1.4% | 0.1% |
| 2010 | 0.2% | 6.9% | 3.9% | 1.4% | 0.1% |
| | | | Age-group | | |
| | 19 or less | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-49 | 50+ |
| LA County | | | | | |
| 1999 | 0.1% | 3.6% | 2.9% | 1.4% | 0.5% |
| 2000 | 0.1% | 3.7% | 2.9% | 1.4% | 0.5% |
| 2001 | 0.1% | 3.7% | 3.0% | 1.4% | 0.5% |
| 2002 | 0.1% | 3.8% | 3.0% | 1.5% | 0.5% |
| 2003 | 0.1% | 3.9% | 3.1% | 1.5% | 0.5% |
| 2004 | 0.1% | 4.0% | 3.1% | 1.5% | 0.5% |
| 2005 | 0.1% | 4.0% | 3.2% | 1.5% | 0.5% |
| 2006 | 0.1% | 4.1% | 3.2% | 1.5% | 0.5% |
| 2007 | 0.1% | 4.2% | 3.3% | 1.5% | 0.5% |
| 2008 | 0.1% | 4.3% | 3.3% | 1.6% | 0.5% |
| 2009 | 0.1% | 4.3% | 3.4% | 1.6% | 0.5% |
| 2010 | 0.1% | 4.4% | 3.4% | 1.6% | 0.5% |
| | | | Age-group | | |
| | 19 or less | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-49 | 50+ |
| Orange County | | | | | |
| 1999 | 0.1% | 4.7% | 3.2% | 1.1% | 0.2% |
| 2000 | 0.1% | 4.8% | 3.2% | 1.1% | 0.2% |
| 2001 | 0.1% | 4.8% | 3.3% | 1.2% | 0.2% |
| 2002 | 0.1% | 4.9% | 3.3% | 1.2% | 0.2% |
| 2003 | 0.1% | 5.0% | 3.4% | 1.3% | 0.2% |
| 2004 | 0.1% | 5.0% | 3.4% | 1.3% | 0.2% |
| 2005 | 0.1% | 5.1% | 3.5% | 1.4% | 0.2% |
| 2006 | 0.1% | 5.1% | 3.5% | 1.4% | 0.2% |
| 2007 | 0.1% | 5.2% | 3.6% | 1.5% | 0.2% |
| 2008 | 0.1% | 5.3% | 3.6% | 1.5% | 0.2% |
| 2009 | 0.1% | 5.3% | 3.7% | 1.6% | 0.2% |
| 2010 | 0.1% | 5.4% | 3.7% | 1.6% | 0.2% |

Appendix D (continued)
Community College Transfer Rates for the California State University
CPEC 2001 Baseline Forecast

| | | 1 | Age-group | | |
|--------------------|------------|-------|-----------|-------|------|
| | 19 or less | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-49 | 50+ |
| San Ber./Riverside | | | | | |
| 1999 | 0.2% | 3.8% | 2.4% | 1.1% | 0.5% |
| 2000 | 0.2% | 3.8% | 2.4% | 1.1% | 0.5% |
| 2001 | 0.2% | 3.9% | 2.5% | 1.2% | 0.5% |
| 2002 | 0.2% | 3.9% | 2.5% | 1.2% | 0.5% |
| 2003 | 0.2% | 4.0% | 2.5% | 1.3% | 0.5% |
| 2004 | 0.2% | 4.0% | 2.5% | 1.3% | 0.5% |
| 2005 | 0.2% | 4.1% | 2.6% | 1.4% | 0.5% |
| 2006 | 0.2% | 4.1% | 2.6% | 1.4% | 0.5% |
| 2007 | 0.2% | 4.2% | 2.6% | 1.5% | 0.5% |
| 2008 | 0.2% | 4.2% | 2.6% | 1.5% | 0.5% |
| 2009 | 0.2% | 4.3% | 2.7% | 1.6% | 0.5% |
| 2010 | 0.2% | 4.3% | 2.7% | 1.6% | 0.5% |
| | | | | | |
| | | | Age-group | | |
| | 19 or less | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-49 | 50+ |
| San Diego/Imperial | | | | | |
| 1999 | 0.2% | 3.7% | 2.5% | 1.0% | 0.1% |
| 2000 | 0.2% | 3.8% | 2.5% | 1.0% | 0.1% |
| 2001 | 0.2% | 3.9% | 2.6% | 1.1% | 0.1% |
| 2002 | 0.2% | 3.9% | 2.6% | 1.1% | 0.1% |
| 2003 | 0.2% | 4.0% | 2.7% | 1.2% | 0.1% |
| 2004 | 0.2% | 4.1% | 2.7% | 1.2% | 0.1% |
| 2005 | 0.2% | 4.2% | 2.8% | 1.3% | 0.1% |
| 2006 | 0.2% | 4.3% | 2.8% | 1.3% | 0.1% |
| 2007 | 0.2% | 4.4% | 2.9% | 1.4% | 0.1% |
| 2008 | 0.2% | 4.4% | 2.9% | 1.4% | 0.1% |
| 2009 | 0.2% | 4.5% | 3.0% | 1.5% | 0.1% |
| 2010 | 0.2% | 4.6% | 3.0% | 1.5% | 0.1% |

Appendix E Detailed Freshmen Enrollment Demand Projections by Region for the California State University, Fall 1999 to Fall 2010, CPEC 2001 Baseline Forecast, Public High School Graduates Only

| North | | Freshman | | | 2001 20 | | recasi, Fi | | | | | | |
|----------|------------------|-------------|------------|-------------|---------|------------------|------------|---------|-------|--------|--------|-----------|--------------|
| 1,010 | Part. | Actual | Nor. | Sac | SF Bay | North | South | Central | South | LA | Orange | San Bern | San Diego |
| | Rate | Part. | CA | Area | Area | Central | Central | Coast | Coast | County | | Riverside | Imperial |
| 1999 | 9.4% | 1,061 | 628 | 80 | 124 | 6 | 5 | 12 | 116 | 49 | 5 | - | 37 |
| 2000 | 9.5% | 1,163 | 689 | 87 | 136 | 7 | 6 | 13 | 127 | 54 | 6 | - | 41 |
| 2001 | 9.6% | 1,205 | 713 | 90 | 141 | 7 | 6 | 13 | 131 | 55 | 6 | - | 42 |
| 2002 | 9.7% | 1,226 | 726 | 92 | 143 | 7 | 6 | 13 | 134 | 56 | 6 | - | 43 |
| 2003 | 9.8% | 1,247 | 738 | 94 | 146 | 7 | 6 | 14 | 136 | 57 | 6 | - | 44 |
| 2004 | 9.9% | 1,227 | 726 | 92 | 144 | 7 | 6 | 13 | 134 | 56 | 6 | - | 43 |
| 2005 | 10.0% | 1,209 | 716 | 91 | 141 | 7 | 6 | 13 | 132 | 56 | 6 | - | 42 |
| 2006 | 10.1% | 1,227 | 726 | 92 | 144 | 7 | 6 | 13 | 134 | 56 | 6 | - | 43 |
| 2007 | 10.2% | 1,248 | 739 | 94 | 146 | 7 | 6 | 14 | 136 | 57 | 6 | - | 44 |
| 2008 | 10.3% | 1,281 | 758 | 96 | 150 | 8 | 6 | 14 | 140 | 59 | 6 | - | 45 |
| 2009 | 10.4% | 1,228 | 727 | 92 | 144 | 7 | 6 | 14 | 134 | 56 | 6 | - | 43 |
| 2010 | 10.5% | 1,198 | 709 | 90 | 140 | 7 | 6 | 13 | 131 | 55 | 6 | - | 42 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sacra | | rea Fresh | | | SF Bay | Novth | South | Central | South | LA | Orange | San Bern | San Diego |
| | Part. | Actual | Nor. CA | Sac | Area | North Central | Central | Coast | Coast | County | Orange | Riverside | Imperial |
| 1999 | Rate 9.6% | Part. 1,653 | 217 | Area 883 | 144 | 5 | 25 | 21 | 170 | 68 | . 3 | 3 | 116 |
| 2000 | 9.0% | 1,723 | 226 | 920 | 150 | 5 | 26 | 22 | 177 | 71 | 3 | 3 | 121 |
| 2000 | 9.7% | 1,776 | 233 | 948 | 154 | 5 | 27 | 23 | 183 | 73 | 4 | 4 | 124 |
| 2001 | 9.8% | 1,825 | 239 | 975 | 159 | 5 | 27 | 24 | 188 | 75 | 4 | 4 | 128 |
| 2002 | 10.0% | 1,920 | 252 | 1,025 | 167 | 6 | 29 | 25 | 198 | 79 | 4 | 4 | 134 |
| 2003 | 10.0% | 1,920 | 257 | 1,025 | 170 | 6 | 29 | 25 | 202 | 80 | 4 | 4 | 137 |
| 2004 | 10.1% | 2,016 | 264 | 1,077 | 175 | 6 | 30 | 26 | 208 | 83 | 4 | 4 | 141 |
| 2003 | 10.2% | 2,010 | 277 | 1,129 | 184 | 6 | 32 | 27 | 218 | 87 | 4 | 4 | 148 |
| 2007 | 10.5% | 2,114 | 290 | 1,183 | 193 | 7 | 33 | 29 | 228 | 91 | 4 | 4 | 155 |
| 2007 | 10.4% | 2,300 | 301 | 1,228 | 200 | 7 | 35 | 30 | 237 | 94 | 5 | 5 | 161 |
| 2008 | 10.5% | 2,356 | 309 | 1,258 | 205 | 7 | 35 | 31 | 243 | 97 | 5 | 5 | 165 |
| 2010 | | 2,366 | 310 | 1,263 | 203 | 7 | 35 | 31 | 244 | 97 | 5 | 5 | 166 |
| 2010 | 10.770 | 2,300 | 310 | 1,203 | 200 | , | 33 | 31 | 2 | , | | _ | |
| SF B | ay Area | Freshman | ı Projec | ctions | | | | | | | | | |
| | Part. | Actual | Nor. | Sac | SF Bay | North | South | Central | | LA | Orange | San Bern | |
| <u> </u> | Rate | Part. | CA | Area | Area | Central | | Coast | Coast | County | | Riverside | Imperial 420 |
| 1999 | | 5,928 | 717 | 273 | 3,474 | 18 | 59 | 53 | 587 | 302 | 6 | - | 439 |
| 2000 | | 6,110 | 739 | 281 | 3,581 | 18 | 61 | 55 | 605 | 312 | 6 | - | 452 |
| 2001 | 11.6% | 6,266 | 758 | 288 | 3,672 | 19 | 63 | 56 | 620 | 320 | 6 | - | 464 |
| 2002 | 11.7% | 6,419 | 777 | 295 | 3,762 | 19 | 64 | 58 | 636 | 327 | 6 | - | 475 |
| 2003 | 11.8% | 6,607 | 799 | 304 | 3,872 | 20 | 66 | 59 | 654 | 337 | 7 | - | 489 |
| 2004 | | 6,703 | 811 | 308 | 3,928 | 20 | 67 | 60 | 664 | 342 | 7 | - | 496 |
| 2005 | | 6,817 | 825 | 314 | 3,995 | 20 | 68 | 61 | 675 | 348 | 7 | - | 504 |
| 2006 | | 7,173 | 868 | 330 | 4,203 | 22 | 72 | 65 | 710 | 366 | 7 | - | 531 |
| 2007 | | 7,344 | 889 | 338 | 4,304 | 22 | 73 | 66 | 727 | 375 | 7 | - | 543 |
| 2008 | | 7,749 | 938 | 356 | 4,541 | 23 | 77 | 70 | 767 | 395 | 8 | - | 573 |
| 2009 | | 7,712 | 933 | 355 | 4,519 | 23 | 77 | 69 | 764 | 393 | 8 | - | 571 |
| 2010 | 12.5% | 7,757 | 939 | 357 | 4,546 | 23 | 78 | 70 | 768 | 396 | 8 | - | 574 |

| 1,323 1,384 1,435 1,469 1,491 1,516 1,531 1,598 1,643 1,741 1,733 1,710 | Part. Rate 9 8.2% | A 4 5 5 - | Sac | | | Somm | (entrai | South | Ι,Δ | ()ranoe | SAN KEEN | San Diego |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1,323 1,384 1,435 1,469 1,491 1,516 1,531 1,598 1,643 1,741 1,733 | 9 8.2% | Nor. CA | Area | SF Bay Area | North Central | South Central | Central Coast | South Coast | LA County | Orange | San Bern Riverside | Imperial |
| 1,384 1,435 1,469 1,491 1,516 1,531 1,598 1,643 1,741 1,733 | | 132 | 169 | 197 | 360 | 201 | 7 | 135 | 58 | 3 | 4 | 58 |
| 1,435 1,469 1,491 1,516 1,531 1,598 1,643 1,741 1,733 | | | | | | 210 | 7 | 141 | 61 | 3 | | 61 |
| 1,469 1,491 1,516 1,531 1,598 1,643 1,741 1,733 | 0 8.3% | 138 | 177 | 206 | 377 | | | | | | 4 | |
| 1,491 1,516 1,531 1,598 1,643 1,741 1,733 | 1 8.3% | 143 | 184 | 214 | 390 | 218 | 7 | 146 | 63 | 3 | 4 | 63 |
| 1,516 1,531 1,598 1,643 1,741 1,733 | 2 8.4% | 147 | 188 | 219 | 400 | 223 | 7 | 150 | 65 | 3 | 4 | 65 |
| 1,531 1,598 1,643 1,741 1,733 | 3 8.4% | 149 | 191 | 222 | 405 | 227 | 7 | 152 | 66 | 3 | 4 | 66 |
| 1,598 1,643 1,741 1,733 | 4 8.5% | 152 | 194 | 226 | 412 | 230 | 8 | 155 | 67 | 3 | 5 | 67 |
| 1,643 1,741 1,733 | 5 8.5% | 153 | 196 | 228 | 416 | 233 | 8 | 156 | 67 | 3 | 5 | 67 |
| 1,741 1,733 | 6 8.6% | 160 | 205 | 238 | 435 | 243 | . 8 | 163 | 70 | 3 | 5 | 70 |
| 1,733 | 7 8.6% | 164 | 210 | 245 | 447 | 250 | 8 | 168 | 72 | 3 | 5 | 72 |
| | 8 8.7% | 174 | 223 | 259 | 474 | 265 | 9 | 178 | 77 | 3 | 5 | 77 |
| 1,710 | 9 8.7% | 173 | 222 | 258 | 471 | 263 | 9 | 177 | 76 | 3 | 5 | 76 |
| | 0 8.8% | 171 | 219 | 255 | 465 | 260 | 9 | 174 | 75 | 3 | 5 | 75 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ılley Fre | Central Vo | shman F | Projectio | ns | | | | | | | | |
| Actual | Part. | Nor. | Sac | SF Bay | North | South | Central | South | LA | Orange | San Bern | San Diego |
| Part. | Rate | CA | Area | Area | Central | Central | Coast | Coast | County | | Riverside | Imperial |
| 2,158 | 9 9.7% | 73 | 24 | 80 | 13 | 1,519 | 15 | 198 | 129 | 6 | 4 | 97 |
| 2,209 | 0 9.8% | 75 | 24 | 82 | 13 | 1,555 | 15 | 203 | 133 | 7 | 4 | 99 |
| 2,228 | 1 9.8% | 76 | 25 | 82 | 13 | 1,569 | 16 | 205 | 134 | 7 | 4 | 100 |
| 2,337 | 2 9.9% | 79 | 26 | 86 | 14 | 1,645 | 16 | 215 | 140 | 7 | 5 | 105 |
| 2,393 | 3 9.9% | 81 | 26 | 89 | 14 | 1,685 | 17 | 220 | 144 | 7 | 5 | 108 |
| 2,454 | 4 10.0% | 83 | 27 | 91 | 15 | 1,728 | 17 | 226 | 147 | 7 | 5 | 110 |
| 2,451 | 5 10.0% | 83 | 27 | 91 | 15 | 1,726 | 17 | 226 | 147 | 7 | 5 | 110 |
| | | | 28 | 93 | 15 | 1,726 | 18 | 232 | 151 | 8 | 5 | 114 |
| 2,523 | 6 10.1% | 86 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2,582 | 7 10.1% | 88 | 28 | 96 | 15 | 1,818 | 18 | 238 | 155 | 8 | 5 | 116 |
| 2,739 | 8 10.2% | 93 | 30 | 101 | 16 | 1,928 | 19 | 252 | 164 | 8 | 5 | 123 |
| 2,785 | 9 10.2% | 95 | 31 | 103 | 17 | 1,961 | 19 | 256 | 167 | 8 | 6 | 125 |
| 2,781 | 0 10.3% | 95 | 31 | 103 | 17 | 1,958 | 19 | 256 | 167 | 8 | 6 | 125 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | *************************************** | |
| | tral Coast | | | | | | | | | | | ~ 5. |
| Actual | Part. | Nor. | Sac | SF Bay | North | South | Central | | LA | Orange | San Bern | San Diego |
| | Rate | CA | Area | Area | Central | Central | Coast | Coast | County | | Riverside | Imperial |
| Part. | 9 8.7% | 63 | 37 | 145 | 6 | 39 | 64 | 94 | 27 | 2 | - | 46 |
| 523 | 0 8.8% | | 36 | 142 | 6 | 38 | 63 | 92 | 26 | 2 | - | 45 |
| 523 509 | 1 8.8% | | 37 | 146 | 6 | 39 | 65 | 95 | 27 | 2 | - | 46 |
| 523 509 527 | 2 8.9% | 69 | 41 | 161 | 7 | 43 | 71 | 104 | 30 | 2 | - | 51 |
| 523 509 | 3 8.9% | 70 | 42 | 163 | 7 | 43 | 72 | 105 | 30 | 2 | - | 51 |
| 523 509 527 | 4 9.0% | 71 | 42 | 164 | 7 | 44 | 72 | 106 | 31 | 2 | - | 52 |
| 523 509 527 577 | 5 9.0% | 72 | 42 | 166 | 7 | 44 | 73 | 107 | 31 | 2 | - | 52 |
| 523 509 527 577 585 | 3 9.0% | 72 | 43 | 168 | 7 | 45 | 74 | 109 | 31 | 2 | - | 53 |
| 523 509 527 577 585 588 596 | 6 9.1% | | 45 | | | 47 | 78 | 115 | 33 | 2 | - | 56 |
| 523 509 527 577 585 588 596 604 | 6 9.1% | | | | | | | | | | - | 59 |
| 523 509 527 577 585 588 596 604 638 | 6 9.1% 7 9.1% | | | | | | | | | | _ | 59 |
| 523 509 527 577 585 588 596 604 638 671 | 6 9.1% | 81 | | 10/ | 3 | 50 | 05 | 141 | | | | 61 |
| | | 604 638 671 | 604 72 638 77 671 80 | 604 72 43 638 77 45 | 604 72 43 168 638 77 45 177 671 80 48 186 | 604 72 43 168 7 638 77 45 177 8 671 80 48 186 8 | 604 72 43 168 7 45 638 77 45 177 8 47 671 80 48 186 8 50 | 604 72 43 168 7 45 74 638 77 45 177 8 47 78 671 80 48 186 8 50 82 | 604 72 43 168 7 45 74 109 638 77 45 177 8 47 78 115 671 80 48 186 8 50 82 121 | 604 72 43 168 7 45 74 109 31 638 77 45 177 8 47 78 115 33 671 80 48 186 8 50 82 121 35 673 81 48 187 8 50 83 121 35 | 604 72 43 168 7 45 74 109 31 2 638 77 45 177 8 47 78 115 33 2 671 80 48 186 8 50 82 121 35 2 673 81 48 187 8 50 83 121 35 2 | 604 72 43 168 7 45 74 109 31 2 - 638 77 45 177 8 47 78 115 33 2 - 671 80 48 186 8 50 82 121 35 2 - |

| | Part. | Actual | Nor. | Sac | SF Bay | North | South | Central | South | LA | Orange | San Bern | San Diego |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|------------|----------|------------|---------|----------|----------|------------|----------------|----------------|-----------|------------|
| | Rate | Part. | CA | Area | Area | Central | Central | Coast | Coast | County | O | Riverside | Imperial |
| 1999 | 6.9% | 867 | 78 | 10 | 92 | 4 | 35 | 8 | 301 | 214 | 5 | - | 121 |
| 2000 | 7.0% | 913 | 82 | 10 | 97 | 5 | 37 | 8 | 317 | 225 | 5 | - | 127 |
| 2001 | 7.1% | 973 | 88 | 11 | 103 | 5 | 39 | 9 | 337 | 240 | 6 | - | 135 |
| 2002 | 7.2% | 974 | 88 | 11 | 103 | 5 | 39 | 9 | 338 | 241 | 6 | - | 135 |
| 2003 | 7.3% | 1,037 | 93 | 11 | 110 | 5 | 41 | 9 | 360 | 256 | 6 | - | 144 |
| 2004 | 7.4% | 1,046 | 94 | 12 | 111 | 5 | 42 | 9 | 362 | 258 | 6 | - | 145 |
| 2005 | 7.5% | 1,073 | 97 | 12 | 114 | 5 | 43 | 10 | 372 | 265 | 6 | _ | 149 |
| 2006 | 7.6% | 1,113 | 100 | 12 | 118 | 6 | 45 | 10 | 386 | 275 | 7 | _ | 155 |
| 2007 | 7.7% | 1,181 | 106 | 13 | 125 | 6 | 47 | 11 | 409 | 292 | 7 | _ | 164 |
| 2008 | 7.8% | 1,296 | 117 | 14 | 137 | 6 | 52 | 12 | 449 | 320 | 8 | _ | 180 |
| 2009 | 7.9% | 1,311 | 118 | 14 | 139 | 7 | 52 | 12 | 455 | 324 | 8 | _ | 182 |
| 2010 | 8.0% | 1,298 | 117 | 14 | 138 | 6 | 52 | 12 | 450 | 321 | 8 | _ | 180 |
| 2010 | 0.070 | 1,200 | 117 | 14 | 150 | O . | 32 | 12 | 130 | 321 | · · | | 100 |
| Los A | ngeles C | ounty Fre | | Project | | | | | | | | | *** |
| | Part. | Actual | Nor. | Sac | SF Bay | North | South | Central | South | LA | Orange | San Bern | San Diego |
| | Rate | Part. | CA | Area | Area | Central | Central | Coast | Coast | County | 006 | Riverside | Imperial |
| 1999 | 9.9% | 7,347 | 154 | 15 | 264 | 7 | 73 | 37 | 198 | 5,158 | 926 | 59 | 456 |
| 2000 | 10.0% | 7,464 | 157 | 15 | 269 | 7 | . 75 | 37 | 202 | 5,240 | 940 | 60 | 463 |
| 2001 | 10.0% | 7,565 | 159 | 15 | 272 | 8 | 76 | 38 | 204 | 5,311 | 953 | 61 | 469 |
| 2002 | 10.1% | 7,774 | 163 | 16 | 280 | 8 | 78 | 39 | 210 | 5,457 | 979 | 62 | 482 |
| 2003 | 10.1% | 8,139 | 171 | 16 | 293 | 8 | 81 | 41 | 220 | 5,713 | 1,025 | 65 | 505 |
| 2004 | 10.2% | 8,320 | 175 | 17 | 300 | 8 | 83 | 42 | 225 | 5,840 | 1,048 | 67 | 516 |
| 2005 | 10.2% | 8,642 | 181 | 17 | 311 | 9 | 86 | 43 | 233 | 6,067 | 1,089 | 69 | 536 |
| 2006 | 10.3% | 9,094 | 191 | 18 | 327 | 9 | 91 | 45 | 246 | 6,384 | 1,146 | 73 | 564 |
| 2007 | 10.3% | 9,397 | 197 | 19 | 338 | 9 | 94 | 47 | 254 | 6,596 | 1,184 | 75 | 583 |
| 2008 | 10.4% | 10,169 | 214 | 20 | 366 | 10 | 102 | 51 | 275 | 7,139 | 1,281 | 81 | 630 |
| 2009 | 10.4% | 10,328 | 217 | 21 | 372 | 10 | 103 | 52 | 279 | 7,250 | 1,301 | 83 | 640 |
| 2010 | 10.5% | 10,380 | 218 | 21 | 374 | 10 | 104 | 52 | 280 | 7,287 | 1,308 | 83 | 644 |
| Oran | ge Count | y Freshm | an Pro | jections | | | | | | | # 12 minutes | | |
| | Part. | Actual | Nor. | Sac | SF Bay | North | South | Central | South | LA | Orange | San Bern | San Diego |
| | Rate | Part. | CA | Area | Area | Central | Central | Coast | Coast | County | | Riverside | Imperial |
| 1999 | 9.4% | 2,378 | 86 | 10 | 95 | 2 | 14 | 10 | 117 | 844 | 946 | 5 | 243 |
| 2000 | 9.5% | 2,473 | 89 | 10 | 99 | 2 | 15 | 10 | 121 | 878 | 984 | 5 | 252 |
| 2001 | 9.6% | 2,622 | 94 | 10 | 105 | 3 | 16 | 10 | 128 | 931 | 1,043 | 5 | 267 |
| 2002 | 9.7% | 2,742 | 99 | 11 | 110 | 3 | 16 | 11 | 134 | 974 | 1,092 | 5 | 280 |
| 2003 | 9.8% | 2,826 | 102 | 11 | 113 | 3 | 17 | 11 | 138 | 1,003 | 1,125 | 6 | 288 |
| 2004 | 9.9% | 2,866 | 103 | 11 | 115 | 3 | 17 | 11 | 140 | 1,017 | 1,141 | 6 | 292 |
| 2005 | 10.0% | 2,977 | 107 | 12 | 119 | 3 | 18 | 12 | 146 | 1,057 | 1,185 | 6 | 304 |
| 2006 | 10.1% | 3,159 | 114 | 13 | 126 | 3 | 19 | 13 | 155 | 1,122 | 1,257 | 6 | 322 |
| | 10.2% | 3,306 | 119 | 13 | 132 | 3 | 20 | 13 | 162 | 1,174 | 1,316 | 7 | 337 |
| 2007 | / U | 2,500 | | | | _ | | | | | | | |
| 2007 2008 | | 3,593 | 129 | 14 | 144 | 4 | 22 | 14 | 176 | 1.276 | 1.430 | 7 | 366 |
| 200720082009 | 10.3% 10.4% | 3,593 3,686 | 129 133 | 14 15 | 144 147 | 4 | 22 22 | 14 15 | 176 181 | 1,276 1,308 | 1,430 1,467 | 7 7 | 366 376 |

APPENDIX E (Continued)

| San E | Bernadino | o/Riversid | le Fresh | ıman Pr | ojections | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Part. | Actual | Nor. | Sac | SF Bay | North | South | Central | South | LA | Orange | San Bern | San Diego |
| | Rate | Part. | CA | Area | Area | Central | Central | Coast | Coast | County | | Riverside | Imperial |
| 1999 | 7.7% | 2,539 | 63 | 15 | 58 | 10 | 28 | 15 | 94 | 741 | 389 | 866 | 259 |
| 2000 | 7.8% | 2,638 | 66 | 16 | 61 | 11 | 29 | 16 | 98 | 770 | 404 | 900 | 269 |
| 2001 | 7.8% | 2,772 | 69 | 17 | 64 | 11 | 30 | 17 | 103 | 809 | 424 | 945 | 283 |
| 2002 | 7.9% | 2,809 | 70 | 17 | 65 | 11 | 31 | 17 | 104 | 820 | 430 | 958 | 286 |
| 2003 | 7.9% | 2,982 | 75 | 18 | 69 | 12 | 33 | 18 | 110 | 871 | 456 | 1,017 | 304 |
| 2004 | 8.0% | 3,069 | 77 | 18 | 71 | 12 | 34 | 18 | 114 | 896 | 470 | 1,046 | 313 |
| 2005 | 8.0% | 3,182 | 80 | 19 | 73 | 13 | 35 | 19 | 118 | 929 | 487 | 1,085 | 325 |
| 2006 | 8.1% | 3,393 | 85 | 20 | 78 | 14 | 37 | 20 | 126 | 991 | 519 | 1,157 | 346 |
| 2007 | 8.1% | 3,509 | 88 | 21 | 81 | 14 | 39 | 21 | 130 | 1,025 | 537 | 1,196 | 358 |
| 2008 | 8.2% | 3,748 | 94 | 22 | 86 | 15 | 41 | 22 | 139 | 1,095 | 573 | 1,278 | 382 |
| 2009 | 8.2% | 3,724 | 93 | 22 | 86 | 15 | 41 | 22 | 138 | 1,087 | 570 | 1,270 | 380 |
| 2010 | 8.3% | 3,745 | 94 | 22 | 86 | 15 | 41 | 22 | 139 | 1,093 | 573 | 1,277 | 382 |
| | 191 | | | | | | | | | | | , | |
| Can I | ~ 4 | | - | | - | | | | | | | | |
| Sun 1 |)iego/Im _l | perial Fre | eshman | Projecti | | | | | | | | | |
| Sun 1 | <i>Diego/Im_I</i> Part. | <i>perial Fre</i> Actual | Nor. | <i>Projecti</i> Sac | SF Bay | North | South | Central | South | LA | Orange | San Bern | San Diego |
| Sun 1 | Part. Rate | Actual Part. | Nor. CA | Sac Area | SF Bay Area | Central | Central | Coast | Coast | County | | Riverside | Imperial |
| 1999 | Part. Rate | Actual Part. 2,701 | Nor. CA 116 | Sac Area | SF Bay Area 140 | Central 3 | Central 16 | Coast 14 | Coast 181 | County 284 | 30 | Riverside 19 | Imperial 1,882 |
| | Part. Rate 10.4% 10.5% | Actual Part. 2,701 2,822 | Nor. CA 116 121 | Sac Area 16 17 | SF Bay Area 140 147 | Central 3 3 | Central 16 17 | Coast 14 14 | 181 189 | 284 296 | 30 31 | Riverside 19 20 | 1,882 1,967 |
| 1999 | Part. Rate 10.4% 10.5% 10.6% | Actual Part. 2,701 2,822 2,877 | Nor. CA 116 121 124 | Sac Area 16 17 17 | SF Bay Area 140 147 150 | 3 3 3 3 | 16 17 17 | Coast 14 14 14 | Coast 181 | 284 296 302 | 30 31 32 | 19 20 20 | 1,882 1,967 2,005 |
| 1999 2000 | Part. Rate 10.4% 10.5% 10.6% 10.7% | Actual Part. 2,701 2,822 | Nor. CA 116 121 124 126 | Sac Area 16 17 17 18 | SF Bay Area 140 147 150 153 | 3 3 3 3 3 | 16 17 17 18 | 14 14 14 14 15 | 181 189 193 197 | 284 296 302 309 | 30 31 32 32 | Riverside | Imperial 1,882 1,967 2,005 2,050 |
| 1999 2000 2001 | Part. Rate 10.4% 10.5% 10.6% | Actual Part. 2,701 2,822 2,877 | Nor. CA 116 121 124 | Sac Area 16 17 17 18 18 | SF Bay Area 140 147 150 153 157 | 3 3 3 3 | Central 16 17 17 18 18 | 14 14 14 15 15 | 181 189 193 197 202 | 284 296 302 309 317 | 30 31 32 32 33 | Riverside | Imperial 1,882 1,967 2,005 2,050 2,106 |
| 1999 2000 2001 2002 | Part. Rate 10.4% 10.5% 10.6% 10.7% | Actual Part. 2,701 2,822 2,877 2,941 | Nor. CA 116 121 124 126 | Sac Area 16 17 17 18 | SF Bay Area 140 147 150 153 | 3 3 3 3 3 | 16 17 17 18 | Coast 14 14 14 15 15 | 181 189 193 197 | 284 296 302 309 317 323 | 30 31 32 32 33 34 | Riverside 19 20 20 21 21 21 21 | Imperial 1,882 1,967 2,005 2,050 2,106 2,146 |
| 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 | Part. Rate 10.4% 10.5% 10.6% 10.7% 10.8% | Actual Part. 2,701 2,822 2,877 2,941 3,021 | Nor. CA 116 121 124 126 130 | Sac Area 16 17 17 18 18 | SF Bay Area 140 147 150 153 157 | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | Central 16 17 17 18 18 | 14 14 14 15 15 | 181 189 193 197 202 | 284 296 302 309 317 | 30 31 32 32 33 34 35 | Riverside 19 20 20 21 21 21 22 22 | 1,882 1,967 2,005 2,050 2,106 2,146 2,204 |
| 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 | Part. Rate 10.4% 10.5% 10.6% 10.7% 10.8% 10.9% | Actual Part. 2,701 2,822 2,877 2,941 3,021 3,079 | Nor. CA 116 121 124 126 130 132 | Sac Area 16 17 17 18 18 | SF Bay Area 140 147 150 153 157 160 | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | Central 16 17 17 18 18 18 | Coast 14 14 14 15 15 | 181 189 193 197 202 206 | 284 296 302 309 317 323 | 30 31 32 32 33 34 | Riverside 19 20 20 21 21 21 21 | Imperial 1,882 1,967 2,005 2,050 2,106 2,146 2,204 2,319 |
| 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 | Part. Rate 10.4% 10.5% 10.6% 10.7% 10.8% 10.9% 11.0% | Actual Part. 2,701 2,822 2,877 2,941 3,021 3,079 3,162 | Nor. CA 116 121 124 126 130 132 136 | Sac Area 16 17 17 18 18 18 | SF Bay Area 140 147 150 153 157 160 164 | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | Central 16 17 17 18 18 18 19 | Coast 14 14 14 15 15 16 | 181 189 193 197 202 206 212 | 284 296 302 309 317 323 332 | 30 31 32 32 33 34 35 | Riverside 19 20 20 21 21 21 22 22 | 1,882 1,967 2,005 2,050 2,106 2,146 2,204 |
| 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 | Part. Rate 10.4% 10.5% 10.6% 10.7% 10.8% 10.9% 11.0% 11.1% | Actual Part. 2,701 2,822 2,877 2,941 3,021 3,079 3,162 3,326 | Nor. CA 116 121 124 126 130 132 136 143 | Sac Area 16 17 17 18 18 18 19 20 | SF Bay Area 140 147 150 153 157 160 164 173 | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | Central 16 17 17 18 18 18 19 20 | 14 14 15 15 15 17 | 181 189 193 197 202 206 212 223 | 284 296 302 309 317 323 332 349 | 30 31 32 32 33 34 35 37 | Riverside 19 20 20 21 21 21 22 22 22 23 | Imperial 1,882 1,967 2,005 2,050 2,106 2,146 2,204 2,319 |
| 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 | Part. Rate 10.4% 10.5% 10.6% 10.7% 10.8% 10.9% 11.0% 11.1% | Actual Part. 2,701 2,822 2,877 2,941 3,021 3,079 3,162 3,326 3,463 | Nor. CA 116 121 124 126 130 132 136 143 149 | Sac Area 16 17 17 18 18 18 19 20 21 | SF Bay Area 140 147 150 153 157 160 164 173 180 | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | Central 16 17 17 18 18 18 19 20 21 | 14 14 14 15 15 17 17 | 181 189 193 197 202 206 212 223 232 | 284 296 302 309 317 323 332 349 364 | 30 31 32 32 33 34 35 37 38 | Riverside 19 20 20 21 21 21 22 22 22 23 24 | 1,882 1,967 2,005 2,050 2,106 2,146 2,204 2,319 2,414 2,555 2,539 |
| 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 | Part. Rate 10.4% 10.5% 10.6% 10.7% 10.8% 10.9% 11.0% 11.1% 11.2% 11.3% 11.4% | Actual Part. 2,701 2,822 2,877 2,941 3,021 3,079 3,162 3,326 3,463 3,666 | Nor. CA 116 121 124 126 130 132 136 143 149 158 | Sac Area 16 17 17 18 18 19 20 21 22 | SF Bay Area 140 147 150 153 157 160 164 173 180 191 | 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 | Central 16 17 17 18 18 18 19 20 21 22 | Coast 14 14 14 15 15 17 17 18 | 181 189 193 197 202 206 212 223 232 246 | 284 296 302 309 317 323 332 349 364 385 | 30 31 32 32 33 34 35 37 38 40 | Riverside 19 20 20 21 21 22 22 22 23 24 26 | Imperial 1,882 1,967 2,005 2,050 2,106 2,146 2,204 2,319 2,414 2,555 |

Appendix F Community College Transfers to the CSU for Regions with 200,000 or more Students

| Community College Enrollment Size of Region | Community College Enrollments | Transfe | r Rates for F | Primary Age | -Groups |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|----------|
| 200,000 or More Students | | Overall Mean | 20 to 24 | 25 to 29 | 30 to 49 |
| LA County Region | | ** | | | |
| 1993 | 311,210 | 2.0% | 3.7% | 2.6% | 1.3% |
| 1996 | 315,475 | 2.3% | 4.4% | 3.4% | 1.6% |
| 1999 | 357,159 | 1.8% | 3.6% | 2.9% | 1.4% |
| SF Bay Area Region | | | | | |
| 1993 | 316,653 | 2.3% | 5.8% | 2.8% | 1.2% |
| 1996 | 321,175 | 2.3% | 6.1% | 3.1% | 1.2% |
| 1999 | 342,512 | 1.9% | 5.5% | 2.7% | 0.9% |

Note: Each tenth (0.1) of a percentage point improvement in the mean transfer rate would represent an annual average of 393 additional transfers over the projection period.

Community College Transfers to the CSU for Regions with 100,000 to 199,000 Students

| Community College Enrollment Size of Region | Community College Enrollments | Transfe | r Rates for I | Primary Age | -Groups |
|------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|----------|
| 100,000 to 199,000 Students | | Overall Mean | <u>20 to 24</u> | 25 to 29 | 30 to 49 |
| Orange County Region | | | | | |
| 1993 | 179,758 | 1.7% | 4.0% | 2.1% | 1.0% |
| 1996 | 185,043 | 1.9% | 4.7% | 2.9% | 0.9% |
| 1999 | 174,939 | 1.7% | 4.7% | 3.2% | 1.1% |
| San Diego/Imperial | | | | | |
| 1993 | 150,523 | 1.8% | 4.2% | 2.2% | |
| 1996 | 155,842 | 2.0% | 4.6% | 2.8% | 1.2% |
| 1999 | 165,857 | 1.6% | 3.7% | 2.5% | 1.0% |
| San Bernardino/Riverside | | | | | |
| 1993 | 89,052 | 1.7% | 3.7% | 1.9% | 1.2% |
| 1996 | 86,680 | 1.9% | 3.8% | 2.7% | 1.3% |
| 1999 | 100,193 | 1.7% | 3.8% | 2.4% | 1.1% |

Note: Each tenth (0.1) of a percentage point improvement in the mean transfer rate would represent an annual average of 172 additional transfers over the projection period.

Appendix F (continued) Community College Transfers to the CSU for Regions with 55,00 to 99,000 Students

| Community College Enrollment Size of Region | Community College Enrollments | Transfe | r Rates for I | Primary Age | -Groups |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|----------|
| 55,000 to 99,000 | | Overall Mean | 20 to 24 | 25 to 29 | 30 to 49 |
| Sacramento Area | | | * | | |
| 1993 | 68,508 | 2.9% | 6.3% | 3.5% | 1.5% |
| 1996 | 71,871 | 2.9% | 6.7% | 3.6% | 1.6% |
| 1999 | 85,685 | 2.4% | 6.2% | 3.6% | 1.3% |
| South Coast | , | | | | |
| 1993 | 71,611 | 2.2% | 6.1% | 2.7% | 0.8% |
| 1996 | 74,179 | 2.4% | 6.6% | 3.0% | 1.1% |
| 1999 | 80,211 | 2.2% | 6.4% | 2.9% | 0.9% |
| Southern Central Valley | | | | į kara | |
| 1993 | 58,241 | 3.1% | 7.1% | 3.1% | 2.1% |
| 1996 | 58,931 | 3.6% | 8.1% | 4.5% | 2.5% |
| 1999 | 72,538 | 2.7% | 6.4% | 4.0% | 1.5% |

Note: Each tenth (0.1) of a percentage point improvement in the mean transfer rate would represent an annual average of 92 additional transfers over the projection period.

Community College Transfers to the CSU for Regions with less than 55,000 Students

| Community College Enrollment Size of Region | | Community College Enrollments | Transfe | r Rates for I | Primary Age | e-Groups |
|------------------------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|----------|
| | ı | | Overall | | | |
| Less Than 55,000 Students | | | <u>Mean</u> | 20 to 24 | 25 to 29 | 30 to 49 |
| Northern California | | | | | | : |
| 7 | 993 | 47,898 | 2.3% | 6.0% | 2.6% | 1.3% |
| 19 | 996 | 50,863 | 2.6% | 7.2% | 3.8% | 1.6% |
| 19 | 999 | 52,558 | 2.5% | 6.8% | 4.0% | 1.5% |
| Northern Central Valley | | | | | | |
| 19 | 993 | 45,700 | 2.6% | 6.7% | 2.6% | 1.4% |
| 19 | 996 | 47,502 | 3.0% | 7.9% | 3.4% | 1.6% |
| 19 | 999 | 51,137 | 2.6% | 7.2% | 3.4% | 1.3% |
| Central Coast | | | * ** | | | |
| 19 | 993 | 27,642 | 2.4% | 6.3% | 2.8% | 1.2% |
| 19 | 996 | 31,392 | | 6.1% | 3.1% | 0.8% |
| 19 | 999 | 37,349 | 1.6% | 4.9% | 2.3% | 0.9% |
| Note: Each tenth (0.1) of a per | | age point improveme | nt in the med | • | | • |
| represent an annual ave | erag | e of 63 additional tra | nsfers over ti | he projection | period. | |

Appendix G Projections of California Public High School Graduates by Region 1998-99 to 2009-2010

| South Const County Orange Rive 134 22,243 6,014 12,571 74,213 25,296 3 134 22,243 6,014 12,571 74,213 25,296 3 779 22,659 5,820 13,042 75,017 26,034 3 286 22,736 5,985 13,705 75,654 27,311 3 286 22,736 6,524 13,529 77,349 28,273 3 746 24,170 6,575 14,209 80,581 28,348 3 746 24,170 6,572 14,129 81,968 28,948 3 740 24,67 6,572 14,129 84,730 29,772 3 708 24,512 6,622 14,308 84,730 29,772 3 704 25,565 7,012 15,338 91,229 32,409 4 746 27,304 7,317 16,609 99,304 | • | | | | gion of Pu 1998 | High 2010 | | | | | | į |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|----------|-------|-----|-------------------------|--------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------------------------|
| 22,243 6,014 12,571 74,213 25,296 3. 22,659 5,820 13,042 75,017 26,034 3. 22,736 5,985 13,705 75,654 27,311 3. 23,729 6,524 13,529 77,349 28,273 3. 24,170 6,575 14,209 80,581 28,948 3. 24,667 6,572 14,129 81,968 28,948 3. 24,667 6,572 14,129 84,730 29,772 3. 25,102 6,674 14,639 88,721 31,281 4 25,102 6,674 14,639 88,721 31,281 4 26,981 7,317 16,600 99,304 35,440 4 27,304 7,317 16,600 99,304 35,440 4 27,135 7,445 16,231 99,328 36,199 4 27,135 7,445 16,231 99,328 36,199 4 4,892 1,431 3,660 25,115 10,903 10,903 | Northern Sac SF Bay Total CA Area Area | SF Ar | iF Ba | | North S Central V. C | | | | umty | | _ | San Diego/ Imperial |
| 22,659 5,820 13,042 75,017 26,034 3. 22,736 5,985 13,705 75,654 27,311 3. 23,729 6,524 13,529 77,349 28,273 3. 24,170 6,575 14,209 80,581 28,832 3. 24,667 6,572 14,129 81,968 28,948 3. 24,512 6,622 14,308 84,730 29,772 3 25,102 6,674 14,639 88,721 31,281 4 25,565 7,012 15,338 91,229 32,409 4 26,981 7,329 16,613 98,251 34,884 4 27,304 7,317 16,600 99,304 35,440 4 27,135 7,445 16,231 99,328 36,199 4 22.0% 23.8% 29.1% 33.8% 43.1% 4,892 1,431 3,660 25,115 10,903 1 | 296,576 11,933 17,222 52,003 | | 52, | | 16,134 | 22,243 | 6,014 | 12,571 | 74,213 | 25,296 | 32,978 | 25,969 |
| 22,736 5,985 13,705 75,654 27,311 3 23,729 6,524 13,529 77,349 28,273 3 24,170 6,575 14,209 80,581 28,948 3 24,667 6,572 14,129 81,968 28,948 3 24,667 6,572 14,129 81,968 28,948 3 24,512 6,622 14,308 84,730 29,772 3 25,102 6,674 14,639 88,721 31,281 4 25,565 7,012 15,338 91,229 32,409 4 26,981 7,317 16,600 99,304 35,440 4 27,304 7,317 16,600 99,304 35,440 4 27,135 7,445 16,231 99,328 36,199 4 27,135 7,445 16,231 99,328 43,1% 4,892 1,431 3,660 25,115 10,903 1 | 303,409 12,243 17,765 53,133 | | 53, | 133 | 16,779 | 22,659 | 5,820 | 13,042 | 75,017 | 26,034 | 34,043 | 26,874 |
| 23,729 6,524 13,529 77,349 28,273 3 24,170 6,575 14,209 80,581 28,832 3 24,667 6,572 14,129 81,968 28,948 3 24,512 6,622 14,308 84,730 29,772 3 25,102 6,674 14,639 88,721 31,281 4 25,565 7,012 15,338 91,229 32,409 4 26,981 7,329 16,613 98,251 34,884 4 27,304 7,317 16,600 99,304 35,440 4 27,135 7,445 16,231 99,328 36,199 4 22.0% 23.8% 29.1% 33.8% 43.1% 4,892 1,431 3,660 25,115 10,903 1 | 310,038 12,553 18,120 54,018 | | 54,0 | 18 | 17,286 | 22,736 | 5,985 | 13,705 | 75,654 | 27,311 | 35,533 | 27,137 |
| 24,170 6,575 14,209 80,581 28,832 3 24,667 6,572 14,129 81,968 28,948 3 24,512 6,622 14,308 84,730 29,772 3 25,102 6,674 14,639 88,721 31,281 4 25,565 7,012 15,338 91,229 32,409 4 26,981 7,329 16,613 98,251 34,884 4 27,304 7,317 16,600 99,304 35,440 4 27,135 7,445 16,231 99,328 36,199 4 5 22.0% 23.8% 29.1% 33.8% 43.1% 6 22.0% 23.8% 29.1% 33.8% 10,903 1 | 316,201 12,641 18,434 54,865 | | 54,8 | 9 | 17,593 | 23,729 | 6,524 | 13,529 | 77,349 | 28,273 | 35,779 | 27,485 |
| 24,667 6,572 14,129 81,968 28,948 33 24,512 6,622 14,308 84,730 29,772 33 25,102 6,674 14,639 88,721 31,281 4 25,565 7,012 15,338 91,229 32,409 4 26,981 7,329 16,613 98,251 34,884 4 27,304 7,317 16,600 99,304 35,440 4 27,135 7,445 16,231 99,328 36,199 4 5 22.0% 23.8% 29.1% 33.8% 43.1% 4,892 1,431 3,660 25,115 10,903 1 | 325,758 12,723 19,202 55,991 | | 55,9 | 91 | 17,746 | 24,170 | 6,575 | 14,209 | 80,581 | 28,832 | 37,753 | 27,976 |
| 24,512 6,622 14,308 84,730 29,772 3 25,102 6,674 14,639 88,721 31,281 4 25,565 7,012 15,338 91,229 32,409 4 26,981 7,329 16,613 98,251 34,884 4 27,304 7,317 16,600 99,304 35,440 4 27,135 7,445 16,231 99,328 36,199 4 5 22.0% 23.8% 29.1% 33.8% 43.1% 4,892 1,431 3,660 25,115 10,903 1 | 329,192 12,392 19,403 56,328 | | 56,3 | 28 | 17,940 | 24,667 | 6,572 | 14,129 | 81,968 | 28,948 | 38,600 | 28,245 |
| 25,102 6,674 14,639 88,721 31,281 4 25,565 7,012 15,338 91,229 32,409 4 26,981 7,329 16,613 98,251 34,884 4 27,304 7,317 16,600 99,304 35,440 4 27,135 7,445 16,231 99,328 36,199 4 5 22.0% 23.8% 29.1% 33.8% 43.1% 4,892 1,431 3,660 25,115 10,903 1 | 335,134 12,087 19,767 56,805 | | 8,95 | 05 | 18,008 | 24,512 | 6,622 | 14,308 | 84,730 | 29,772 | 39,780 | 28,743 |
| 25,565 7,012 15,338 91,229 32,409 4 26,981 7,329 16,613 98,251 34,884 4 27,304 7,317 16,600 99,304 35,440 4 27,135 7,445 16,231 99,328 36,199 4 5 22.0% 23.8% 29.1% 33.8% 43.1% 4,892 1,431 3,660 25,115 10,903 1 | 349,173 12,145 20,523 59,279 | | 59,2 | 6/ | 18,689 | 25,102 | 6,674 | 14,639 | 88,721 | 31,281 | 42,152 | 29,968 |
| 26,981 7,329 16,613 98,251 34,884 4 27,304 7,317 16,600 99,304 35,440 4 27,135 7,445 16,231 99,328 36,199 4 5 22.0% 23.8% 29.1% 33.8% 43.1% 4,892 1,431 3,660 25,115 10,903 1 | 358,628 12,237 21,301 60,198 | | 60,1 | 86 | 19,104 | 25,565 | 7,012 | 15,338 | 91,229 | 32,409 | 43,318 | 30,917 |
| 27,304 7,317 16,600 99,304 35,440 4 27,135 7,445 16,231 99,328 36,199 4 6 22.0% 23.8% 29.1% 33.8% 43.1% 4,892 1,431 3,660 25,115 10,903 1 | 379,962 12,433 21,906 63,002 | | 63,0 | 02 | 20,126 | 26,981 | 7,329 | 16,613 | 98,251 | 34,884 | 45,992 | 32,445 |
| 27,135 7,445 16,231 99,328 36,199 4 6 22.0% 23.8% 29.1% 33.8% 43.1% 4,892 1,431 3,660 25,115 10,903 1 | 379,484 11,803 22,231 62,195 | | 62,1 | 95 | 19,921 | 27,304 | 7,317 | 16,600 | 99,304 | 35,440 | 45,416 | 31,953 |
| 22.0% 23.8% 29.1% 33.8% 43.1% 4,892 1,431 3,660 25,115 10,903 | 379,103 11,411 22,108 62,057 | | 62,0 | 57 | 19,546 | 27,135 | 7,445 | 16,231 | 99,328 | 36,199 | 45,389 | 32,253 |
| 22.0% 23.8% 29.1% 33.8% 43.1% 4,892 1,431 3,660 25,115 10,903 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4,892 1,431 3,660 25,115 10,903 | 27.8% -4.4% 28.4% 19.3% | 28.4% | 19.3 | % | 21.1% | 22.0% | 23.8% | 29.1% | 33.8% | 43.1% | 37.6% | 24.2% |
| 4,892 1,431 3,660 25,115 10,903 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 82,527 (522) 4,886 10,054 | 4,886 | 10,0 | 42 | 3,412 | 4,892 | 1,431 | 3,660 | 25,115 | 10,903 | 12,411 | 6,284 |

Source: Adapted from California Public High School Graduates 1999 Projection Series, Demographic Research Unit, Department of Finance